

MARYLANDER AND HERALD

DEVOTED TO THE INTERESTS OF PRINCESS ANNE AND SOMERSET COUNTY

PRINCESS ANNE, MARYLAND, JANUARY 4, 1921

Vol. XXIII No. 2

SEVERAL PROPERTY TRANSFERS

Recorded in the Office of the Circuit Court for Somerset County

Charles S. Powell et al. from Clarence A. Powell and wife, land in Brinkley's district, consideration \$100.00 and other considerations.

Alonso E. Tull from Aden Davis and others, land in Brinkley's district, consideration \$5.00 and other considerations. Walter R. Ross from Charles H. Speights and wife, 135 acres in West-over district, consideration \$25,000.

Robert T. Beauchamp from Charles H. Speights and wife, 15 acres in West-over district, consideration \$5.00 and other considerations.

Nannie F. Kallmeyer from James E. Moore and wife, land in West Princess Anne district, consideration \$6,000.

Anna Mitchell from Thomas H. Long and wife, 14 acres in Lawson's district, consideration \$10.00 and other valuable considerations.

Guy I. Lewers from Peter Fairbairn and wife, 204 931-00 acres in West Princess Anne district, consideration \$25,000.

William H. Adams from Robert Soil, land in Fairmount district, consideration \$350.00.

Russell T. Smith from Gordon H. Barnes, 53 acres in Westover district, consideration \$3,000.

Charles W. Richards and wife from Peoples Bank of Somerset County, 4 acres in Fairmount district, consideration \$70.00.

Pearce G. Landing and wife from Edna M. Strickland, 33 40-100 acres in West Princess Anne district, consideration \$10.00 and other valuable considerations.

Thomas A. Mason and wife from George H. Johnson and wife, 84 acres in Dublin district, consideration \$17,605.

John Roberts from Ernest P. Handy and wife, land in Brinkley's district, consideration \$2,500 and other considerations.

Lucy B. Webster from Fletcher O. Webster and others, land in Deal's Island district, consideration \$5 and other considerations.

Abelardo R. Crockett from E. Samuel Gunby and others, land in Crisfield, consideration \$100 and other considerations.

John A. Powell from John B. Nelson, trustee, land in Lawson's district, consideration \$2,000.

Charles P. Venable from Gordon T. Butler and wife, 29 11-16 acres in Fairmount district, consideration \$1,000 and other valuable considerations.

State Colored Teachers Meet

The annual meeting of the Maryland State Colored Teachers' Association was held in the Metropolitan M. E. Church and the Princess Anne Academy Monday and Tuesday of last week.

On the Sunday evening previous an interesting program was rendered in the Metropolitan Church. The educational sermon was delivered by the Rev. W. R. A. Palmer, D. D., and an address was given by Prof. J. Walter Haffington.

On Monday the exercises were held in the Princess Anne Academy in the morning and in the church in the afternoon. Prof. Herbert S. Wilson, supervisor of schools of Somerset county, was master of ceremonies. An address was delivered by Major Allen Washington, of the Hampton (Va.) Institute. Supervisors of schools from Howard, Cecil, Kent, Charles and Prince George's counties were also present and took part in the exercises. Monday evening Dr. J. C. Muegan, of the Department of Education, Washington, D. C., made a very interesting address. On Tuesday a teachers' concert was given from 10 a. m. to 12.30 p. m. After which the meeting adjourned.

Mr. Cantwell Held Up And Robbed

Mr. Milton Cantwell, who resides near Princess Anne, while cutting timber on the Rhode farm last Wednesday morning, was held up and robbed by two masked men. The two men approached him from the rear with the command, "throw up your hands." When he turned around one of the men had a large pistol leveled at his head. They did not utter another word, but took from him \$22 in cash, his watch and ring. The men then ran through the woods to the main county road, about 75 yards, and disappeared. The faces of the men were masked and both wore caps. Neither of the men were recognized by Mr. Cantwell.

December Weather

The following is a summary of the weather during the month of December as compiled by Mr. James R. Stewart, co-operative observer, of Princess Anne: Minimum temperature, 19 degrees on the 26th; maximum temperature, 68 degrees on the 14th; clear days, 9; cloudy days, 10; partly cloudy days, 12; total precipitation, 3.73 inches; ice on the 3rd, 12th, 15th, 18th, 19th, 20th, 21st, 24th and 25th; snow flurry, on the 17th; thunder storm, on the 5th; prevailing wind, northwest.

DEMOCRATS MAY TURN TO MILES

Leaders Would Name County Man For Senator Against France

The Baltimore American in its edition of Sunday, the 26th ulto., published the following article:

Although Senator Smith's friends are grooming him for another fight to be staged when Senator France's term expires, many influential Democrats entertain the belief that the Senator will then have permanently retired from politics and the party be looking elsewhere for a candidate. Besides, these argue, the Senator is handicapped by age and loss of prestige, and, having been out of the limelight for two years, would no longer be a factor in politics.

Governor Ritchie was regarded as the most eligible of those whose names were suggested until it was pointed out that Baltimore city already has a representative in Senator-elect Weller and hence, for political reasons, it were better to go to the counties for a candidate, the Eastern Shore being preferred.

In looking over the field the Democratic Warwicks, concluded with practical unanimity that their best bet is former Congressman and now Collector of Internal Revenue Joshua W. Miles. Though credited to the Lee following, Mr. Miles always preserved his regularity. It was he who urged the nomination of T. Alan Goldsborough for Congress in the First district, and it is conceded that he, as much as any other one man, contributed to his nomination. And Goldsborough is rated as a Smith man.

At the recent election the result in Somerset county, in which Mr. Miles is the accredited leader, evidenced his loyal support of Senator Smith. It is claimed for him that in professional and financial circles he is a leading figure. He is a former president of the State Bankers' Association and bank president and the author of the state banking law now on the statute books. There is one other element of strength that influences those back of Mr. Miles. With Senator Smith out of it, they say there would be no factional opposition on the part of the contending elements in state and city.

There is probably no family on the Eastern Shore, and certainly none in Somerset county, that can trace its ancestry back as far as the Miles'. The great-grandfather of the collector came to Somerset prior to 1686 and he, with the great-grandfather on his mother's side, a member of the Roach family, lie in the same burying ground within five miles of the home in which Collector Miles was born.

Former State Senator Louis M. Milbourne, now the chief deputy collector of internal revenue, is enthusiastic in his advocacy of Mr. Miles' nomination. He believes he is the one man who can harmonize the opposing elements in the Democratic party.

Mr. Miles, on the other hand, discourages any reference to his candidacy for the senatorship, but he will not say he would decline a nomination.

State Road "Cops" Named

F. M. Littenberger, R. W. Schnitzer and W. M. Enser have the distinction of being the first three to be appointed on the Maryland State Roads Police Force.

Col. E. Austin Baughman, automobile commissioner, last Tuesday announced their appointment. Seventeen additional men will be selected. All three appointees are former service men.

Colonel Baughman is being flooded with applications from all over the state from persons desiring to become members of this new state constabulary. The appointments meet Colonel Baughman's idea of the standard of height, as they stand 5 feet 10 1/2 inches, 5 feet 11 inches and 5 feet 10 1/2 inches, respectively. Littenberger hails from Laurel, Prince Georges county; Schnitzer from Westminster, Carroll county, and Enser from White Hall, Baltimore county.

Mrs. Smith Gives Luncheon

Mrs. T. J. Smith gave a very delightful luncheon at her home, South Main street, last Thursday afternoon in honor of her house guest Miss Jessie Wright, of Brooklyn, N. Y.

The guests were Mrs. Chas. T. Fisher, Mrs. Morris H. Adams, Mrs. L. Creston Beauchamp, Mrs. W. A. N. Bowland, Mrs. Robert F. Duer, Mrs. Hampden P. Dashiell, Mrs. Chas. C. Gelder, Mrs. Ralph P. Thompson, Mrs. Wm. H. Dashiell, Mrs. E. Herrman Cohn, Mrs. George H. Myers, Mrs. Edgar Jones and Miss Berenice Thompson.

The general store of C. Foster Matthews, at Kingston, was destroyed by fire early Monday morning of last week, together with the entire contents. The residence of Mr. Matthews near by was endangered, but was saved by a heavy rain. The loss is partly covered by insurance.

DEATH OF JUDGE HENRY LLOYD

Former Governor Died At His Home In Cambridge Thursday

Former Governor Henry Lloyd died at his home in Cambridge, Md., at 11 o'clock last Thursday morning. He had been confined to the house by illness for several weeks, and his death had been looked for several days ago, but the end came as a surprise. For a decade Judge Lloyd, as he was generally called, had been incapacitated for protracted periods by gout, and heart trouble developed. He was retired from the bench of the First circuit by the Legislature of 1908, together with Chief Judge Henry Page of Somerset, because of physical infirmity. Since then Judge Lloyd has been actively attending to business affairs until a short time ago. He was president of the Dorchester National Bank until it was absorbed by the Eastern Shore Trust Company, of which he became trust officer and gave personal supervision to his large farming interests. He had not practiced law since retiring from the bench. He is survived by his wife, formerly Miss Stapleford, and one son, Henry Lloyd, Jr., of the Cambridge bar.

Ex-Governor Lloyd was born at Cambridge, near Cambridge, on February 21, 1852. He attended the schools in Cambridge and graduated from the academy there before he was 20 and became a teacher in the academy. Later he began to read law with his uncle, Daniel M. Henry, and Charles F. Goldsborough, and was admitted to the bar in April, 1873. In 1876 he was appointed auditor of the court, and in 1882 and 1884 he was a member of the Legislature.

He was chosen President of the Senate when the youngest member of that body. When Governor Robert M. McLane retired in 1885 from the Governorship to accept the position of United States Minister to France, Governor Lloyd as President of the Senate, succeeded him, and on January 20, 1886, the Legislature elected Mr. Lloyd Governor for the remainder of Mr. McLane's term, which expired on January 11, 1888. He had qualified as Governor first on March 27, 1885. Governor Lloyd served until the advent of Elihu E. Jackson, on January 11, 1888.

During his term, as Governor he was married on October 18, 1886, to Elizabeth Stapleford, daughter of William J. Stapleford, of Dorchester county. At the age of 35 Governor Lloyd returned from Annapolis and resumed the practice of law. In 1892, on the death of Judge Charles F. Goldsborough, his uncle, Governor Frank Brown appointed Henry Lloyd to fill the vacancy in the First circuit until a judge should be elected. At the next year's election Governor Lloyd was chosen judge for the full term of 15 years. The First judicial circuit embraces the counties of Worcester, Somerset, Dorchester and Wicomico. For 32 years he was a member of the vestry of Christ's Episcopal Church. He was a Mason, a member of the Royal Arcanum and president of the board of directors of Cambridge-Maryland Hospital. He was elected president of the Dorchester National Bank on the death of Daniel M. Henry, Jr., in 1889.

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Draft Evaders' Names To Be Published

We do not know whether there are any draft evaders in Somerset county; but if there are, their names will soon be given out by the government in lists published in home town papers. At least that is the information which comes from Washington in the following dispatch:

Draft deserters whose fears have been lulled to rest by more than two years of security from prosecution are about to receive an unpleasant surprise, for the names of 173,911 of them are shortly to be published in their "home town" sections as a preliminary step to bringing them to a speedy trial.

This step is expected to aid materially in apprehending offenders as it is believed that most persons knowing the whereabouts of a draft deserter will be only too willing to volunteer the information.

The Department's announcement defines "willful draft deserters" as men who registered under the provisions of the selective service law but failed to report for military duty at the time and place specified. Under the law they are held to have been inducted into service from the data on which they were ordered to report, and since they have never been discharged, are still under military jurisdiction and liable to trial by general court-martial for desertion.

Mr. Lee Adams, of Princess Anne, and Miss Etta Fisher, of Mt. Vernon, were married at Antioch Methodist Episcopal parsonage last Thursday by the Rev. W. F. Dawson.

THE TOMATO MARKET OUTLOOK

Canners Advised To Hold Crop As Demand Is Sure To Be Larger

Mr. H. B. Messenger, of Federalburg, Md., gives the situation in the canned tomato market, from his view, in the following article:

The pack is extremely short, especially in the East, and the Eastern pack must from the nature of things supply the Eastern market, certainly until there has been a considerable advance in price.

The present price is far below the cost at which the pack was made, and as tomatoes were bought this season at unreasonably low figures, much lower than farmers will raise them next season, it will be impossible to pack them in 1921 as cheaply as it was done this season. Certainly anywhere near the present market price.

These two points in the situation are acknowledged by all, and would naturally result in the goods being sold at a profit.

Why then are they selling at 25 per cent. to 40 per cent. below cost, even 50 per cent. in some instances?

The crux of the whole situation is the financial condition of the entire packing and car load distributing end of the business.

The packers are too poor to hold the goods, the jobbers are too poor to buy them, while the banks are too poor to remedy the situation but are rather compelled to aggravate it by refusing loans and calling loans and demanding the payment of loans in full as they fall due.

The packers have been caught by the almost entire failure of the usual sources of supply of funds for making the pack. This caused the extremely small pack and the consequent loss of a part of the tomato crop.

Then, when they were done packing, they could still find no outlet for their goods, and have been able to do so since only to chain stores and a few jobbers who are either in better condition financially than their fellows, or whose supplies became entirely exhausted.

In the mean time the banks, through the force of their own necessities, or because they thought it good business, have been of very little assistance. Some banks have done all that they could and have strained their own resources, but others have perhaps not done as much as they might have done.

In a letter written in the early part of December, by one of the largest canned goods handlers of the country, the following paragraph occurs:

"We believe the banks will force the selling of goods, and it will be a long time before they will be any higher."

So, with the packers and the local banks in their territory more in universal need of money than ever before, with the jobbers as a class in a more difficult position financially than has ever been known in the history of the country, the ordinary law of supply and demand fails to apply. Buyers are taking in goods for immediate need only and the fact that so many goods are moving shows with absolute certainty that a very large proportion of distributors are entirely out of goods.

In fact, many buyers who had hoped to get past the first of the year before making purchases are now coming on the market.

Then a large proportion of the very small pack has been sold on account of the necessity of the packers.

Very few buyers have any stock but will be on the market by the first of the year or soon after.

All intend to keep in stock. There is no prejudice against canned tomatoes or the canner, and the demand is sure to be a large one, and the supply is, as is well known, to be very small.

Every packer who can keep his goods until this demand develops is a benefactor to the trade as well as to himself and to his community.

The above statement is absolutely compiled from my own personal knowledge, learned by a careful survey of the entire situation and confirmed by correspondence and personal interviews with many packers and distributors, both wholesale and retail.

Red Men Elect Officers

Last Wednesday night Ws-Wa Tribe, No. 121, Improved Order Red Men, elected the following officers for the ensuing term.

Prophet—Paul J. Briddell. Sachem—Harold Martin. Senior Sagamore—Homer Kemp. Junior Sagamore—W. R. Gibbons. Chief of Records—W. R. Pusey. Collector of Wampum—G. S. Richardson.

Keeper of Wampum—L. J. Atkinson. Trustees—Z. W. Townsend, W. R. Gibbons and W. R. Pusey.

Representatives to the Great Council—Olney Pilchard and Paul J. Briddell.

WORLD NOT YET NORMAL IN 1920

European Nations, Especially, Are Baset With Troubles During Period of Readjustment.

PRINCIPAL EVENTS REVIEWED

Failure of Senate to Ratify Peace Treaty Leaves United States Technically at War—Presidential Election Holds Interest.

By DONALD F. BIGGS.

The world throughout the year 1920 was passing through the troublesome period of readjustment and reaction that began with the close of the World war. Of all the great powers that had been involved in the conflict, the United States alone remained technically in a state of war with Germany through the failure of the senate to ratify the peace treaty. For all practical purposes, however, the United States was at peace and conditions in this country were more nearly normal than in most of the nations of Europe which had accepted the settlements agreed upon by the peace conference at Paris.

Although the great war had ended, the world was not at peace in 1920. Territorial disputes and jealousies growing out of the war resulted in a large number of minor conflicts.

The Irish problem remained unsolved and the situation in the Emerald Isle grew more serious as the year progressed. In the United States, despite minor radical activities and the uncertainties accompanying the readjustment of business and industrial conditions, there was continued prosperity and optimism.

INTERNATIONAL AFFAIRS

The World war was formally ended January 10 when Germany and fourteen of the powers allied against her in the war exchanged ratifications of the Treaty of Versailles at Paris. The United States, however, was not among the nations participating in this ceremony, as the treaty had not been ratified by the senate.

The League of Nations came into actual being at Paris January 16 when the executive council held its first meeting with representatives from Belgium, Brazil, England, Italy, France, Japan, Greece and Spain participating.

The Russian government made a step toward securing peace with its warring neighbors by concluding treaties with Ukraine and Estonia.

The Turkish peace terms were completed on March 3, and a week later the Allies decided to use force to impose the terms upon Turkey, sending troops to occupy Constantinople. The allied forces occupied the Turkish capital without opposition.

Polish troops began a spring offensive against the Russian Bolsheviks in the Baltic region on March 23. Warsaw reported heavy fighting at many points on the 400-mile front. Three days later Poland offered peace terms to Russia, providing for restoration of the kingdom of 1772, return of art and other treasures, and an indemnity for invasions since 1914. Polish troops administered a severe defeat to the Bolsheviks at Podolia April 15.

The Poles and Ukrainians negotiated a treaty on April 27, recognizing Ukrainian independence from Russia. A combined army of Poles and Ukrainians then launched an offensive against the Russian "Red" forces, capturing Kiev on May 8 and the great port of Odessa on May 11.

Bolshevik troops invaded Persia at Astara May 18, forcing the withdrawal of British troops. Bolshevik troops on the Polish front were re-enforced, and launched an attack on a ninety-mile front, seeking to open communication with East Prussia. On June 3, they succeeded in flanking and driving back General Pilsudski's Polish troops.

The supreme council continued its efforts to complete the peace settlements. The treaty with Hungary was signed June 4 at Versailles. Ambassador Wallace signing for the United States. Turkey was granted fifteen days additional time to present its views regarding the treaty with that country.

While these peace negotiations were in progress, fighting continued at many points. Over 300 Italian prisoners were killed by Albanians at Tirana on June 18 in retaliation for the assassination of Edward Paasha in Paris on June 13.

Supported by British troops and battleships at Malta and Constantinople, the Greeks began a campaign to oust the Turkish Nationalists from parts of Asia Minor.

On July 7 the Bolshevik troops captured Rovno, throwing the Poles into retreat on the entire front. Poland opened negotiations for an armistice and these continued for a week when it was reported that Russia had ac-

cepted the postponement of the negotiations and the capture of Warsaw. Bolshevik troops captured Lomza and Brest-Litovsk, and began a drive on Lemberg August 1. During the next two weeks they continued to advance and on August 17 were within twelve miles of Warsaw. The Polish capital seemed doomed, but on the 17th the Poles launched a great counter-offensive and drove the Bolsheviks back in disorder. Heartened by the crushing blow given the Russian forces, the Poles rejected the Bolshevik peace terms.

In the meantime, on August 11, the French foreign office surprised the other powers by giving recognition to General Wrangel's de facto government in South Russia.

The Turkish peace treaty was signed on August 10 by all nations concerned except Serbia and the Hedjaz. Soviet Russia continued its effort to make peace with its neighbors by signing a treaty with Latvia and agreeing to armistice terms with Finland.

On October 12 the Poles signed an armistice and preliminary peace treaty with Russia to become effective October 18.

The cessation of hostilities on the Polish fronts enabled the Bolsheviks to strengthen their other fronts. Directed by Trotsky, the war minister, the Bolsheviks launched a violent offensive on October 31 against the South Russian armies commanded by General Wrangel. They succeeded in smashing General Wrangel's forces and drove on through Crimea.

The Bolshevik forces captured Sebastopol November 14. General Wrangel and the remnants of his army were on board American, French and British warships which steamed out of the harbor as the Bolsheviks entered the city.

An agreement on the Adriatic question was reached November 10 at a conference between the Jugo-Slavs and the Italians and a treaty embodying the agreement was signed at Rapallo two days later.

The Assembly of the League of Nations opened its first session at Geneva November 15. Paul Hymans of Belgium being elected president.

On November 29 President Wilson accepted an invitation extended by the Council of the League of Nations to act as mediator between Armenia and Turkey. Two days later the Russia Bolshevik took Erivan and announced the establishment of a soviet Armenian republic. On December 3 Armenia and the Turkish Nationalists signed a treaty of peace.

Several attempts to secure action on amendments to the covenant of the League of Nations were voted down by the league assembly. Because of this action the Argentine delegates to the assembly withdrew on December 8. On December 1 Austria was admitted to the league, the first of the allies of Germany to be granted membership.

FOREIGN AFFAIRS

With continual strife, amounting virtually to civil war, in Ireland, with spasmodic revolutionary outbreaks in Germany, with counter-revolutionary movements developing at intervals in Russia, with civil war in China and with political upheavals in France, Italy, Greece and other countries, the unrest and changing conditions growing out of the World war were reflected in the disturbed internal conditions of many countries of the old world in 1920.

One of the unexpected political developments of the early days of the year was the failure of Premier Clemenceau to obtain election as president of France upon the expiration of the term of President Poincare. Paul Deschanel was elected on January 17 and the following day Clemenceau's cabinet resigned. Alexandre Millerand formed a new cabinet at the request of President Poincare.

The All-Russian government in Siberia, headed by Admiral Alexander B. Kolchak, was finally destroyed with the killing of Admiral Kolchak by Social Revolutionists at Irkutsk on February 7.

In Great Britain the government took its first definite step toward a settlement of the Irish question on February 25 by presenting to the house of commons its Irish home rule bill, providing for autonomous rule under a dual parliament, representing both the north and the south. On March 10 Ulster voted to accept the bill.

A new counter-revolution, directed by militarists, broke out in Berlin March 13. The revolutionists gained control of Berlin and Dr. Wolfgang Kapp proclaimed himself chancellor. The revolution was short-lived, however, ending in failure on the 16th when Dr. Kapp resigned.

The Irish situation continued to attract the attention of the world. On March 19 the mayor of Cork was killed by assassins. In the House of Commons the Irish Home Rule bill passed its second reading on March 31, 348 to 94. On April 4 Irish tax offices and records were burned at many points and wire communication from Belfast was cut.

(Continued on 4th page, 4th column)

IRON COULD NOT WRITE

Thomas I. of England signed his name to a grant to a charter. He granted.

In the collection of Norman charters and records in England, the property of Baroness Beaumont of Carlton Towers, York, there is strong presumptive evidence that William the Conqueror was unable to write for a grant signed by him and Matilda, the queen, bears their crosses.

This collection of Norman charters was made by the antiquary Thomas Stapleton, one of the ancestors of the barony of Beaumont, and has been preserved for centuries at Carlton Towers. Its sale is attributed to the costs of the war and the present high taxes.

The earliest grant is undated, but was made between the years 1067 and 1070. It is in Latin, on vellum, and is a grant by Waldevand (de Meulan) for the salvation of the soul of his lord, William I. king of the English, and others, to St. Stephens Church, Cass, of the Church of St. Mary. Inserted in their names are the crosses of the witnesses, William, king of the English; Matilda, the queen; John, archbishop (of Rouen); Roger Belmontensis (Beaumont); and Robert Belmontensis (Beaumont). The document is one of the most interesting autographs that is likely to come into the auction room for some time. The evidence of William the conqueror's illiteracy is not conclusive, however, as it may have been thought beneath the dignity of the king to write his name, as William Roberts suggests. King Henry I also signed one of the charters with his cross.

EAST INDIA SLOW TO CHANGE

Eight Varieties of Marriage in That Region Remain as They Were in Manu's Day.

There are eight varieties of marriage in India, all of them outlined by Manu, the great Hindu lawgiver, and it is not until one comes in contact with such examples of custom that one realizes how little the native Indian has advanced to meet modern ideas, an exchange says. The eight ways of marriage are:

Brahmya, which consists in a gift of a girl bedecked with ornaments to a learned and virtuous bridegroom who has been invited for the purpose, accompanied by proper religious ceremonies.

Daiva, or gift of a girl decked with ornaments to a priest who is at that time officiating at a sacrifice.

Adsha, or gift of a daughter in consideration of a pair of bullocks given by the bridegroom.

Parajapatiya, or gift of a daughter after the father has thus addressed the couple: "May both of you perform your duties together."

Ashura, or gifts of a girl after her relatives have given as much wealth as possible.

Bakshasha, or forcible capture of a girl after her relatives have been killed or wounded.

Gandharba, or a voluntary union between a young lady and a man.

Paisacha, or the seduction of a maiden who is asleep, intoxicated or crack-brained.

Razor Strokes to Shave.

There is a barber in London, England, with a nice taste for figuring, and he has computed the number of razor strokes that go to a clean shave. He offers to prove the general correctness of his count on any customer. "You shall keep the count yourself, sir," says he.

The first man counted 150 strokes made by the barber. "Much too low, sir," said the barber. "But knowing you were counting I couldn't help taking longer strokes. It takes more, sir, usually."

His own computation is that, on an average, it takes 200 strokes to shave a man. Now if he shaves so many persons a day, so many days a week, how many times does the barber use his razor a week?

"Hundreds of thousands, sir," says the barber. Pinned to something more exact, he claimed 288,000 for one week.

The Calm Level.

I have seen the sea lashed into fury and tossed into spray, and its grandeur moves the soul of the dullest man; but remember it is not the billows, but the calm level of the sea, from which all heights and depths are measured. When the storm has passed, and the hour of calm settles on the ocean, when the sunlight bathes its smooth surface, then the astronomer and the surveyor take the level from which to measure terrestrial heights and depths. When the emotion of the hour has subsided, we shall find that calm level of public opinion below the storm, from which the thoughts of a mighty people are to be measured, and by which their final action will be determined.—James A. Garfield.

Tests for Diamonds.

The true diamond is not cut by a file, has a specific gravity of 3.52 and a luster that shows clearly even when the stone is immersed in water. A small drop of water dropped on the face of a clean, dry diamond preserves its globular form and does not spread. When a line is drawn on a diamond with an aluminum pencil, and it is then rubbed briskly with moistened cloth, the line disappears. The commonest test is to draw the edge of the stone over glass; the diamond cuts it without much pressure, while the imitation merely scratches it.

Tooth "Born" in Sight.

Muscle is found of her infant brother and delights in tickling his lips to hear him coo, and make him smile, and one day while amusing herself this way her little brother showed a tooth that had protruded in the night. She called to her mother: "Come, see the tooth what was born in brother's mouth last night."

DON'T DESPAIR

If you are troubled with pains or aches; feel tired; have headache, indigestion, insomnia; painful passage of urine, you will find relief in

GOLD MEDAL HARLEM OIL CAPSULES

The world's standard remedy for kidney, liver, bladder and uric acid troubles and National Remedy of Holland since 1898. Three sizes, all druggists. Guaranteed. Ask for the name Gold Medal on every box and accept no imitation.

Thermometer Scales.

There are several different systems of dividing the thermometer scale. The one in common use in all English-speaking countries is the Fahrenheit. In this the boiling point is 212 degrees, and the freezing point 32 degrees above zero. In the Centigrade thermometer, the freezing point is taken as the zero, and the boiling point is reckoned at 100 degrees. It will thus be seen that the 100 degrees on the Centigrade scale and the 180 degrees (212 minus 32) on the Fahrenheit scale represent the same difference, in temperature, namely that between boiling point and freezing point.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Medicine. Hall's Catarrh Medicine has been taken by catarrh sufferers for the past thirty-five years, and has become known as the most reliable remedy for Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Medicine acts thru the blood on the mucous surfaces, expelling the poison from the blood and healing the diseased portions. After you have taken Hall's Catarrh Medicine for a short time you will see a great improvement in your general health. Start taking Hall's Catarrh Medicine at once and get rid of catarrh. Send for testimonials, free. F. J. CROWLEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio. Sold by all Druggists, etc. (Advertisement.)

PEPTO-MANGAN WILL HELP FIGHT COLDS

Make Up Your Mind To Keep Free From Colds. Get Your Blood In Good Condition

START TAKING PEPTO-MANGAN

Now Is The Time To Build Up. You Will Be Strong This Winter

Every house has a supply of fuel for winter. People know cold weather is coming. They get ready for it. How many people get their own bodies ready for winter? Most of us go around all summer in the intense heat burning up energy, working hard all day and sometimes lying awake nights sleepless in the heat.

Winter comes along. It catches many people totally unprepared physically. Few of us take stock of our health. Whether we will be well, healthy and strong, we often leave too much to chance.

But not everybody. Nowadays people are learning. They know this matter of enjoying good health is a thing they can help control. If you live right, eat right, get plenty of sleep, breathe fresh air and keep your blood in good condition, you will be all right.

It is so simple. If you feel a little off in health—perhaps worn out and pale—don't take chances. There's no need of it. Buy some Pepto-Mangan of your druggist. Begin taking it today. You can get it in liquid or tablet form. Tell your druggist which you prefer. But to be certain that you get the genuine Pepto-Mangan, ask for it by the full name—"Gude's Pepto-Mangan." Look for the name "Gude's" on the package. (Advertisement.)

The Cohn & Bock Co. PRINCESS ANNE, MARYLAND

Flour Meal FEEDS Scratch and Chick Feeds HAY! HAMPERS Shingles Lath LUMBER

The Cohn & Bock Co. PRINCESS ANNE, MARYLAND



Remember to look at the pink label on your paper and see if you owe us \$1.50

It's a cinch to figure why Camels sell!



could know why Camels unusual, so refreshing, so first, quality—second, blend of choice Turkish ornestic tobaccos which y prefer to either kind at!

id makes possible that low mildness—yet all the is there! And, Camels taste!

You'll appreciate Camels freed from any unpleasant cigarette after taste or unpleasant cigarette odor!

For your own satisfaction compare Camels puff by puff with any cigarette in the world at any price



Camels are sold everywhere in scientifically sealed package cigarettes or ten packages (100 cigarettes) in a glassine paper carton. We strongly recommend this carton for the home supply or when you travel.

R. J. REYNOLDS TOBACCO CO., Winston-Salem,

June 19—Samuel Gompers, re-elected president of the American Federation of Labor for thirty-ninth time.
July 25—United States labor board awarded six hundred millions increase in wages to all classes of railway workers, about half what was asked.
July 22—Hall unions ordered referendum vote on wage award.
July 22—Illinois coal miners on strike.
July 22—Indiana and Kansas coal miners struck.
July 23—International Harvester company announced it would pay its employees 20 per cent of its profits after 7 per cent had been paid on invested capital.
July 21—Striking miners ordered back to work.
Aug. 10—Wage increases totaling more than \$50,000,000 awarded employees of American Railway Express by United States railway labor board.
Aug. 23—New York street car men struck.
Sept. 1—Outlaw strike paralyzed the anthracite fields.
Sept. 12—Outlaw strike of railway men in Chicago district ended.
Oct. 10—Coal miners of Great Britain struck, demoralizing the nation's industries.
Nov. 1—British mine strike called off.
Dec. 13—New England cotton mills reduced wages of 100,000 workers about 22 1/2 per cent.
Dec. 15—Several big industrial concerns announced wage reductions and discontinuance or reduction of dividends.

NECROLOGY

Jan. 1—Thomas Hume, millionaire lumberman, at Muskegon, Mich.
Jan. 2—Paul Adam, French novelist.
Jan. 14—Charles E. Magoon, former American railway executive by United States railway labor board.
John P. Dodge, automobile manufacturer, of Detroit.
Jan. 15—Reginald De Koven, American composer.
Jan. 24—Rev. Cyrus Townsend Brady, author, at Yonkers, N. Y.
Feb. 2—H. J. B. Wilson, Texas cattle magnate.
Feb. 4—E. P. Ripley, chairman of Santa Fe at Santa Barbara, Cal.
O. C. Barber, founder of Diamond Match company, at Barboursville, O.
Feb. 8—Ley, James B. Buckley, editor Christian Advocate, at Morristown, N. J.
Feb. 10—C. F. Gunther, pioneer candy manufacturer of Chicago, and art connoisseur.
Feb. 12—Julius Chambers, author and explorer in New York.
Feb. 13—Brig. Gen. P. W. Davidson, U. S. A.
Feb. 23—Rear Admiral Robert E. Peary, U. S. N., discoverer of north pole.
Feb. 24—R. W. Fulman, superintendent of Washington police.
Feb. 24—Franklin Murphy, former governor of New Jersey.
Feb. 25—John C. Olmsted, famous landscape architect, at Brookline, Mass.
March 1—United States Senator John H. Bankhead, of Alabama.
March 4—George D. Smith, noted authority on rare books, in New York.
March 15—Former Senator Henry W. Blair of New Hampshire in Washington.
March 19—Albert Rouiller, artist and collector of rare prints, at Chicago.
March 22—Dr. Thomas H. Owen, director of department of archives and history of Alabama, at Montgomery, Ala.
March 23—Thomas Smedley, American artist, at New York.
March 25—Edwin Wardfield, former governor of Maryland, at Baltimore.
April 1—Dr. William Martin, medical director United States navy, retired, at San Francisco.
April 4—Bishop Mathew S. Hughes of Portland, Ore., at Cleveland.
April 6—Dr. John A. Brachear, former chancellor of University of Pittsburgh, and astronomer.
April 10—Judge Richard S. Tathill, at Chicago.
April 12—Most Rev. John Baptist Crozier, archbishop of Armagh and primate of all Ireland.
April 14—Roger C. Sullivan, Democratic leader, at Chicago.
April 16—Theodore N. Vail, chairman of American Telephone and Telegraph company, at Baltimore.
April 20—Miss Marjorie Benton Cooke, American author, at Baltimore.
May 4—R. J. Balford, publisher, at Los Angeles.
May 5—Bishop J. H. Vincent, founder of the Chautauque assembly and of the Rockefeller foundation, in Chicago.
May 11—William Dean Howells, in New York.
May 16—Levi P. Morton, former vice president.
May 17—Col. W. D. A. Mann, inventor and publisher, in Morristown, N. J.
May 18—Dr. John N. Stockwell, noted astronomer in Cleveland, O.
June 3—Rear Admiral W. Hendrickson, U. S. N.
June 9—Dr. Charles Augustus Stoddard, noted author, in New York.
June 5—Rear Admiral Winterhalter, U. S. N.
June 10—Broughton, British novelist.
June 14—Mme. Rejane, famous French actress.
June 15—George W. Perkins, financier, at Stamford, Conn.
July 4—Maj. Gen. William C. Gorgas, former surgeon general of United States army, in London.
Representative Dick I. Morgan of Eighth Ohiohouse district.
July 10—Lord John Arbuthnot Fisher, first lord of British admiralty.
July 11—Ex-Empress Eugenie, last empress of France, at Madrid, Spain.
July 12—Rear Admiral Henry Tudor Brownell Harris, U. S. N., at Southampton, England.
July 21—Arthur J. Eddy, Chicago, author, art critic and lawyer.
July 22—William K. Vanderbilt, in Paris.
July 23—W. M. Reedy, editor and publisher of the Mirror of St. Louis.
Aug. 1—J. Frank Healey, former governor of Indiana, killed in auto accident.
Marquis of Queensberry, in Johannesburg.
Aug. 2—Isaham Randolph, noted civil engineer, in Chicago.
Dr. Luis Galvin, Dominican minister to United States.
Aug. 6—Commander C. M. Howe, U. S. N. Rev. Dr. H. C. Herring, general secretary national council of Congregational churches.
Aug. 9—J. E. McCall, United States district judge for western Tennessee.
Aug. 10—James O'Neill, veteran American actor.
Rear Admiral E. H. Gheen, U. S. N. retired.
Aug. 12—Walter Winans, noted cartoonist and sportsman, in London.
Aug. 16—Sir Norman Locky, scientist, at Sidmouth, Engl.
Aug. 20—Mme. Etelka G. soprano, in Italy.
Aug. 22—Andreas Zo, lah painter.
Aug. 23—James Wills of agriculture, at Toledo, Ohio.
Sept. 17—ist, Sept. clogist, Sept. tress, Sept. ph

Nov. 9—Ludwig III, former king of Bavaria.
Maj. R. W. McClaughray, former warden of Leavenworth and Joliet penitentiaries.
Nov. 10—Henry Thode, noted German historian.
Rear Admiral T. B. Howard, U. S. N. retired.
Nov. 14—Alston Ellis, president of Ohio university.
Nov. 15—Thomas Shields Clarke, sculptor and painter, in New York.
Nov. 18—Franklin Fort, former governor of New Jersey died of cancer.
Thomas J. Coolidge, former minister to France, at Boston.
Nov. 22—George W. Brock, noted mural decorator.
Nov. 23—Commodore E. C. Benedict of New York.
Mrs. Margaret Brewster, writer, in Modesto, Cal.
Nov. 25—Jake L. Hamon, Republican national committeeman from Oklahoma.
W. A. F. Ekensson, Swedish minister to United States.
Nov. 25—James J. Reynolds, noted railway builder and engineer, in Chicago.
Nov. 25—Eugene W. Chaffin, prohibition leader, at Long Beach, Cal.
Dec. 2—Francis Lynde Stetson, eminent attorney of New York.
Dec. 10—Horace E. Dodge, automobile manufacturer, in Palm Beach.
Marquis Della Chiesa, brother of the pope.
Dec. 12—Olive Schreiner, novelist.
Dec. 14—Cyrus Edvard, chief justice of Wyoming supreme court.
Dec. 17—Lieut. Pat O'Brien, famous American war aviator, committed suicide.
Horatio W. Seymour, noted journalist, in New York.
Dec. 18—Mrs. Helen E. Starrett, noted American educator.
Dec. 20—Rt. Rev. Charles Sumner Burch, Protestant Episcopal bishop of New York.

DISASTERS

Jan. 2—Earthquake in Mexico killed many persons and did vast damage.
Feb. 5—Disastrous storm swept Atlantic coast of United States.
March 28—Nearly 20 persons killed and hundreds injured by tornado which swept Illinois, Indiana, Ohio, Michigan, Wisconsin, Alabama and Georgia. Several million dollars' property damaged.
April 11—Three hundred killed, many injured in explosion of munition dump at Rothenburg, East Prussia.
April 22—Scores killed by tornadoes in Mississippi, Alabama and Tennessee.
May 2—Fifty-nine killed by tornado in Cherokee county, Oklahoma.
Aug. 13—Great floods in Japan with heavy loss of life.
Sept. 7—Earthquake in northern Italy destroyed many towns and killed 174.
Sept. 9—More destructive earthquake shocks in Italy.
Sept. 23—Million dollar fire on Galveston water front.
Dec. 1—Disastrous earthquakes in Chile and Central America.
Dec. 16—Earthquake destroyed towns along Argentine slope of the Andes; 400 killed.

SPORTS

Jan. 18—A. Haugen of Colorado won the international ski tournament at Cery, Ill.
Jan. 20—Joe Stecher won heavyweight wrestling championship from Earl Caddock.
Feb. 4—W. E. Huey won world's amateur three-cushion championship at Chicago.
March 5—Percy Collins of Chicago won national amateur 13-2 billiard championship.
March 15—Walter Haugen of Detroit won west coast open golf championship at Bellair Heights, Fla., when he completed 72 holes in 220 strokes.
May 1—Kentucky Derby won by Paul Jones.
May 31—Chevrolet won 500-mile automobile race at Indianapolis.
July 2—William T. Hilden of Philadelphia won British lawn tennis championship in singles at Wimbledon.
July 16—Shamrock won first of America's cup races, owing to accident to Resolute.
July 17—Charles Evans, Jr., won western amateur golf championship.
July 20—Shamrock won second race for America's cup.
July 21—Resolute defeated Shamrock in third race.
July 22—Resolute won fourth race.
July 23—Mark Airie, Illinois, won Olympic trap-shooting championship.
July 27—Resolute won fifth race and the America's cup.
Aug. 3—United States won Olympic target shooting contest.
Aug. 6—Jack Hutchinson won western open golf championship.
Aug. 12—Edward Ray of England won American open golf championship.
Aug. 22—Kohlschoten of New York, entered for Finland, won Marathon at Antwerp.
Americans won the Olympic championships.
Sept. 6—Jack Dempsey knocked out Billy Mike in third round.
Sept. 11—Charles Evans, Jr., won national amateur golf championship.
Sept. 27—Brooklyn won National league pennant.
Sept. 28—Seven members of Chicago White Sox club and one former member accused of conspiracy to "throw" world series of 1919. Two confessed. Grand jury at Chicago voted indictments.
Oct. 2—Cleveland won American league pennant.
Oct. 5—Cleveland won first world series game.
Oct. 6—Brooklyn won second world series game.
Oct. 7—Brooklyn won third game.
Oct. 8—Cleveland won fourth game.
Oct. 10—Cleveland won fifth game.
Oct. 11—Cleveland won sixth game.
Oct. 12—Cleveland won seventh game and world's championship.
Carpenter of France knocked out Levisky and became light heavyweight champion of the world.
Oct. 18—Eight National league and three American league clubs voted to withdraw from the national association.
Oct. 22—Grand jury of Hal Chase, Bill Ely, the baseball player.
Oct. 30—peranto war.

PRINCESS ANNE, MD.
TUESDAY MORNING, JAN. 4, 1921

The family mustn't expect to have the privilege of riding in the hired girl's new automobile.

In view of the bandit scare all the pretty girls are receiving many offers of protection on dark nights.

Modern girls do not worry much about becoming bald if they can only grow hair enough to cover their ears.

It is claimed there hasn't been a normal amount of sunshine this fall, but anyway there's been plenty of moonshine.

The hiccough epidemic is supposed to have come from Paris but the material for some cases is supposed to have been obtained nearer home.

The fact that a man's garbage pail is full of good food values does not prove that he can or will give anything to the starving children of Europe.

Some young men who a little while ago were singing "How you gon' to keep 'em down on the farm," are now anxiously trying to borrow the railroad fare back home where they have three meals a day.

WHAT 1921 SHOULD BRING

Success and prosperity in 1921 depend upon mental attitude. When business slacks up a little some people spend a great deal of time deploring conditions and they relax on their own efforts.

Others are bright enough to see that prosperity at any time depends wholly on individual effort and they take hold and work a little harder for their own success. If that idea prevails somewhat generally 1921 will be a year of great abundance. Let the people of Princess Anne do their share anyway.

If business seems quiet to the manufacturer or wholesaler he should take particular pains to push his goods and look carefully after the essentials of good salesmanship.

If the retailer finds the public hanging back on buying he should advertise freely, describe the substantial values in his store and the special bargains which he has picked up after searching the market.

If the worker finds his shop running on part time he should use the opportunity to prepare himself for greater efficiency later on. When the season is right he can start a garden and begin raising poultry and thus cover a big item in the cost of living. Many men could improve their prospects by taking correspondence courses or learning some new trade.

If the householder finds work slack he should use the opportunity to do needed repairs about his place and increase its value.

If the farmer finds his products sell at a low price he should study out new scientific methods by which he can secure a better and more abundant product with less hired labor.

A period of quiet business can be made a time of preparation for increased production and eventually add greatly to the prosperity of the country.

COMMUNISTS EXPERIMENTS

The Plügin anniversary celebrations have recalled the fact that these pioneers tried out the idea of the communistic ownership and development of land.

Nothing in that idea, however, has made a success of it. The devoted, hard-working communists of the Plügin have failed.

After the publishers of America have paid their bills for the supplies necessary for publication of a newspaper, there isn't much left to make it worth while for any other kind of bandit to hold them up.

It seems to be agreed that if Europe pays her \$14,000,000,000 debt to this country it will do great damage to our industries, and if she doesn't pay her debt it will do great injury to our pocketbooks.

THE YEAR 1920

While 1920 was a disturbed year in business and social relations, yet some definite results have been attained during that period.

1—The scarcities of commodities which prevailed during the year 1919, and were due to the absorption of the people in the work of supporting their armies, have been relieved. This has done a great deal to check profiteering, which always develops where the supply of commodities is less than the demand.

2—The inflated price level has been broken and a start has been made toward getting commodity prices down to a more normal level.

3—Labor troubles have largely subsided. The working masses have been led to see that ample production is necessary to prosperity, and a great many employers have been led into making positive efforts for better co-operation with their help.

4—A hard fought presidential election has been held and a decided result secured. Even those who disagree with the result feel it is better for some one party to assume responsibility and secure a mandate from the people for positive action of some kind.

5—Far reaching movements have begun to shape themselves among the agricultural elements for cutting out of middlemen and better marketing of commodities, which must promote economies for all classes.

Many other social movements could be mentioned which are laying foundations for a better order and greater prosperity. In Europe many small wars have died down, labor troubles are less violent, much devastated territory has been made productive. A careful study of the ground shows it has been a year of marked advance and one whose results will be far reaching.

For A Persistent Cough

Some years ago H. P. Burbage, a student at law in Greenville, S. C., had been troubled for a long while with a persistent cough which he says, "greatly alarmed me, causing me to fear that I was in the first stage of consumption."

Having seen Chamberlain's Cough Remedy advertised he concluded to try it. "I soon felt a remarkable change and after using two bottles of the small size was permanently cured."

[Advertisement]

Treasurer's Sale

FOR

1918 TAXES

By virtue of the power and authority vested in me as County Treasurer for Somerset county by the provisions of Chapter 10 of the Acts of the General Assembly of Maryland of 1910, as amended by the Acts of 1911, I hereby give notice that on

Tuesday, Feb. 1st, 1921,

at the hour of 1:30 o'clock p. m., at the Court House door in Princess Anne, Maryland, I will sell at public auction, for cash, all the lots or parcels of land hereinafter described and mentioned and described, to pay and satisfy the state and county taxes levied against the said hereinafter described lots or parcels of land for the year 1918, & charged to and due from the several persons to whom the same are assessed, which said taxes are now due and in arrears for said year, together with the interests and costs thereon and costs of sale.

No. 1—All that lot of land in West Princess Anne District, Somerset county, Maryland, with the improvements thereon, on the west side of Backford avenue, in Princess Anne, adjoining the lands of E. F. Duer and Annie Dennis, and assessed to John Stevenson for said year.

No. 2—All that lot of land in West Princess Anne District, said county and state, with the improvements thereon, on the west side of Main street, in Princess Anne, adjoining the land of T. J. Smith, and assessed to Mrs. H. L. Bristingham for the years 1917 and 1918, and sold for taxes due for said years.

No. 3—All that lot of land in St. Peter's District, said county and state, containing 6 acres, more or less, with the improvements thereon, on the county road, adjoining the lands of G. E. Hall and others, conveyed to Augustus Muir by C. R. Dabson, and assessed to said Muir for said year.

No. 4—All that lot of land in St. Peter's District, said county and state, containing 1 acre, more or less, with the improvements thereon, situate on Peter's Creek, adjoining the land of E. Walcott, and assessed to Wm. L. Muir for the years 1918, and sold for taxes due for said years.

No. 5—All that lot of land in St. Peter's District, said county and state, containing 2 acres, more or less, with the improvements thereon, on the lands of Paul Noble, W. T. Tully, conveyed to E. Clarence Clark Bedworth for said year.

No. 6—All that lot of land in St. Peter's District, said county and state, containing 2 acres, more or less, with the improvements thereon, on the lands of Paul Noble, W. T. Tully, conveyed to E. Clarence Clark Bedworth for said year.

No. 7—All that lot of land in St. Peter's District, said county and state, containing 2 acres, more or less, with the improvements thereon, on the lands of Paul Noble, W. T. Tully, conveyed to E. Clarence Clark Bedworth for said year.

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In Mexico the presidential campaign developed a revolution which resulted eventually in the overthrow of the Carranza government. On April 10 the state of Sonora withdrew from the republic and fighting between the Sonora troops and federal forces began. By April 21 nine Mexican states had joined the secession movement. The revolutionary movement gained rapidly and on May 7 President Carranza fled from Mexico City toward the eastern coast. On May 22 Carranza, the fugitive president, was shot and killed by troops in his escort while asleep.

A cabinet crisis in Italy on June 9 resulted in the resignation of Premier Nitti and his cabinet. Signor Orlando also resigned as president of the chamber. A new cabinet was formed June 17 under former Premier Giovanni Giolitti. On June 27 Italian troops were sent to Ancona and "Red" uprisings broke out all over Italy in what appeared to be a concerted anarchist plot.

On August 13 Mayor Terence MacSwiney of Cork was arrested by British troops for sedition in holding a Sinn Féin court at the City Hall. He was convicted by a court martial on the 17th and taken to an English prison, where he immediately entered upon a hunger strike. Riots and incendiarism continued to assume more serious proportions at many points.

In the constitutional election held in Mexico September 5 General Alvaro Obregón was elected president. President Deschanel of France resigned September 21 because of ill health and on the 23rd Premier Alexandre Millerand was elected to succeed him. Georges Leygues, minister of marine under Clemenceau, became premier.

Further disturbances were reported in Italy during October. On the 18th leaders of the Socialist party and the General Confederation of Labor ordered demonstrations in every town in Italy in an effort to force the Italian government to recognize soviet Russia, and on the following day many persons were killed and wounded in the course of a two-hour strike called as a protest against the arrest of political offenders opposing the allied policy toward Russia. The government began a drive on the 17th to round up all advocates of violence in the country.

After a hunger strike of 74 days, which had drawn the attention of the world, Terence MacSwiney, lord mayor of Cork, died in Brixton prison, London, October 25. Great pressure had been brought to bear to secure Mayor MacSwiney's release, but the government stood firm in its stand against the hunger strikers.

King Alexander of Greece died on October 25 as a result of a bite by a pet monkey, and it was announced that the throne would be offered to Prince Paul, third son of former King Constantine.

Peace in China seemed to be finally assured by a proclamation issued by the government November 1, declaring that there had been a reunion of North and South China and calling for the election of a new parliament.

Fierce rioting between Unionists and Sinn Féiners broke out in North Belfast, Ireland, November 7. Serious disorders were reported also at Londonderry, where five policemen were shot and many ships burned or wrecked. The Irish home rule bill passed the house of commons on its third reading November 11. At Dublin on November 21, following the murder of 14 British officers, a force of troops raided a football game and fired upon the crowd, killing and wounding a large number of persons.

A political upheaval came in Greece with the defeat in the general election on November 14 of the party headed by Premier Venizelos. Premier Venizelos resigned on November 17 and George Rallis, former premier and leader among the followers of ex-King Constantine, formed a new cabinet.

On December 4 the Greek people, in a plebiscite voted for the return of King Constantine. On December 19 Constantine returned to Athens in triumph.

The Irish situation neared a crisis during the closing weeks of the year. Wholesale arrests were made by the British authorities during the last weeks of November, among those taken being Arthur Griffith, acting president of the "Irish republic" and many other Irish leaders. On November 28 Irish plotters set fire to several large warehouses on the Liverpool water front and killed two men. Martial law was proclaimed in south Ireland on December 10 and two days later a large part of the business district of Cork was burned in reprisal, it was claimed, for Sinn Féin raids.

DOMESTIC

The year 1920 being a presidential election year, politics held the attention of the people of the United States during the greater part of the year. Senator Warren G. Harding of Ohio was nominated for President by the republicans at Chicago June 12. The Democratic national convention at St. Louis nominated Governor M. Cox of Ohio on July 5 on a fourth ballot.

An election on November 2, the national ticket was elected by a overwhelming majority, receiving electoral votes while the Democratic ticket received 117. The republicans also won an overwhelming victory in congress.

During their long fight for the right to vote for all, the women of the country won the right to vote for all in the November election.

The United States Supreme court upheld the constitutionality of the prohibition and the enforcement act. On January 17 the prohibition, under

the eighteenth amendment to the Constitution, went into effect.

On January 10 the New York assembly, with but two dissenting voices, voted to exclude the five Socialist members of that body, pending trial on charges that the platform of their party is revolutionary.

The anti-radical campaign resulted in the indictment of 38 leaders of the Communist Labor party in Chicago on January 21.

The railroads of the country were returned to private operation on March 1, under the terms of the Cummins-Esch railroad reorganization act.

Senator Truman H. Newberry of Michigan was convicted in the federal court at Grand Rapids on March 20 on charges involving the use of excessive campaign funds. He and 16 co-defendants were given prison sentences, but remained at liberty pending an appeal to the higher courts.

The trial of the five Socialist members of the New York assembly ended with their expulsion from the legislature April 1.

Several suits had been instituted during the early months of the year attacking the validity of the eighteenth (prohibition) amendment. All these cases were taken to the United States Supreme court and on June 7 that tribunal decided that the amendment and the Volstead enforcement act were constitutional.

Big increases in rates were granted the railroads of the country by the interstate commerce commission July 31 to enable the roads to meet increased wages. Passenger rates were increased 20 per cent, with a Pullman surcharge of 50 per cent for the railroads. Freight rates were increased from 25 to 40 per cent in different sections of the country.

The trial of the Communist Labor party leaders in Chicago, in progress for several months, ended August 2 with the conviction of 20, who were given jail sentences.

The five Socialist assemblymen expelled from the New York legislature in the spring, having been re-elected, were again unseated when the legislature met in special session September 21.

Sharp drops in the prices of cotton, wheat and other farm products brought appeals for assistance from the farmers of the country during the latter part of the year. Night riders appeared in southern states in an effort to force the growers to hold their cotton for a higher price and a movement was started to secure the holding of wheat from the market.

Bad Cold And Cough Cured By Chamberlain's Cough Remedy

Several years ago C. D. Glass, Gardiner, Me., contracted a severe cold and cough. He tried various medicines but instead of getting well he kept adding to it by contracting fresh colds. Nothing he had taken for it was of any permanent benefit until a druggist advised him to try Chamberlain's Cough Remedy.

He says "I was completely cured by this remedy and have since always turned to it when I had a cold and soon find relief."

[Advertisement]

B. C. DRYDEN

AUCTIONEER

PRINCESS ANNE, MD., ROUT. 4.

When you need my services give me a call. Prices Reasonable. Somerset people know I always give satisfaction.

BANK OF SOMERSET

Princess Anne, Md., December 14th, 1920. The annual meeting of the Stockholders of The Bank of Somerset will be held at the banking house in Princess Anne, Md., on WEDNESDAY, THE 15TH DAY OF DECEMBER, at 10 o'clock a. m., for the purpose of electing Directors to manage the affairs of the bank for the ensuing year and for such other business as may come before the meeting.

WM. B. SPIVA, Cashier.

DEAL'S ISLAND BANK

Deal's Island, Md., December 14th, 1920. The annual meeting of the Stockholders of The Deal's Island Bank will be held at the banking house in Deal's Island, Md., on WEDNESDAY, THE 15TH DAY OF DECEMBER, at 10 o'clock a. m., for the purpose of electing Directors to manage the affairs of the bank for the ensuing year and for such other business as may come before the meeting.

ARTHUR ANDREWS, Cashier.

Notice of Stockholders Meeting

OF THE

Peoples Bank Of Somerset County

The annual meeting of the Stockholders of the Peoples Bank of Somerset County will be held at their banking house in the town of Princess Anne, Maryland, on Thursday, January 6th, 1921, between the hours of 2 and 3 o'clock p. m., for the purpose of electing directors to serve for the ensuing year and for the transaction of such other business as may come before the meeting.

By order of the Board of Directors.

OMAR J. CROSWELL, Cashier.

THE HARDWARE QUESTION SOLVED

Do You Need a New Cook Stove

It's a waste of time and energy to try to cook and bake with the old-fashioned cook stove—and, worse still, an actual waste of fuel. The modern kitchen stoves and ranges are marvels of efficiency, economy and convenience in comparison. They make cooking and baking easier, cheaper and more uniform.

We have them in the best makes—for small families and for large—with coal or wood grates—malleable, rust-proof and with the latest inventions and attachments.

We are always glad to show our stock and to point out the features that make ours the best.

HARDWARE THAT STANDS HARD WEAR AT PRICES THAT STAND COMPARISON

HAYMAN'S Hardware Department

Princess Anne, Maryland

FRANK BRANFORD
Contractor and Builder
PRINCESS ANNE, MARYLAND
Estimates Furnished

VULCANIZING
Work Guaranteed
Pneumatic, Firestone
Puncture-Proof, Cycle Tires and Tubes, and Cord Tires, Rebuilt Tires

PUSEY BROTHERS
Princess Anne, Maryland

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.—This is to give notice that the subscribers have obtained from the Orphans' Court for Somerset County letters of administration on the estate of

EDGERTON G. WILSON
late of Somerset county, deceased. All persons having claims against said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with vouchers therefor, to the subscribers on or before the

Seventeenth Day of May, 1921
or they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefits of said estate. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment. Given under our hands this 13th day of November, 1920.

WINNIE H. WILSON
and HARRY A. WILSON,
Administrators of Edgerton G. Wilson, dec'd.
True Copy. Test: LAFAYETTE RUARK,
Register of Wills.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.—This is to give notice that the subscriber has obtained from the Orphans' Court for Somerset County letters of administration on the estate of

JOHN H. FORD,
late of Somerset county, deceased. All persons having claims against said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with vouchers therefor, to the subscriber on or before the

Eighteenth Day of June, 1921
or they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefits of said estate. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment. Given under my hand this 30th day of November, 1920.

H. STANLEY FORD,
Administrator of John H. Ford, deceased.
True Copy. Test: LAFAYETTE RUARK,
Register of Wills.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.—This is to give notice that the subscriber has obtained from the Orphans' Court for Somerset County letters of administration on the estate of

SOLOMON BOWLAND,
late of Somerset county, deceased. All persons having claims against said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with vouchers therefor, to the subscriber on or before the

Twenty-second Day of June, 1921
or they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefits of said estate. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment. Given under my hand this 15th day of December, 1920.

SAMUEL BOWLAND,
Administrator of Solomon Bowland, dec'd.
True Copy. Test: LAFAYETTE RUARK,
Register of Wills.

Remember to look at the pink label on your paper and see if you owe us \$1.50

Ford

THE UNIVERSAL CAR

I have the authority as Authorized Dealer for Ford Motor Co. to sell their products anywhere in United States

PRICES F. O. B. PRINCESS ANNE, MD.

Touring, plain	\$495.16
Touring, starter	568.05
Runabout, plain	448.30
Runabout, starter	521.19
Chassis, plain	405.23
Chassis, starter	476.96
Coupe, starter and Dem. wheels	812.74
Sedan, starter and Dem. wheels	864.80
Truck, 32x4 1-2 pneumatic tire	594.81
Fordson Tractor	819.85

Cars, Trucks and Tractors in stock for immediate delivery. Come and see me before purchasing.

WM. P. FITZGERALD

AUTHORIZED FORD DEALER

PRINCESS ANNE MARYLAND

ANCIENT CARVING

Remains of a Carving of a Lion
Found in the British
Museum.

A remarkably beautiful specimen of ancient Egyptian carving has just been added to the British Museum through the generosity of Ernest Dixon. The story of the rediscovery of this treasure is romantic. Mr. Dixon secured it from a contractor in London, in whose yard it had been lying for some fifty years. He placed his purchase so as to form the central feature of a rock garden in Putney, but afterward struck by its unusual beauty, brought it to the notice of the British Museum authorities, who identified it as a genuine and long lost antique, says the Boston Transcript. The sculpture is a marble relief, over five feet long by nearly two feet wide. It shows three draped busts set in a deeply recessed panel. It was a monument to Lucius Ampudius Philomachus and the busts depict himself, his wife and his daughter. The relief is not a part of a sarcophagus, but is a slab built originally into the wall of a tomb. Its date is probably between B. C. 25 and A. D. 25.

The sculpture is first mentioned by Pliny in his "Natural History," who was copying Roman inscriptions between 1703 and 1713. It had been excavated probably about 1700, near the Porta Capena and was taken to the Villa Casali. Seen and noted on more than one occasion during the eighteenth century, the last copyist to mention it was George Zoega, who was established at Rome between 1784 and 1809. After this the relief became lost to the world. It was perhaps shipped home by some traveling Englishman, who placed it in his house or garden in the St. John's wood region, and thence it found its way to the contractor's yard from which it has now been rescued.

FAVORED CLASS IN RUSSIA

Only Actresses Are Permitted to
Wear Shoes.

There is only one favored class in Russia today, according to a Paris correspondent. Strangely enough, this class is composed entirely of women. They are the theatrical stars and beauties. They alone are permitted the wearing of rich garments and the possession of jewels. The Russians have always been passionate lovers of the theater, and even under the present regime they treat their stage favorites as so many reigning queens. Incidentally, the actresses are the only women in Russia today who are permitted to wear shoes during warm weather. The peasant women of Russia always went barefoot during the summer months. Hence Russians regard bare feet as the distinguishing mark of the woman of the people. Any woman who affects to wear shoes in Russia nowadays, unless she be a favorite of the footlights, is regarded as a daughter of the despised "bourgeoisie." She is considered a fair target for insult and persecution. Even the wives of Soviet dignitaries, such as Trotsky and Lenin, have been obliged to bow to popular sentiment. They may be seen any day in Moscow tripping through the streets barefoot.

The Firefly's Light.

Fame and fortune await the scientist who discovers the secret of the firefly's light. No one has been able to tell how the little insect produces the flashes of light we see twinkling about on dark nights. Careful scientific tests have proven, however, that this light is produced with about one-fourth of the part of the energy which is expended in the flame of a candle. Considering the strength or rather feebleness of the firefly's light is believed to be the most efficient form of illumination today. If this method could be understood and put to work it is calculated that the energy exerted by a boy in driving a bicycle would be sufficient to run a powerful dynamo or light miles of street lamps. The light of the firefly is practically heatless and it is believed among scientists that the future of the lighting industry of the world depends upon the discovery of heatless light.—Boys' Life.

A la Carte.

After a trip from Gary to Michigan City over the roughest road I have ever seen, I felt the need of a good dinner.

I didn't see any place to eat, and so called out to a newsboy who stood near on the curbing. "Hey, there, do you know where I can get some good food?"

"Sure," he said, "follow me."

So saying, he hopped on to his bicycle and we followed. Where? To a hot dog wagon!

Missing Revenge.

Wood—I understand some one stole your automobile?

Park—Yes, I'm right.

That's pretty low down, isn't it?

Yes, there's just one thing I wish.

What's that?

That the thief keeps it as long as I do and then go out broke.

Love or Money?

"I'm in love with the money," said the man with the diamond eyes.

"That's a pretty low down," replied the man with the diamond eyes.

"Yes, there's just one thing I wish."

What's that?

That the thief keeps it as long as I do and then go out broke.

ANCIENT RACES PLAYED BALL

Tossing the Sphere is Supposed to
Have Had Deep Symbolic Mean-
ing Centuries Ago.

Although it is a proven fact that the game now designated baseball is of modern and purely American origin, the use of a ball in ceremonies and games goes back many centuries.

Four thousand years ago, in the twelfth Egyptian dynasty, a Coptic artist sculptured on the temple Beni Hassan, human figures throwing and catching balls. A leather-covered ball used in games played on the Nile over 40 centuries ago, has a place among the many archeological specimens in the British Museum. It has a sewed cover and is in a remarkable state of preservation.

The game of ball was prized by the Greeks as giving grace and elasticity to the human figure, and they erected a statue to one Aristonous for his proficiency in it. Ancient medical practitioners were wont to prescribe a course of ball playing, where the modern doctor would order a diet of pills.

It is supposed that ball tossing had a deep symbolic meaning when played in the spring of the year; and that the tossing of the ball was intended first to typify the upspringing of the life of nature after the gloom of winter. And whether this was the case among the people of antiquity or not, it is a remarkable fact that the ecclesiastics of the early church adopted this symbol and gave it a very special significance by meeting on Easter day and throwing a ball from hand to hand, to typify the Resurrection.

"TOTEM POLES" TELL STORY

Are Historical Records, and Not, as
Many Supposed, Idols to Be
Worshipped.

An art in sculpture not resembling any other art in the world, unless possibly that of ancient Mexico, is found highly developed among the aboriginal natives of the northwest coast.

Their material is always wood, and is furnished by huge trees from the forest, which are carved into the most fantastic shapes. In this style are sculptured the so-called "totem poles," which, often of great size and height, astonish the observer by the intricacy of their workmanship and the weird imaginativeness of their complex designs.

Early missionaries, in that part of the world mistook the totem poles for idols. As a matter of fact, they possess no such significance, being merely heraldic columns. Each tribal clan has its own traditions and myths, which takes the place of history, and these are symbolized by the extraordinary birds and other animals, sometimes human faces or figures, carved on the totem poles.

Thus the Bear clan will have its heraldic column topped by the sculptured figure of a bear. The raven shows up conspicuously as the totem, or crest, of the Raven clan; the whale for the Whale clan, and so on.

To the unversed a totem pole would have no significance beyond its queerness, but it is in reality a whole story carved in wood.

The Unfortunate Rich.

Our observation is that being rich is no credit to a bachelor and no help to a married man.—Dallas News.

RICKETS DID THIS.



Before this five-year-old Vienna girl was operated upon in the American Convalescent Home her leg was even more horribly deformed from rickets and she was in constant instead of intermittent pain. Now at least her leg is straight again, and by degrees she is learning to walk. Rickets is the aftermath of under-nutrition, and it is to cut down the harrowing prevalence of such disease as this among the children of Europe that eight American relief organizations are making a joint appeal under the name of the European Relief Council for funds to succor the millions that face a winter of horror. They are the American Relief Administration, the American Red Cross, the American Friends Service Committee (Quakers), the Jewish Joint Distribution Committee, the Federal Council of Churches of Christ in America, the Knights of Columbus, the Y. M. C. A. and the Y. W. C. A.

Children at the Bread Kitchens



Three and a half million children in eastern and central Europe wait, gaunt and pinched like these, at the American kitchens for the hot soup and bread that mean life to them. In the winters since the Armistice, America has been the one friend that had food to give them. It is a common sight in Europe today to see a child five or six years old whose head has not healed. With a healthy well fed baby the skull should close before two years. America must see these children through the rigors of another winter, and to that end eight great relief organizations have combined into the European Relief Council. They seek to raise \$83,000,000 to save this generation of Europe from death by starvation and the diseases that come with under-feeding.

Kill That Cold With

HILL'S CASCARA QUININE
FOR Colds, Coughs AND La Grippe
Neglected Colds are Dangerous
Take no chances. Keep this standard remedy handy for the first sneeze.
Breaks up a cold in 24 hours—Relieves Grippe in 3 days—Excellent for Headache
Quinine in this form does not affect the head—Cascara is best Tonic Laxative—No Opium in Hill's

ALL DRUGGISTS SELL IT



WHEN in want of
STYLISH and QUALITY PRINTING
Call or Phone
MARYLANDER and HERLAD



EQUALITY

American women recently enjoyed, for the first time, the privilege of voting on a national scale. The dream that has inspired womanhood through the ages has been fulfilled.

The Grange conferred this equality upon woman half a century ago. It was the first great national body to grant women the same rights and responsibilities as men. Much of its success has been due to the heed it has given to the deep sympathies, the clear understanding and the instinctive justice of women.

In granting this equality the Grange holds to its purpose of fostering home life. It always has considered a satisfactory and wholesome home life the basis of all sound citizenship. It realizes the great part woman plays in the making of such home life, and gives her a wider opportunity to display her talents.

The faith and vision that have marked the Grange through the years are undimmed. It offers to farm men and women alike a splendid field for service and improvement.

Let us add, THE COUNTRY GENTLEMAN also stands for the fullest and finest development of farm life. It seeks to inspire and help by stories of success. It is not alone a magazine of the business of farming and home building, but one of entertainment also. The whole family will enjoy its clean fiction, its cheery "Brighten the Corner" page, its clever jokes and cartoons. A year's subscription—52 issues—is splendid value for \$1.00. Let our secretary mail your order today.

Somerset County Pomona Grange, No. 5

Mrs. E. F. WILSON, Secretary, Pocomoke City, Maryland
T. S. LAWSON, Master, Princess Anne, Maryland

Dear Secretary: I'm glad to see the Grange being pushed with good advertising. And here's my dollar for THE COUNTRY GENTLEMAN for a year—52 weekly issues. Please forward my order to the Publishers at Independence Square, Philadelphia, Pa.

(My Name)

(My Address)

(Town)

(State)

WEAK, NERVOUS, ALL RUN-DOWN

Missouri Lady Suffered Until She
Tried Cardui.—Says "Result
Was Surprising."—Got Along
Fine, Became Normal
and Healthy.

Springfield Mo.—"My back was so weak I could hardly stand up, and I would have bearing-down pains and was not well at any time," says Mrs. D. V. Williams, wife of a well-known farmer on Route 6, this place. "I kept getting headaches and having to go to bed," continues Mrs. Williams describing the troubles from which she obtained relief through the use of Cardui. "My husband, having heard of Cardui, proposed getting it for me. I saw after taking some Cardui that I was improving. The result was surprising. I felt like a different person."

"Later I suffered from weakness and weak back, and felt all run-down. I did not rest well at night, I was so nervous and cross. My husband said he would get me some Cardui, which he did. It strengthened me. My doctor said I got along fine. I was in good healthy condition. I cannot say too much for it."

Thousands of women have suffered as Mrs. Williams describes, until they found relief from the use of Cardui. Since it has helped so many, you should not hesitate to try Cardui if troubled with womanly ailments. For sale everywhere. E-83

Orchid Hunting Profitable.

Orchid hunting is a business that engages the efforts of many courageous adventurers, who explore the wildest and most remote parts of the world in the hope of finding rare or new varieties. Success in this kind of enterprise may bring large reward, inasmuch as a single plant may have a market value of thousands of dollars.

Small Wonder!

"I trust, sir, that you have not been indiscreet enough to speak to my daughter about marriage," said the stern parent to the youth who had just asked for his daughter's hand. "I have not, sir," replied the youth, "but I was strongly tempted to do so last evening when she kissed me good night."

Necessity.

"Now, wife, let's rough it. Go out in the wilds." "All right. Provided the place has a picture show."—Louisville Courier-Journal.

PECULIAR FREAK OF NATURE

Section of Land in California Has
Trees Unknown Anywhere Else,
Save in One Small Spot.

Down in San Diego county is a grove of Torreya pines less than two miles broad and eight miles long, thinly scattered, that occur nowhere else in the world except about 100 trees on the eastern end of Santa Rosa Island, many miles to the north and out in the ocean. All who have read of coaching or motoring in southern California know of the famous cypress drive near Monterey. Strange indeed is this great head of land jutting out into the ocean between Carmel bay and Monterey harbor, for it forms an isolated arboreal island, the Monterey cypress being but one of its peculiarities. The Monterey pine grows there, and is not found again except sixty miles to the north and seventy miles to the south. The Bishop's pine occurs (or recurs) only eighty-five miles to the north and eighty miles to the south. The Gowen cypress recurs on the coast 216 miles northward.

Curious place for trees, this Monterey headland! We have so many tales to tell of curious native trees, however, that one more must suffice. Down at Garden Grove and Santa Ana, both in Orange county, stand five trees that are natural hybrids between the native live oak and the native black walnut, and man had nothing to do with this jugglery.—Los Angeles Times.

GREAT SOLDIER'S KINDLY ACT

Duke of Wellington Not Above Tak-
ing Care of Toad Which Was
Small Boy's Pet.

The duke of Wellington, while strolling about his estate one day, came upon a small boy, the son of a gardener, down on his knees before a hole, and with tears running down his face. The boy explained that his pet toad lived in the hole, and that he fed him every day, the toad knowing him and following him about the garden. School was to open the next day in a distant town, and the lad was afraid his toad would starve to death. "Not at all, not at all," assured the great leader. "I'll look after your toad myself." The boy got up at once, and the two gravely shook hands. The duke was as good as his word, and went several times a week to the hole with a handful of crumbs, and the toad soon transferred his affection to his grace. This so tickled the soldier that he wrote the boy a letter telling him of the pet's actions, but expressing the belief that when the boy returned the toad would go back to his first affection.

Ripening Fruit.

High temperatures seem, very curiously, to retard the ripening of pears, while hastening that of apples. In experiments described by Overholser and Taylor in the Botanical Gazette, the ripening of green first-crop Bartlett pears raised from 70 degrees F. or room temperature, to 85 degrees was not affected, but at 87.7 degrees it was delayed five days, and at 94 degrees and 104 degrees the delay was 13 days. Second-crop Bartlett pears, in a temperature of 101 degrees, and surrounded by a relative humidity of below 50 per cent, remained unripe four weeks after similar pears at room temperature and humidity had become fully ripened. The flavor of pears kept above 85 degrees was affected, sweetness and juiciness being diminished. The ripening of Yellow Newton apples on the other hand, was hastened at every appreciable rise in temperature from 50 degrees up to the point of destruction by burning. It is concluded that the picking of pears may be delayed in very hot weather, but that the picking of apples and storage in a cool place must be hastened.

Anachronism in Stamp.

An interesting addition to the recent issues of British Colonial postage stamps is the new issue just put into circulation for the islands of St. Christopher and Nevis, forming part of the Leeward Islands in the West Indies. For many years both of these islands have had their individual issues of stamps, but recently they have been combined, the stamp being inscribed St. Kitts-Nevis, the former name being the popular term for the island of St. Christopher.

The new issue is practically twice as large as the former stamps, bearing two distinctive designs in oval frames, one being the portrait of King George and the other that of Christopher Columbus on the deck of his ship gazing through a telescope at the distant land. It makes a picturesque anachronism in the history of philately, for the telescope was not invented for more than a century after the discovery of St. Christopher island by Columbus. The stamp is also the first in the combined issues for these two islands which has borne the portrait of King George.

Just as She'd Finished.

Marjory (before getting into bed)—"Mamma, I forgot something I wanted to say in my prayers. Shall I say P. S.?"—Boston Transcript.

Fatigue and Production.

Curiously, recent observations have shown that production actually increases with fatigue within certain limits; feverish haste and a dislike of not finishing up are not infrequent even when the work is not congenial.

LETTER FROM HEAD OF ARMENIAN CHURCH

Washington—Archbishop Khoren, whose archepiscopate is in Erivan, capital of the Armenian Republic, forwarded seven thousand miles to present President Wilson one of the quaintest and most touching documents in the archives of the State Department. It is a statement by the monks of Echmiadzin, the seat of the Armenian church since its separation from the Greek church, after the Council of Chalcedon in the year 451.

The Encyclical Letter, which the Archbishop presented to the President, reads:

"GEORGE, Servant of Jesus Christ and by the Omnipotent Will of God, Archbishop and CATHOLICOS OF ALL THE ARMENIANS, Supreme Patriarch of the highest Armenian See of Ararat and of the Apostolic Mother Church at Echmiadzin the Holy."

To the NOBLE CITIZENS OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.

"AFFECTIONATE GREETINGS AND BLESSINGS from the CATHOLICOS OF ALL ARMENIANS and Apostolic Chief of the Holy Church of Armenia."

"With placid, profound feelings of devotion, we desire, through this En-



ARCHBISHOP KHOREN.

cylical Letter of Ours, to place before you and to make known to you the expression of Our deep gratitude for the liberal help which, inspired by a spirit of philanthropy, you have extended to us both by individual personal donations and through the sustaining assistance and alleviating instrumentality of the Near East Relief Organization. Individually and Collectively, combined in one body as it were, you gave and you brought to us the fruits of your offerings, to the salvation and protection of Our Flock during the most bitter days of their suffering—sufferings which we attribute to the rigors of the War of Liberation, and to the cruelty of Our implacable Oppressors.

"In expressing Our thanks for your generosity and for your evangelical consideration, we, as the recognized Head of Our Spiritual Children, comprising the entire Armenian Nation, would be glad to view your acts of mercy as tokens of your continued assistance in the future, and that it is our purpose to continue to assist us in our regeneration and complete liberation, in the habitation of a self-governing Nation. With these things in mind, we appeal to you all; to the Prelates of your Churches; to your devout Bishops, Our Brethren and beloved in Our Lord Jesus Christ; to men endowed with political and civil acumen; to those who have been called upon by the Lord in the Conduct of Public thought; and to every soul in which the spirit of Christian philanthropy glows. Come to our defense and to the cause of the Freedom of Our Flock. Come from the pulpits of your Churches; from the seats of your Council Chambers; from the platforms of Public Associations; from the sanctum of your Journals. Raise the mighty voices of your Nation and of your sympathetic people, as those of unflinching and unflinching friends. We need them for the salvation of Our Flock, tortured in body and soul through centuries of suffering. And Our people will forever stand in history as witnesses that a Great Nation, prolific of welfare, stretched its helping hand and mighty arm to raise them up."

"The Grace of Our Lord Jesus Christ, and Our thankful Blessings be with you all, evermore, Amen."

"GEORGE V., Catholicos and Supreme Patriarch of All Armenians."

During the VIII year of Our Patriarchate at the Mother See of Ararat, Echmiadzin the Holy.

MAJOR GENERAL HARBORD SUPPORTS ARMENIA

New York—At a mass meeting recently held here to consider the need of Armenia in the appalling disaster that has overtaken that unhappy land the following telegram was received from the commander of the Second Division:

"True to their religion, language and race, through a thousand years of persecution the Armenians must not be allowed to perish. Americans should aid them with moral, financial and political support."

"J. O. HARBORD."

YOU Are Keeping Them Warm!

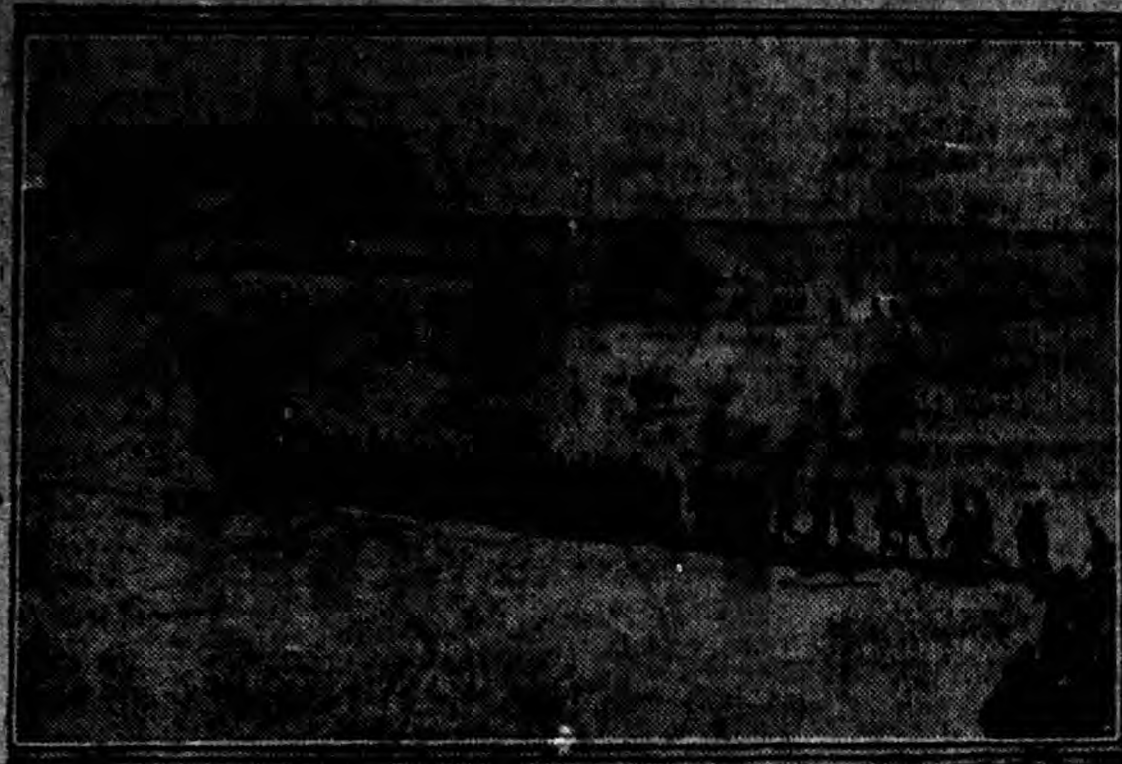


Photo International.

In the mile square of former Russian barracks in Alexandropol, Republic of Armenia, are housed 6,847 little Armenian orphans under care of the Near East Relief. Every bite they eat, every stitch they wear, is the gift of the people of the United States, through the Near East Relief. In addition, the Near East Relief hospital has a daily average of 1,211 children patients, while 1,049 others are given medical treatment which does not require confinement to hospital beds. Over 54,000 little Armenian children are housed, clothed and fed by the Near East Relief in Armenia and Syria.

In all over 110,000 little children are being kept alive by American aid. YOU are doing it! KEEP IT UP!

Subscriptions to Cleveland H. Dodge, Treas., 1 Madison Ave., New York City.

ARMENIAN GIRL PLEADS FOR SISTERS

Tragic Tale of Harem Victims' Sufferings.

More than ten thousand Armenian girls have been rescued from Turkish harems through the help and generosity of America. This is the statement given out by the Near East Relief, which is making the saving of these tragic victims of Turkish cruelty one of the most important features of its work.

That it is a work which in itself justifies the millions that America has spent in this stricken land is testified to by little Miss Eliza Dodurian, a twenty-year-old Armenian girl recently arrived in this country. Miss Dodurian, through the intervention of American missionaries, was herself spared



ELIZA DODURIAN.

the sufferings of exile and the horrors of slavery; but she knows all too well the terrible fate of her sisters and friends. It is for them—the soft-eyed little girls of fifteen and sixteen whom last she saw being torn from their mothers' arms and carried off on the saddle bows of the Turkish soldiers—that she makes her plea.

What their lives have been since then may be guessed by a look into the faces of any of the ten thousand who have passed through the Rescue Homes of the Near East Relief. Their heads bowed in shame, they creep into the American relief stations, trying vainly to hide the tattoo marks which proclaim to the world their story.

Thousands of these girls have been brought back to life and hope through the work of the Near East Relief. It is to rescue the one hundred thousand more still held captive that the Near East Relief is making its appeal this year.

High Commissioner Praises Near East Relief



Rear Adm'l Bristol

Mark L. Bristol, U. S. Navy, High Commissioner to Turkey, who has charge of all American interests in the Near East, went on record wholeheartedly in support of the American relief organization.

"If I have been able to encourage the workers of the Near East Relief or give them assistance in any way," the Admiral said, "I feel that I am more than repaid in keeping with the success that has attended the efforts of the Near East Relief Committee in this part of the world in the past. I hope the future will bring you greater success. It will always give me pleasure to render any assistance possible to the Committee as a whole, to any of the workers, and to the great work of humanity that the committee represents."

When 139,000 Russian refugees from the Crimea arrived off Constantinople, Admiral Bristol immediately cabled the Near East Relief for help, and the Near East Relief bakeries fed these refugees and N. E. R. workers helped the American sailors to get the sick to hospitals.

Admiral Bristol is in intimate touch with all the work being conducted by the Near East Relief and speaks from personal knowledge of its accomplishments.

INVESTIGATOR INDORSES NEAR EAST RELIEF

During the Peace Conference in Paris is the American Commission to Negotiate Peace, appreciating the importance of accurate, first hand information about the Armenian situation, sent Capt. Benjamin Burges Moore of the American Red Cross as head of a special mission to study and report on conditions. Captain Moore's findings as to the value of the work done by the Near East Relief form part of his official report.

"Armenians are sincerely grateful to us," Captain Moore states, "since it is no exaggeration to say that they would have disappeared as a nation had it not been for this splendid help given them by the Near East Relief and the American Food Administration. The best that sympathetic Americans can do is to continue and enlarge the present admirable work of the Near East Relief."

110,000 Starving Children



Like the one in this photograph, too weak to walk when brought to the Near East Relief orphanage at Erivan, the capital of Armenia, are being nursed back to life and health through the generosity of the American people, by contributions to the Near East Relief, 1 Madison Ave., New York. HAVE YOU A LITTLE ORPHAN IN YOUR HEART?

CHILD SAVING WORK IN ARMENIA TOLD BY AN AMERICAN

Charles V. Vickrey Gives Facts of Near East Relief Program for Orphans.

Charles V. Vickrey, general secretary of the Near East Relief, has returned from a trip of inspection throughout Central Europe and the Near East, and made a report to the trustees of the Near East Relief in which he covers in detail the actual work of child saving now being conducted by the great American relief organization in the Near East. Mr. Vickrey believes that "a few millions of dollars wisely expended at this time in the education of the children of the Near East, in character building and in moulding these young lives, will be worth vastly more to the world



CHARLES V. VICKREY.

than billions of dollars spent later in suppressing international warfare and strife."

Mr. Vickrey considers the need in the Near East and especially in Armenia greater than anywhere else in the world, because, as he says, "In the countries of Central Europe there are going governments which have merely been temporarily impoverished by war. In the Near East, on the other hand, there is no such thing as stable government. The whole fabric of the state has to be created from the beginning, and the innocent and helpless children have to be trained to the responsibilities of future citizenship. Peace in the Near East and, in great measure, throughout the world, will depend very largely on the character of the citizenship of the peoples of the Near East."

Irresistible Appeal of Orphans. Describing the orphanage work of the Near East Relief in the Armenian Republic, Mr. Vickrey said:

"We have at Alexandropol in the Caucasus, one orphanage where there are approximately 10,000 homeless children, fatherless or motherless, many of them having no known living relative. Some of them do not even know their own names, or the place of their birth. They have shown wonderful recuperative powers, and to see them play their kindergarten or other games under the direction of our American relief workers, one could never believe that they had passed through the years of suffering that most of them have experienced since they, or their parents, were driven from their homes in Central Turkey five years ago."

"For the accommodation of these orphans there are sixty splendid stone buildings, erected as barracks for the Russian army. These buildings are now given to us by the Armenian government for a period of ten years and lend themselves admirably to relief purposes."

"This orphanage at Alexandropol is but one of the 229 orphanages that the Near East Relief is now operating in various parts of the Caucasus, Anatolia, Cilicia, Syria and the Constantinople Straits area."

"Thirty miles from Alexandropol, at Kars, there is another group of Russian army barracks, which were given us by the Armenian government for relief purposes. I was going through the dormitories of this orphanage at Kars when the young Armenian college girl in charge turned to me and said: 'Mr. Vickrey, it sometimes makes me feel just a little older than Mother' to be called 'Mother' by 6,000 of those Armenian children. And that is exactly what she was—the only mother that these 6,000 Armenian children have, except as she avails herself of the organized assistance of native Armenian women, in caring for this large family."

"In the hospital at Kars I found 1,150 beds, which, the day I was there, were occupied by 1,268 patients. It frequently being necessary to put two or more children in a single bed. At Alexandropol we have in one hospital, or group of hospital buildings, 1,560 trachoma patients. At Karaklis, forty miles east of Alexandropol we have an orphanage devoted exclusively to the care and training of the blind children. At Delljan we have another orphanage, located on a mountain side, for the care of tubercular children, this segregation being as much for the welfare of the healthy children in the orphanages as for the care of the unfortunate consumptives. At Erivan we formerly had twenty-six distinct orphanages, though they have now been reduced and consolidated to seven in number. There are something more than 6,000 orphans in the region of Harpout."

Armenian President Asks American Aid



Dr. H. Ohandjanian, President of the Armenian Republic, has sent an urgent telegram to Charles V. Vickrey, General Secretary of the Near East Relief, requesting immediate assistance to prevent the starvation of the Armenian people before the next harvest can be gathered. President Ohandjanian's message reads:

"Owing to hail, rain and field mites, the harvest in Armenia fell below expectations. Standing crops appeared well, but owing to poor seed, returns were not as good as was expected. Maximum returns 140,000 tons, only sufficient for eight months for one and a half million people. Food crisis critical and intensified by new Turkish invasion of Armenia. It is estimated that 100,000 peaceful inhabitants of Sarkisland and Kars region have been forced to renew the life of refugees and flee towards the interior of Armenia. There are also large numbers fleeing from Bolsheviks in Azerbaijan and Southern Russia, and coming to Armenia. Farmers, fearing famine, are unwilling to sell crops, thus leaving the cities foodless. In addition to the Armenian crops, ten thousand tons have been purchased from neighboring countries."

"In order to save Armenia it is necessary to secure four from America, 50,000 tons, maximum requirement. In the name of the Armenian Government and the Armenian People, I beg that you use your wide influence in order that the Near East Relief may secure and ship the flour needed. I am sure that in this serious crisis the Near East Relief will not fail to continue its aid to Armenia in her struggle for existence."

"H. OHANDJANIAN,
'President of Armenia.'"

GOD DESCRIBES ARMENIAN HORRORS

"You can't realize what a sight it is to see the refugee camp at Batum," Petty Officer George Porter, of Racine, Wis., writes his family, telling of the work of the Near East Relief in the ports along the Black Sea.

"The people are dying off little by little. There are workers of the relief organization here, but they don't seem to be able to take care of them all. They were the ones that made the camp. The families all live in grass huts, just high enough to sit up in, and



GEORGE PORTER.

they are covered with blankets. There is disease everywhere and the smell is terrible. I'm glad we didn't stay long, as I couldn't stand it, and you know when I can't stand anything there are few that can. I am sorry for these refugees, but we can't help any. They don't want money though they would sell their lives for some clothes and food. They don't stop praising the Americans."

Trebizonde was another Armenian town, but it was completely wiped out by the Turks, who are now in control of it. The Turks massacred all the Armenians over fifteen years of age and kept all under that age to bring them up as Turks. The city looked as if it was shot to pieces. Samsoun is the same as Trebizonde, so you can see what kind of country we are travelling through. I am sure glad that we are leaving Russia and Armenia because I am sick of what I have seen. I think that these tourists who are trying to see ravished Armenia will be sorry they ever came over. These relief workers are nearly dead from work. They are the people who can tell the U. S. something about this country."

The Near East Relief, 1 Madison Ave., New York, is now appealing for funds to continue the work so graphically described by the young American sailor.

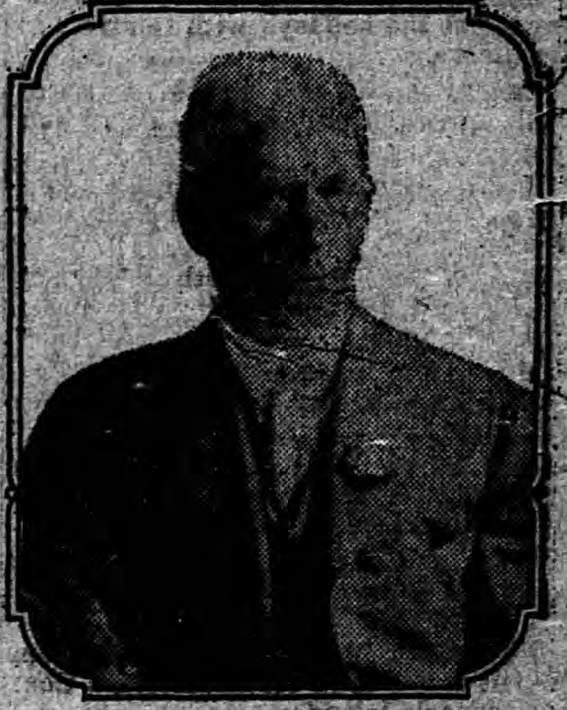
"A NATION SAVED BY AMERICA," SAYS CLEVELAND H. DODGE

New York Business Man Describes Vast Armenian Work of Near East Relief.

Cleveland H. Dodge, New York banker and business man, director of the National City Bank, and treasurer of The Russell Sage Foundation and of the Near East Relief, declares that "a nation has been saved by American philanthropy, and the generosity of the American people through the Near East Relief, in its work for the Armenians."

"The lowest official estimate indicates that one million persons are living today who would not be alive had it not been for this relief," Mr. Dodge continued, "I have an autograph letter from Dr. H. Ohandjanian, president of the Armenian Republic, in which he writes: 'America literally saved us from starvation.'"

"Wholly aside from adults who have been saved from starvation, we today



CLEVELAND H. DODGE.

have in orphanages and elsewhere under our care 110,000 homeless, fatherless or motherless children who are absolutely dependent upon us. This is exclusive of 83 hospitals with 6,552 beds, 128 clinics, rescue homes for girls and unnumbered thousands of refugees who are being helped through our industrial relief and in other ways."

"The Near East Relief has during the past four or five years commissioned and sent to the Near East more than 1,000 American relief workers, of whom 500 are still in the field, all of them working at great financial sacrifice—the standard of salary being \$50 per month and maintenance—and many of them facing great personal danger and hardship in the performance of their life-saving service. A score of them have died from typhus or other diseases more or less related to their faithfulness in the performance of relief service."

"Nor is that all. We have raised and disbursed during war times and in a war-torn area, in large measure under enemy control, more than \$41,000,000 in cash, and, including flour, Red Cross and other supplies administered by our agents, a total of cash and supplies in excess of \$50,000,000. The official reports show that on June 30, 1920, we had in orphanages 54,000 children, and that we are partially supporting outside of the orphanages 56,039 children, making a total of 110,000 boys and girls now under the care of the Near East Relief."

Mr. Dodge considers the work of the Near East Relief one of the most stupendous undertakings of disinterested philanthropy the world has ever seen.

"In countries whose population totals more than 30,000,000 souls, American idealism exemplified by the work of the Near East Relief constitutes today a torch of enlightenment and an influence for peace throughout the whole Near East," he maintains. "Our American ideal of liberty, industry and helpfulness has brought us as a people happiness, prosperity and fulfillment. Out of the fullness of this heritage we are furnishing a faithful and undaunted Christian people the brotherly aid which will enable them to reach the same fulfillment that God has given us."

"It is an achievement of which every American may well be proud."

A Ring at YOUR Door.



By permission of Life.

ENTERTAINMENT

Mr. and Mrs. George H. Mark is visiting in Baltimore.

Mr. John Gibbs is visiting his mother in Baltimore.

Mr. Wheeler Crockett, of Philadelphia, is visiting his mother.

Capt. Abbe Fryer and son, Delmas, spent the week at their home.

Mr. H. G. Dabbiell, of Baltimore, is spending the week at his home.

Mrs. W. S. Bloodworth and daughter, Elsie, are visiting in Baltimore.

Mrs. A. C. Moore has returned from a visit to relatives in Cambridge.

Mr. H. L. Rinehardt, of Baltimore, is the guest of Mr. Joseph Bounds.

Mr. and Mrs. D. W. White spent a few days last week on Deal's Island.

Mr. and Mrs. C. Vasey Wilson, of Baltimore, are visiting relatives here.

Mrs. Grace Sims, of Norfolk, Va., is spending the holidays with her parents.

Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Jones, of Chester, Pa., spent a few days here last week.

Capt. Thomas W. and Fred W. Sharples spent the holidays at their home.

Mr. and Mrs. George McIntyre, of Baltimore, are visiting the former's parents.

Mr. William Stamps spent a few days with his brother, Mr. Charles Simms, of Siloam.

Mrs. E. E. Cole and Mrs. Laura Murray spent the holidays with relatives in Baltimore.

Capt. Crockett and son, Wheeler, of Philadelphia, spent the week at their home here.

Mrs. J. D. Ruler and little daughter, Joyce, are spending the holidays in Washington.

Mrs. William Bloodworth and daughter, Miss Hilda, are visiting her sister in Baltimore.

Mrs. Otto Bounds and daughters, Misses Anna and Ruth, are visiting her daughter here.

Miss Sarah White, who attends the Normal School at Towson, Md., is home for the holidays.

Capt. and Mrs. J. D. Webster have gone to Baltimore and Washington, D. C., for the winter.

Mrs. Matt. Moore has returned from a visit to her brother, Mr. Howard Cox, at Hooper's Island.

Miss Elsie Holland, who is a student at Drexel College, Philadelphia, is home for the holidays.

Mr. and Mrs. W. Page Jackson are visiting the latter's sister, Mrs. James Bounds, of Baltimore.

Mr. and Mrs. Randolph White, of White Haven, are visiting the latter's sister, Mrs. W. O. Murray.

Mr. and Mrs. Raymond Hopkins, of Salisbury, are visiting their parents, Mr. and Mrs. James Hopkins.

Misses Beulah and Marion Moore, of Seaford, spent some time at the home of their uncle, Mr. Jacob Newton.

Mr. Millard Dayton, who is a patient at Pine Bluff Sanatorium, spent a while with his mother, Mrs. Core Dayton.

Mrs. Leah Cullen has returned to her home at Venton after a stay with her daughter, Mrs. George R. Marsh, Jr.

Rev. Vaughn Moore, of Flanders, N. J., spent part of the holidays with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Willard Moore.

Mr. and Mrs. Glendon Bailey and son, Raymond, of Bivalve, are visiting their parents, Mr. and Mrs. James A. Bailey.

Mr. and Mrs. Harold Hitchens, of Salisbury, spent the holidays with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Corbett.

Mrs. Susan J. Thomas has returned from a four-months visit with her daughter, Mrs. William D. Horner, at Oxford.

Messrs. Raymond Collins, John Mayne and Levin Collins who are working in Chester, Pa., spent a few days with their friends here.

Mr. and Mrs. Omar Scott and son, Omar, spent the week-end with Mrs. Scott's parents, Mr. and Mrs. William Wilson, at Princess Anne.

Mr. and Mrs. Floyd Cole have returned from a visit to Rock-a-walkin, accompanied by the latter's sisters, Misses Nellie and Mattie Marshall.

Messrs. J. C. Price, Hugh Webster, Guy McIntyre and Ringold Corbett, all of whom are employed in Chester, Pa., spent Christmas with their respective parents.

Messrs. Elmer and Mason Webster, of Baltimore, accompanied by their cousin, Miss Irene Waller, of Baltimore, spent the week with their parents, Mr. and Mrs. David Webster.

During the winter months the evening services at Grace Protestant Episcopal Church will be discontinued, but there will be the usual 11 o'clock morning service the second and fourth Sundays.

WARNING

Bank robberies are increasing all over the country. The average vault door can be opened by a Yegg in a very short time. It is the duty of your bank to protect your cash and papers.

ANAKIN BURGLAR PROOF LOCKS will make any door **BURGLAR PROOF.**

Has your bank made your paper safe?

Ask the Cashier

ANAKIN LOCK WORKS

23 East Center Street
BALTIMORE MARYLAND



YOUR LIFE INSURANCE

The dollars you save today are a paid-up insurance policy against the uncertainties of tomorrow. Open a savings account in the Bank of Somerset. \$1.00 will start an account. Deposit as often as you can in any amount. Your savings will earn 3% interest. A cordial welcome awaits you here.

BANK OF SOMERSET PRINCESS ANNE, MARYLAND

Capital and Surplus \$ 240,000.00
Resources 1,500,000.00

A BRAND NEW YEAR

There's a thrill about the New Year that gives us all a determination to accomplish bigger things than ever before.

But it takes the inspiration of every NEW DAY to sustain that determination.

Our officers look upon every day as another opportunity to increase this institution's usefulness and to broaden the scope of its service to patrons and friends.

PEOPLES BANK of SOMERSET COUNTY PRINCESS ANNE, MD.

TIME IS THE TEST

The Testimony Of Princess Anne People Stands The Test

The test of time is what tells the tale. The public soon finds out when misrepresentations are made, and merit alone will stand the test of time.

Princess Anne people appreciate merit, and many months ago local citizens publicly endorsed Dean's Kidney Pills; they do so still. Would a citizen make the statement which follows unless convinced that the article was just as represented? Below is testimony such as the editor of Kidney Pills is looking for.

Mrs. Carolyn Hastings, stone road, Princess Anne, says: "For nearly seven years, I had diseased kidneys and I was miserable and weak. I had a dragging-down pain in my back and my heart palpitated. Then again, I had sick headaches and dreadful pains in the small of my back. I was getting worse every day and I finally got Dean's Kidney Pills at Jones' drug store. The first box cured me of backache and the other symptoms were greatly relieved."

Dean's Kidney Pills. Over nine years later, Mrs. Hastings said: "I always have Dean's Kidney Pills on hand in case I should need them. I recommend them whenever I have an opportunity."

Dean's Kidney Pills. Don't simply buy any kidney remedy—get Dean's Kidney Pills. Write Mrs. Hastings, Hastings, Md., for a free copy of the book, "I have an opportunity."

WHEN in want of

STYLISH and QUALITY PRINTING

MARYLANDER AND HERALD

Buy Now!—Prices Are Down!

Men's Suits

1/2 off the original price

\$50.00 Suits at \$25.00

\$40.00 Suits at \$20.00

\$35.00 Suits at \$17.50

All Men's Shoes

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the original prices

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the original prices

Terms Cash

No Alterations

John W. Morris & Sons, Inc.

SHOES FOR THE WHOLE FAMILY
CLOTHING FOR MEN AND BOYS

PRINCESS ANNE, MARYLAND

DODGE BROTHERS 4 DOOR SEDAN

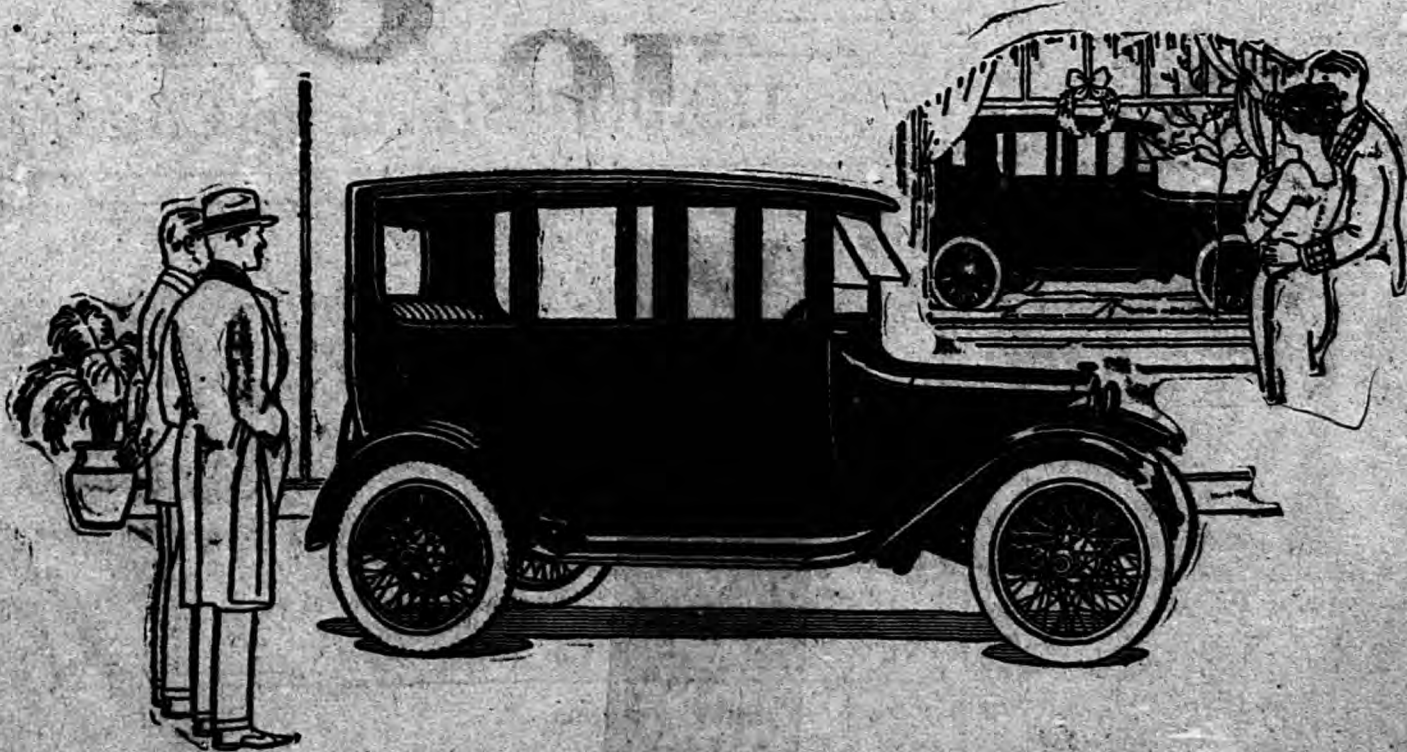
An intensely practical Christmas Gift. One for which the family would willingly forego the sort usually received.

One that will be a year-round satisfaction because of its goodness; a year-round delight because of its economy.

An order placed now will insure delivery Christmas Morning.

The gasoline consumption is unusually low.
The tire mileage is unusually high.

L. W. GUNBY COMPANY
SALISBURY MARYLAND



SOMERSET COUNTY HAPPENINGS

of respective families.

472 MILES ON ONE VOYAGE OF BIG THRILLS

The President Grant, Army
Transport, Back in Brooklyn
After Nine Months.

SAILED IN MANY CLIMES

Encountered, Fire, Storms, Death,
Birth, and Strange Adventures in
Tropics—Experienced Every
Danger Known to Sea.

New York.—Shore-staying people who sadly wear their heads and say that the romance and adventure of the seas went out with the clipper ships had better not express their views in the presence of any of the officers or men of the army transport President Grant.

For the President Grant, with her bottom full of barnacles and her sides coated with green moss, recently tied up at Pier 2, Army Base, Brooklyn, after a nine month voyage of some 45,472 sea miles, in which all hands from Capt. John Chambers to the smallest of the Filipino boys got all the adventure they desired, and then some. And Capt. Chambers may be said to be a good judge of adventure, for at 10 he went to sea in a clipper ship, sailed around the world at 19 as boson of another sailing ship, and has seen many strange things and tight squeaks in forty years at sea.

It would be impossible to sum up the doings of the President Grant and her men on the long voyage, equal to almost twice the distance around the globe, but they went through fire, storm, sudden death, births, arctic cold and tropic heat, men overboard, parties, fights, black nights, typhoons, glassy seas and rescue at sea.

OW for Vladivostok.

All of this started very prosaically—to the men of sea—when the President Grant warped out of her pier at Hoboken on the afternoon of February 2 last bound for Vladivostok, the Russian port on the Japan sea. There were 365 officers and men on board, including 20 officers and men of the army, most of whom were of the medical corps. The former liner is a vessel of 13,072 tons and is 599 feet long. Before the ship was half way across the Pacific the officers and crew were to be thankful for every ton of weight and every foot of length, but this is anticipating the story. Captain Chambers was on the bridge, the chief officer, H. L. Jones, was busy straightening things out all over the ship for a long voyage, and down in the engine room Chief Engineer A. E. Brock was grooming his 7,500 horse-power engines for the long and trying task ahead of him.

Just by way of showing that a sailor's life is not always as perfect as pictured, Chief Officer Jones was leaving behind his bride of one month. He was happy that he had the mountain of work that falls to the executive officer of a ship to take his mind off his troubles.

The primary purpose of the voyage was to transport Czechoslovak troops from Vladivostok to Trieste, Italy, after their long, hard Russian campaign. The ship was not idling on her way over, however, for she had stowed away in her after holds 5,000 tons of steel rails, beams and plates, which she was carrying for the shipping board to Japanese ports.

Fine weather and smooth seas attended the first leg of the passage, down the American coast to Colon, at the entrance of the Panama Canal. The port was reached after a run of eight days, and the big locomotives pulled the ship through the locks and out the other side in seven hours and twelve minutes. Eleven days and eleven hours more of steaming at the ship's regular gait, which was almost always between eleven and twelve knots, brought her through the Golden Gate at San Francisco on Washington's birthday, February 22.

Two Men Die in Fire.

After five days here to take on coal and supplies the President Grant steamed out on the Pacific crossing. She swung out northward toward colder climes on the northern great circle route. Before she sighted land she encountered three very heavy gales during which from ships all about her she heard profane radio comments on the weather which was forcing them to lie to or steam off their courses. The President Grant, however, was a liner and she kept right ahead on her eleven knot speed regardless of the big swells of the misnamed Pacific. Twice she halted for short periods for Chief Engineer Brock's men to make repairs in the engine room.

While far from land a fire, one of those mysterious conflagrations which break out occasionally at sea, developed in hold No. 1, forward. There was only a quantity of life preservers in this hold, but the dense smoke that billowed out made things look bad. In fighting this fire Brock's Mate Edison was suffocated in the hold. Ordinary Seaman Ray went down through the chocking times in a gallant effort to save him. Both men were stifled to death. The hold was flooded and the voyage resumed.

Chance to See Strange Cities.

On March 17 the President Grant dropped anchor in Yokohama roads,

after crossing the Pacific in seventeen days, nine hours. There the liner lay twenty-one days discharging cargo and here the crew received generous shore leave, as they did everywhere else throughout the voyage, enabling them to visit many cities and localities rarely seen by seamen.

More cargo was discharged at Kobe, the next Japanese port of call, where the ship stayed eight days. After passing through Tsugara Straits in foggy weather the ship came safely to Vladivostok, arriving April 22.

Here the President Grant took on board 5,437 troops and sailed for Trieste, ploughing through fog and rain to Hongkong, where a stop was made for coal and supplies. Singapore was reached May 12, and after skirting Sumatra and entering the Indian ocean, the President Grant stopped at Colombo on the island of Ceylon. A stay of five days was made here.

A Ride on the Camels.

At 10:25 a. m. on June 4, the ship entered the Suez Canal and reached Port Said on the Mediterranean sea the next day. While in this part of the globe members of the crew had an opportunity to try out the camel as a means of locomotion. In Ceylon they had tried elephants, and in China rickshaws, and at Venice, which they visited after the ship reached Trieste, they tried gondolas. The arrival at Trieste was on June 12, more than four months after the start of the voyage.

At Trieste orders were waiting for another shipment of Czech soldiers, so after twelve days in port, the transport steamed on the back trail. At Port Said she caught the United States army transport Crook, just sailing for Trieste, and hastily transferred to her five stowaways who had crept on board at the Adriatic port.

Colombo was reached July 16, after passing through southwest monsoons and heavy seas in the Indian ocean. On July 21, after five days at Colombo for repairs to be made and supplies taken on, the ship steamed eastward, and five days later anchored on a very dark night at the entrance to the narrow and crooked Singapore straits. Next morning the ship proceeded toward Manila, hugging the coasts of Borneo and Palawan to avoid typhoons. Manila was reached August 1, with the crew all very busy painting and cleaning the ship in preparation for her next load of passengers. On August 5 the ship steamed for Karatsu, Japan, for coal, but next day halted at the entrance to Subig Bay to land six stowaways who had secreted themselves on board under the decidedly mistaken impression that they would be rapidly transported to the United States.

Rescue Japanese Fishermen.

A few days later the President Grant sighted a motor launch of about 80 feet in length drifting helplessly over the Pacific swells with a signal of distress hoisted. The transport hove to and lowered a boat. The men on the boat were Japanese fishermen, who said their fuel had given out and they had drifted for five days. They were given enough gas to take them back to Nippon and the President Grant proceeded, reaching Karatsu August 10. After five days of coaling the transport steamed toward Vladivostok, reaching the Russian port for the second time on August 18.

There 5,874 troops under command of Gen. St. Cecek, were embarked and the President Grant headed into the rough seas and southwest monsoons of the Sea of Japan and the China sea. Hongkong was reached September 2 and Singapore six days later through much rough weather. Ceylon was touched once more and the Indian ocean, Red sea and Suez canal passed without mishap. When Port Said was reached, October 6, the canal authorities ordered the ship moved in the African basin, against the protests of both Captain Chambers and the American consular agent. When the tide fell the big ship went aground aft. Captain Chambers ordered coaling stopped and water tanks pumped out. The ship was pulled ahead by its anchors into deeper water. Fortunately the bottom of the basin was soft and the ship apparently suffered no damage.

After two days at Port Said the ship left for Trieste, reaching that port October 13. This second voyage with troops was made novel by the presence on board of 600 Russian women, wives of the Czechoslovak soldiers, and a number of babies. Three babies died on board and two were born.

Home Again at Last.

A terrific storm arose while the transport was moored to a dock at Trieste and for three days the ship was held with great difficulty. Ten or eleven lines and eight mooring wires held her safely, but the mooring bits on the port quarter cracked and one of the wires parted.

Then came the time the crew, and more particularly Chief Officer Jones, was looking forward to—casting off on the last leg. On October 23 the President Grant, homeward bound, sailed from Trieste with 2,000 immigrants on board. She passed easily through the Mediterranean, bucked a storm lasting four days in the Atlantic, and dropped anchor at 1 a. m. Sunday, November 20. The voyage came to an end officially when, at 10 a. m. Monday the big liner warped into Pier 2, army base, Brooklyn, tied up and slapped rat guards on her lines.

PRINCE STIRS HIS BROTHERS

Wales' Travel Stories Rouse "Wanderlust" in Other Members of Family.

London, England.—Enthusiastic accounts given by the prince of Wales in the royal family circle of his experiences during his recent empire trip are said to have raised a keen desire on the part of his brothers, Princes Albert, Henry and George, to go on similar voyages.

The prince of Wales is reported to be writing a preface to a book of photographs taken during his trip, which will be sold for the benefit of a blind soldiers' hospital.

Since his return to London, the prince has been giving a series of small dinner parties to his intimate friends at St. James' palace, which is now pretty well stocked with souvenirs of his tour. He is considered an excellent host and he has a fund of amusing anecdotes about his experiences abroad.

He is fond of playing rackets and swimming at the fashionable Bath club, off Piccadilly. A keen follower of the chase, he has recently bought several new hunters, and he is keeping up family traditions by accepting the chairmanship of the West Norfolk hounds, a position which his grandfather, King Edward, held for many years. He is also coming to the fore as a cattle breeder. At the recent Birmingham cattle show he took three prizes with three heads of Aberdeen Angus cattle from his Dartmoor farm, near Princetown.

STANDS OPERATION



Though 101 years of age, Chaim Weiss, oldest inmate of the Home of the Sons and Daughters of Israel in New York city, is recovering from a delicate operation for internal trouble. Surgeons say he will probably live several years.

DANISH COAL IMPORTS GROW

American Dealers Send 274,390 Tons of Fuel to Denmark in September.

Copenhagen.—There has been a steady increase of imports of American coal to Denmark throughout the year. This has been a dominant factor in the coal market here. Beginning in January with a few hundred tons, the American coal imports—in September—reached 274,390 tons.

Meanwhile imports from Great Britain fell during the summer to about 85,000 tons, but rose in September to 164,000 tons. Little coal was imported from Germany, and this entirely stopped in October.

Some Danish coal dealers say that the quality of American coal has been so good as to compensate for the higher freight rates as compared to coal imported from Great Britain, but that this quality of late has fallen off.

ENGLISH BIRTH RATE IS 18.5

Total in England and Wales Last Year Was Far Below That of 1903.

London, England.—The number of births recorded in England and Wales in 1910 was 692,493, including 41,283 illegitimate, a birth rate of 18.5 to each 1,000 of the population, says the annual medical report of the ministry of health.

In 1903, a record year, there were 948,271 births, or more than 250,000 greater than last year.

Stole Jail's Chickens After Serving Sentence

M. W. Smith of Altoona, Pa., was sentenced to jail for 15 months for stealing chickens. Soon after he was released he was arrested again, charged with stealing the chickens from the jail itself.

When Death Would Have Been Sweet. Paducah, Ky.—D. Harry Johnson, local architect, had a narrow escape from death when he fell into a vat of sorghum skimmings. He fell in head first while leaning over the vat and had gone down twice before he was rescued from the sticky water.

Three Times a Day

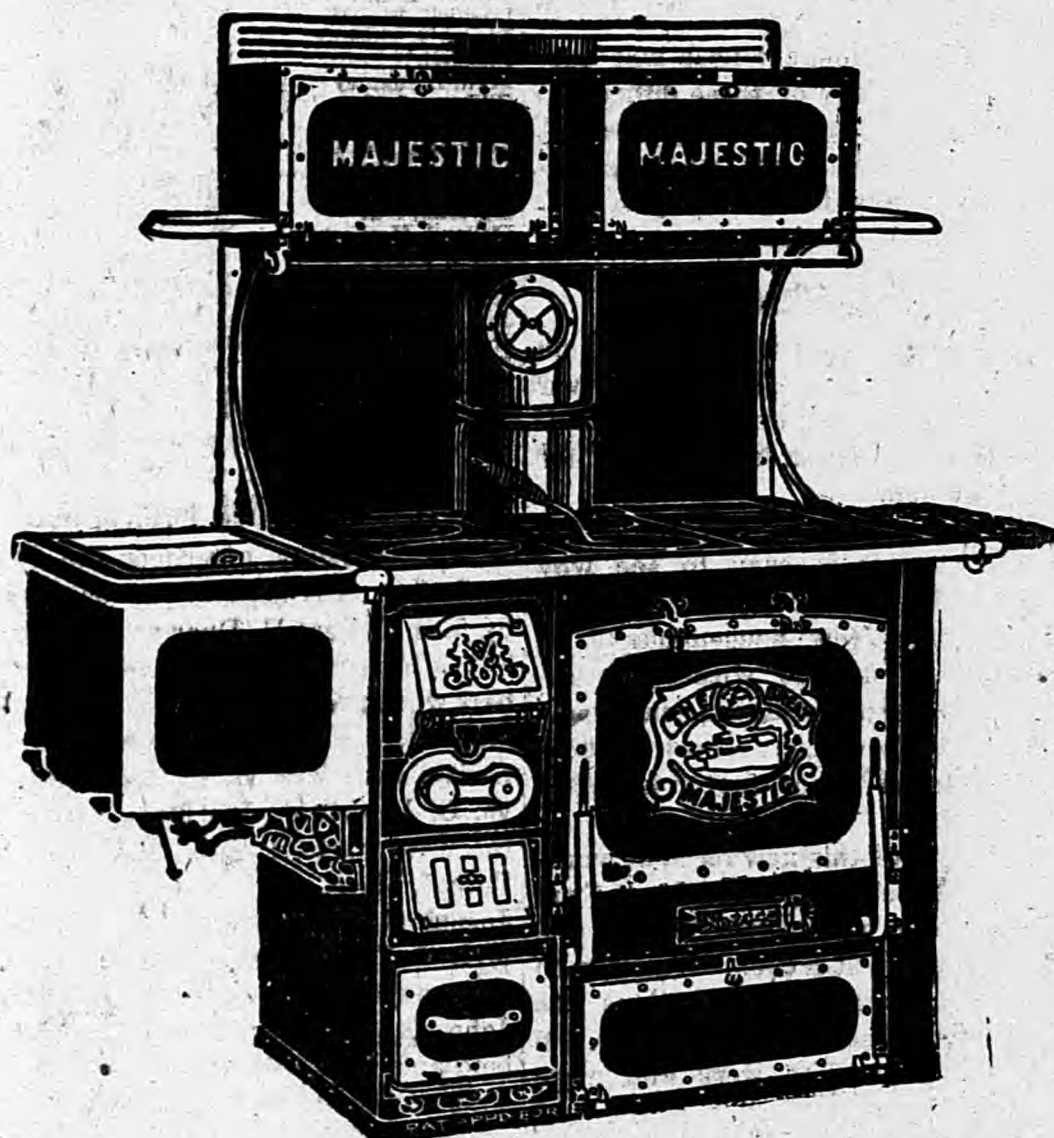


Dishes are washed three times every day

Make this work easy by using Kirkman's Soap Powder—a pure product especially prepared to dissolve grease quickly and for cleaning badly soiled, greasy or less delicate articles.

KIRKMAN'S SOAP POWDER

25 percent Saved BY BUYING YOUR STOVES NOW



I have just received a carload of the Wilson Down Draft Airtight Heaters and a large assortment of

Cook Stoves and Ranges

These stoves were bought last January, since that time they have advanced 25 per cent. and we are giving our customers the advantage of this increase in price.

10 Per Cent Discount ON ALL ROBES, BLANKETS

CARRIAGES, WAGONS, HARDWARE HARNESS

Ask your neighbor where to get a square deal and he will say TAYLOR'S HARDWARE STORE.

J. T. TAYLOR, Jr.

PRINCESS ANNE, MARYLAND

TO HUNT SEALS WITH AIRSHIPS

Newfoundland Government Will
Send Out "Blimps" to Scout
Waters for Herds.

OLD SEA CAPTAINS DUBIOUS

But Await the Experiment With Anticipation and Hope of Greater Profits Than Ever Before—Presented by England.

St. John's, N. F.—Captains of the Newfoundland sealing fleet look forward to a big "kill" among the seal herds this season under the arrangement by which the fleet will be guided by two airships, whose duty it will be to act as scouts, search for the herds of young seals and send word of their location by wireless.

Some of the old captains profess to be a trifle dubious of this new-fangled method of hunting the seals, but they are all awaiting the experiment with anticipation and hope of greater profits than ever before.

"Blimps" to Be Used.

The two nonrigid airships, popularly known as "blimps," which are to be used in this work have arrived here and are being assembled to make this first attempt to hunt seals from the air and by use of the wireless. The expedition, which altogether includes four airships, is under the command of Frank J. Tippen, consulting airship engineer and constructor to the Newfoundland government, an expert in the design of large commercial airships. Three of the four airships are of the sea-scouting type, driven by a single engine, the kind which did valuable reconnaissance work over the North and Irish seas during the war. The fourth is larger and driven by two motors.

Presented by England.

All these have been presented to the Newfoundland government by the British air ministry as the nucleus of a regular government air patrol service in Newfoundland. After the experiment in seal hunting they will be used as a matter of routine in the forest patrol and survey work.

The party includes two airship pilots, of whom the chief is Capt. Williams, who distinguished himself in the war as a pilot in airships over the Irish sea. The airship station in Newfoundland will be established at Botwood on the Exploits river, where the wireless station will be built to keep in touch with the airships.

Will Locate Seals.

When the vast herds of young seals come drifting down from the north on the ice early in the spring, the "blimps" will fly out over the North Atlantic, will hunt them out and send word of their location to the sealing fleet waiting to kill them for their oil-bearing fat and skins.

Heretofore a big "kill" has been the matter of luck as well as of good judgment. The sealing fleet has relied mainly on the knowledge and skill of certain skippers who study charts and currents and estimate where the herd may be found, but sometimes they have missed their object. Next spring, however, it is hoped here that the airship patrol, preceding the fleet and scouting over the immense area of water, will convert what has hitherto been a gamble into almost a certainty.

Here's Something New; Husband Asks Alimony

Columbus, O.—Alleging that he is "getting old and will be unable to work much longer," Palmira Macine, seventy years old, filed a suit for divorce and alimony here against his wife, Rudda Macine. The aged husband states that his wife is much younger than he and that she left him after drawing \$1,300 from their bank account. He avers he deeded a \$400 lot to her on her promise to perform her household duties, but that she left home with their three children, later returning two of them.

CROWN JEWEL IS IMITATION

British Custodian Is Trying to Solve Mystery When Stone Was Substituted.

London.—Sir George Younghusband, keeper of the jewel house at the Tower of London, has just revealed the fact that one of the British crown jewels, of which he is custodian, is an imitation. The stone was believed to be a magnificent aquamarine, but proved on examination to be only a piece of colored glass. It figured first in the crown of King James II. The mystery of when imitation was substituted for the real stone has not been solved.

Killing Bee Spoiled.

Seymour, Ind.—Citizens of this town had visions of a killing bee with bank robbers as victims, when the burglar alarm went off at the Jackson county bank. They surrounded the institution and waited five hours for the yeggs. Then it was found that the vault has been improperly locked and the batteries did the rest.

Kennerly & Mitchell's Final and Last Reduction

1/3 AND 1/2 OFF

On Men's and Boys' Suits and Overcoats, Mackinaws, Odd Trousers and Shoes

BEGINNING THURSDAY, JANUARY 6, 1921

We are determined that no store shall sell better clothes for the money than this store

BELOW WE QUOTE YOU:

Men's Suits and Overcoats

Nothing Reserved 1-3 Off

\$30.00 Suit or Overcoat	\$21.67
32.50 Suit or Overcoat	21.67
35.00 Suit or Overcoat	23.34
38.50 Suit or Overcoat	25.67
40.00 Suit or Overcoat	26.67
41.50 Suit or Overcoat	27.67
45.00 Suit or Overcoat	30.00
48.50 Suit or Overcoat	32.34
50.00 Suit or Overcoat	33.34
55.00 Suit or Overcoat	36.67
60.00 Suit or Overcoat	40.00
65.00 Suit or Overcoat	43.34
70.00 Suit or Overcoat	46.67
75.00 Suit or Overcoat	50.00

ONE-HALF OFF

\$35.00 Suit or Overcoat	17.50
37.50 Suit or Overcoat	18.75
40.00 Suit or Overcoat	20.00
45.00 Suit or Overcoat	22.50

MEN'S ODD PANTS

Nothing Reserved 1-3 Off

\$ 5.00 Pants	\$3.60
6.50 Pants	4.34
7.00 Pants	4.67
8.00 Pants	5.34
9.00 Pants	6.00
10.00 Pants	6.67
11.00 Pants	7.34
12.50 Pants	8.34

Men's Korrect Shape and REGAL SHOES

Nothing Reserved 1-3 Off

\$ 8.50 Shoes	\$ 6.80
9.00 Shoes	7.20
10.00 Shoes	8.00
10.50 Shoes	8.40
12.50 Shoes	10.00
14.50 Shoes	11.60

Boys' Suits and Overcoats

Nothing Reserved 1-3 Off

\$ 9.50 Suit or Overcoat	\$ 6.34
10.00 Suit or Overcoat	7.00
12.50 Suit or Overcoat	8.34
15.00 Suit or Overcoat	10.00
16.50 Suit or Overcoat	11.00
18.00 Suit or Overcoat	12.00
20.00 Suit or Overcoat	13.34
21.50 Suit or Overcoat	14.34
22.50 Suit or Overcoat	15.04
23.50 Suit or Overcoat	15.67
25.00 Suit or Overcoat	16.68
27.50 Suit or Overcoat	18.34
30.00 Suit or Overcoat	20.00

ONE-HALF OFF

\$18.00 Suit or Overcoat	9.00
20.00 Suit or Overcoat	10.00
22.50 Suit or Overcoat	11.25

KENNERLY & MITCHELL

BIG DOUBLE STORE—THREE FLOORS

Home of Hart Schaffner & Marx Clothes and Regal Shoes

SALISBURY, MARYLAND

The Cohn & Bock Co.

PRINCESS ANNE, MARYLAND

Flour Meal

FEEDS

Scratch and Chick Feeds

HAY

HAMPERS

Shingles

Lath

LUMBER

The Cohn & Bock Co.

PRINCESS ANNE, MARYLAND

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.—This is to give notice that the subscriber has obtained from the Orphans' Court for Somerset County letters of administration on the estate of

GEORGE R. DENNIS

late of Somerset County, deceased. All persons having claims against said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscriber on or before the

Twenty-second Day of June, 1921.

or they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of said estate. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment. Given under my hand this 18th day of December, 1920.

JAMES U. DENNIS, Administrator of George R. Dennis, deceased. True Copy. Test: LAFAYETTE RUARK, Register of Wills.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.—This is to give notice that the subscriber has obtained from the Orphans' Court for Somerset County letters of administration on the estate of

JAMES H. LARRAMORE

late of Somerset County, deceased. All persons having claims against said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscriber on or before the

Twenty-second Day of June, 1921.

or they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of said estate. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment. Given under my hand this 28th day of November, 1920.

The Citizens National Bank of Pocomoke City, Administrator of James H. Larramore, deceased. True Copy. Test: LAFAYETTE RUARK, Register of Wills.

BIG RANCHES ONLY MEMORY

Progress of Civilization Has Done Away With the Picturesque Life of the Old West.

The big horse ranches have virtually gone out of existence with the passing of the Long X in Montana, says the Christian Science Monitor. The big cattle ranch long since succumbed to the onward march of the sheep ranger and the wired fence, and it was felt to be only a matter of time before the horse ranch would follow suit.

In this connection it is interesting to recall the circumstance that though the horse was unknown on the American continent when the Spaniards arrived, prehistoric evidences of the animal have been discovered in both North and South America. The Indians, who had domesticated the llama, the alpaca, and the dog, knew nothing of the horse, and were astonished by the sight of the strange and unfamiliar animals which the newcomers rode. Yet, with their introduction by the white races, horses which escaped soon ran wild and flourished on the same ranges where their ancient cousins had apparently lived, showing how well the country was suited to their needs. There are a few ranches today in the West where the rug in the principal room may be the hide of a wild horse, found in Nevada or in Arizona canyons.

Orchid Hunting Profitable.

Orchid hunting is a business that engages the efforts of many courageous adventurers, who explore the wildest and most remote parts of the world in the hope of finding rare or new varieties. Success in this kind of enterprise may bring large reward, inasmuch as a single plant may have a market value of thousands of dollars.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Medicine. Hall's Catarrh Medicine has been taken by catarrh sufferers for the past thirty-five years, and has become known as the most reliable remedy for Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Medicine acts thru the Blood on the Mucous surfaces, expelling the Poison from the Blood and healing the diseased portions. After you have taken Hall's Catarrh Medicine for a short time you will see a great improvement in your general health. Start taking Hall's Catarrh Medicine at once and get rid of catarrh. Send for testimonials, free. P. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio. Sold by all Druggists, etc.

[Advertisement.]

RULED KING IN SUCCESSION

Three Sisters of Noble Family Who Became the Favorites of Great French Monarch.

King Louis XIV of France fell in love with three sisters, one after the other, the daughters of the marquis of Nesle. The first was not a beauty, but she was a clever woman and a good dresser. Her reign ended after three years, when her younger sister appeared. The king's devotion to the first sister was a secret until Louis, after indulging too heavily in champagne, paid a call upon his wife, who was so disgusted by his condition that she ordered him to leave her presence. He was bitterly angered, and a few days later he publicly acknowledged his devotion to Mme. de Mailly.

Her younger sister, Pauline, came to the palace with the firm intent of winning the king from her sister. She did, but died suddenly shortly after her success. Then the third sister, Marie Anne, the young widow of the marquis of Tournelle, the most able, the most unscrupulous and the most beautiful of the family, appeared. Mme. de la Tournelle, in love with a young nobleman, refused to listen to the king. Louis sent his rival to war, but the young man came back wounded, and a hero. A young woman of great beauty was instructed to woo the king's rival, which she did so effectively that his passionate letters to her were sent to the king, who promptly showed them to Mme. de la Tournelle.

This crafty plot was successful, and the ambitious favorite, after insisting that her sister should be sent away, was given an official place at court and the title of the duchess of Chateauroux.

Evil in Deception.

Lying, a term in which we include deception of every kind, is the root of more evil in the world than the love of money ever was, though the latter is responsible for enough, in all conscience, and the two evils work handily together. If frank honesty were the rule of the world, boys, grown into men, would sin occasionally, but not frequently or continuously, as many of us do now. Deception is the great protector of crime, the great shield of vice. Eliminate it absolutely and you sever the tap roots of profiteering, defrauding of the employer, impurity, hypocrisy in the church, political corruption and wars of aggression.—Exchange.

Ford
THE UNIVERSAL CAR

I have the authority as Authorized Dealer for Ford Motor Co. to sell their products anywhere in United States

PRICES F. O. B. PRINCESS ANNE, MD.

Touring, plain	\$495.16
Touring, starter	568.05
Runabout, plain	448.30
Runabout, starter	521.19
Chassis, plain	405.23
Chassis, starter	476.96
Coupe, starter and Dem. wheels	812.74
Sedan, starter and Dem. wheels	864.80
Truck, 32x4 1-2 pneumatic tire	594.81
Fordson Tractor	819.85

Cars, Trucks and Tractors in stock for immediate delivery. Come and see me before purchasing.

WM. P. FITZGERALD

AUTHORIZED FORD DEALER

PRINCESS ANNE MARYLAND

FRANK BRANFORD

Contractor and Builder

PRINCESS ANNE, MARYLAND

Estimates Furnished

VULCANIZING

Work Guaranteed

LEE Pneumatic, FIRESTONE

Puncture-Proof, Cycle Tires and Tubes.

and Cord Tires, Rebuilt Tires

PUSEY BROTHERS

Princess Anne, Maryland

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.—This is to give notice that the subscribers have obtained from the Orphans' Court of Somerset County letters of administration on the estate of

ADDA G. QUIGLEY,

late of Somerset County, deceased. All persons having claims against said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscribers on or before the

Twenty-seventh Day of April, 1921.

or they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of said estate. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment. Given under my hand this 22nd day of October, 1920.

WINFIELD S. QUIGLEY and HENRY J. WATERS, Administrators of Adda G. Quigley, deceased. True Copy. Test: LAFAYETTE RUARK, Register of Wills.

10-26

Remember to look at the pink label on your paper and see if you owe us \$1.50.

Notice of Marriage and Deaths will be published free of charge, but obituary notices must be paid for at the rate of 10 cents per line.

BUSINESS POINTERS
Ten (10) cents a line for the first insertion and (5) cents thereafter.

Men's Pants as low as \$3.00 per pair.
FREDERICK J. FLURBE.

FRESH ROCK OYSTERS every day. In any quantity. OLEY PILCHARD.

FOR SALE—A carload of Egg Crates, just received. W. O. LANKFORD & SON.

MAPLE WOOD FOR SALE—Apply to CHARLES ROUNDS, Princess Anne, Md.

TRUCK FOR HIRE—Call at office of Auto Sales Co., Princess Anne, for service.

FOR SALE—Timothy Seed; Red Top, Seed Rye, Virginia Grey Winter Oats, etc. W. P. TODD.

MAKE YOUR HENS lay by feeding Tull-o-Pep Laying Mash. For sale by WESTOVER MILLS.

FOR SALE—Tankage, Beef Scrap, Gilt and all kinds of Chicken Feed, Roofing, etc. W. P. TODD.

Having decided to discontinue the delivery business I offer my Ford Truck, with commercial body, for sale. OSCAR F. JONES.

WANTED—To rent a farm with option to purchase. Full description and terms requested. E. O. CONKLING, 17 Montgomery avenue, Narberth, Pa.

FOR SALE—I have four Airedale and Collie Pups on hand that I will sell for \$2.00 each, if taken at once. P. E. TWINING, Princess Anne, Route 2.

HOUSEKEEPER WANTED—A white woman without children, to keep house and care for 3 children. Good home. Apply to JOHN B. WILLIAMS, Marion, Md.

WANTED—A colored man and wife, with no children, wishes a position on a farm or at other work. JOHN L. EVANS, Princess Anne, Md., Box 88.

WANTED—Man to work farm in place of good man who expects to leave Christmas. Good home, good wages, good neighborhood for right man. A. E. TULL, Marion Station, Md.

WANTED—Superintendent for Weekly Life, Health and Accident Insurance. Must understand weekly accounts. Commission only. Address National Life Insurance Co., U. S. A., Chicago, Ill.

NEW BARBER SHOP—I have opened a barber shop in the rear of Mr. F. D. Layfield's store, where I will give my personal attention to all patrons. Come in and see me. SHERMAN POWELL.

LADIES latest gold-filled chain and watch fob, warranted 10 years; beautiful—\$7.00; others charge \$15.00. I ask no money; write me to mail it to you to inspect. J. L. WOODCOCK, 4938 Olive street, Philadelphia, Pa.

GET INTO BUSINESS—Watkins 137 products sell to every farmer. If you own auto or team and can give bond, write today for information where you can get territory for selling products of largest institution of kind in the world. Twenty million users. J. R. WATKINS, Dept. 111, Winona, Minn.

"Fire Engine Fund Week," January 17th to 22nd, 1921. Have you given your donation yet?

Miss Bessie Stevenson, of Loretto, spent the holidays with her sister, Mrs. M. L. Mills, at Fruitland.

Maryland's county agents and farm specialists held a meeting at the Hotel Rennett, in Baltimore, last week.

Owing to the crowded condition of our columns by advertisements we have been compelled to omit many items of interest.

Mrs. Clarence W. Wheaton, Mrs. S. King White and Mrs. J. McF. Dick, of Salisbury, were visitors to Princess Anne last week.

Miss Etha Sirman, of Fruitland, has returned home after spending the week-end with her friend, Miss Bessie Stevenson, at Loretto.

Mr. and Mrs. Willard Sirman, who spent the holidays with their relatives in Princess Anne, have returned to their home in Chester, Pa.

Mr. Daniel Schierholt, formerly of Somerset county, but now of West Grove, Pa., is spending two weeks in Princess Anne on business.

The muskrat trapping season is now open and some fine specimens were on sale last week in Princess Anne. The meat is selling at 35 cents a pair.

The report of a complete survey of the oyster bottoms of the State says that the yield of oysters in the state will be greater this year than ever before.

The frequent occurrence of attempted "hold-ups" which are nightly taking place in the vicinity of Princess Anne and throughout the county is getting to be quite an annoyance and is likely to result seriously unless some definite action is taken to apprehend the offenders. Surely some steps should be taken to put a stop to this serious menace to the traveling public.

The Southern Convocation of the Diocese of Eastern of the Episcopal Church met in Salisbury yesterday (Monday) and will continue during today. The Convocation will be closed this (Tuesday) evening when a reception will be tendered Bishop and Mrs. Davenport by the rector, wardens, vestry and congregation of St. Peter's Church, at the Rectory.

Major E. Brooke Lee, Comptroller of the State Treasury, has announced the first distribution for 1921 of funds for the public schools of Baltimore city and the several counties of the State. The distribution totals \$653,375; the book fund of \$37,500 and \$12,500 for supplies. Somerset's allotment is, school tax, \$10,049.37; book fund, \$372.56; supplies, \$290.85.

The Lee Bonville Realty Company, of Pocomoke City, by advertisement on our 4th page, solicits improved farms to be placed in their hands for sale.

The R. L. Dollings Company, C. Victor Mathews, district manager, with headquarters at Easton, publishes the "Dividend Notice" of the company in today's issue of the Maryland and Herald.

There is always a news item in every section of the county and we want a correspondent in every town to send it in. During the year of 1921 we want everybody to send us all the news they may know of.

Mr. Joe Kindig, of Pocomoke City, advertises another car load of choice mules for sale in this issue, the sale to take place, rain or shine, at the stable of Mr. Calvin E. Townsend in that city on Saturday, January 22nd, beginning at 2 o'clock p. m. Mr. Kindig states that this will be the finest bunch of mules ever exposed for sale in that market.

The new license tags are vice-versa from those of last year and are very pretty. Last year's tags had a red background with white figures and this year the background is white with red figures. If you have not been lucky enough to receive your tags yet you will do well to keep your Lizzie indoors because the road cop may see you and you know what that will mean.

Mr. and Mrs. Alexander N. Griffith announced the engagement of their daughter, Helen Elizabeth, to Mr. Elmer M. Pusey, at a tea Sunday, December 26th, at their home, 2116 Connecticut avenue, Washington, D. C. Mr. Pusey is assistant to the National Director of Junior Red Cross, with headquarters in Washington, D. C., and is a son of Mr. S. M. Pusey, of Dublin district, this county.

Marriage Licenses

The following is a list of marriage licenses issued by the Clerk of the Circuit Court for Somerset county:

White—Wm. H. Farmer, 21, and Harriet K. Byrd, 20, both of Keller, Va. Howard R. Ward, 24, and Cecil Grace Cullen, 23, both of Crisfield. Lee Adams, 22, of Princess Anne, and Etta Fisher, 20, of Mt. Vernon. Wm. S. McDaniel, 50, of Pocomoke City, and Florence Turner, 41, of Marion. Louis Colonna, 21, of Accomac county, Va., and Bessie McCready, 21, of Parkley, Va. Abel R. Edley, 32, of Princess Anne, and Ethel Noble, 24, of Monie. Raymond K. Shores, 27, and Elizabeth L. Bozman, 22, both of Dames Quarter. Harvey Mears, 22, of Keller, Va., and Anglie M. Smith, 21, of Onancock, Va.

Colored—George N. Marshall, 55, of Pocomoke City, and Miriam Jones, 36, of Salisbury. Amos Boston, 21, of Marion, and Dora Milbourne, 18, of Maxmeco. George Poulson, 35, and Emma Jones, 21, both of Onley, Va. Sewell Savage, 24, of Wattsville, Va., and Lula Downing, 22, of Accomac county, Va.

When You Are Bilious

To promote a healthy action of the liver and correct the disorders caused by biliousness Chamberlain's Tablets are excellent. Try them and see how quickly they give you a relief for your food and banish that dull stupid feeling. [Advertisement.]

B. C. DRYDEN AUCTIONEER

PRINCESS ANNE, MD., ROUT 4.

When you need my services give me a call. Prices reasonable. Somerset people know I always give satisfaction.

G. W. WILSON AUCTIONEER

Princess Anne, Maryland

When you need my services call at 319 Church street. PRICES VERY REASONABLE

Dr. R. O. HIGGINS DENTIST

Successor to

Dr. E. W. SMITH

OFFICES 228 WEST MAIN STREET

SALISBURY MARYLAND

Gas Administered. Teeth Straightened

X-Rays. Telephone 744

PUBLIC SALE EIGHTEEN HEAD OF Horses and Mules

Saturday, January 15th, 1921

BEGINNING AT THE HOUR OF 1.30 P. M.

These Horses and Mules range in age from 3 to 15 years and were selected with the view of meeting the requirements of farmers and for general use. All sizes and kinds. If you get a horse or mule from me and it is not as represented, and you are not pleased, we will give you your money back. There are several nice pairs of young Mules and Horses in the lot. I will trade or sell any of this stock on Friday before offering it at Public Sale on Saturday, when everything will be sold regardless of price. If you have a horse or mule you are not pleased with come in and look over my stock. I can quit you. TERMS OF SALE to suit purchaser.

HARRY T. PHOEBUS

Friendship
Jan. 8—Miss E. Elizabeth Ball, after visiting in Salisbury and Fruitland, has returned home.

Mr. Lloyd R. Ballard is spending some time with his father, Mr. Truman Ballard, at Cattaraugus, N. Y.

Mr. Ralph Ruark, of Salisbury, who has been visiting his brother, Mr. Roscoe Ruark, returned home last Sunday.

Mr. C. Gladstone Ball, who has been spending a few days with his cousin, Mr. Rexford Costen, has returned home.

Mr. Otto Zueger, who has been spending the holidays with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Louis Zueger, has returned to Chester, Pa.

Mrs. Charles P. Henderson and little daughter, Grace, of Jersey City, N. J., are spending some time with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Charles C. Ball.

Mrs. Herbert Charnock and daughter, Lucille, of Cape Charles, Va., who have been visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Rufus Dryden, have returned home.

Private Louis Zueger, of the U. S. Signal Corps, stationed at Aberdeen, Md., is spending some time with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Louis Zueger.

Not If As Rich As Cresus

If you were as rich as Cresus you could not buy a better remedy for constipation than Chamberlain's Tablets. They are easy and pleasant to take and when the proper dose is taken produce a mild and gentle effect. They also strengthen the digestion. [Advertisement.]

NOTICE

To The Tax Payers Of Somerset County

I will be at WESTOVER, at Long Brothers store, on Thursday morning, Jan. 20th, and at CRISFIELD at W. Jerome Sterling & Co.'s store on Friday morning, Jan. 21st, 1921, for the purpose of receiving and collecting State and County Taxes. R. MARK WHITE Treasurer.

DR. H. C. ROBERTSON DENTIST

NITROUS OXIDE GAS WITH OXYGEN ADMINISTERED

Office—Prince William Street, opposite Court House

Princess Anne, Maryland

FIRE INSURANCE POLICIES

We beg to announce to our patrons and the public that we have taken over the Fire Insurance Business formerly conducted by Miss Ellen McMaster, and represent The Home Insurance Company and the Continental Insurance Company, of New York, and The Insurance Company of the State of Pennsylvania.

We will be pleased to take up the matter of Insurance with you on your Property or Automobile if you are not protected.

Call at our office at the Peoples Bank.

COSTEN & WHITE, Agents

Make Your Uncomfortable Eyes Comfortable By Wearing BURK'S Glasses



I. BURK

Registered Optometrist

Anderson's Jewelry Store Every Saturday

PRINCESS ANNE, MARYLAND

ATTRACTIONS FOR THIS WEEK AT THE AUDITORIUM Motion Pictures

TUESDAY NIGHT
Douglas MacLeón and Doris May in "What's Your Husband Doing" and a Rollick Comedy

THURSDAY NIGHT
W. W. Hodgkinson presents "Riders of the Dawn", and a Universal Comedy

SATURDAY NIGHT
7th Episode of "Bride 13," Sunshine Comedy, "Jazz Bandits," and a 2-Reel Western

Admission, 22 cents
Children, 17 cents
Gallery, 17 cents
Doors open 7.15; Pictures Start Promptly at 7.30; Second Picture at 9.00.



SAFETY SEALED IT CANNOT LEAK

No matter how it is carried in the pocket—upside down or sideways—ink cannot get out to stain hands or clothing. Each pen is sold with a written guarantee which covers a one-year accident policy. Repairs FREE

Prices \$2.50 to \$5.00

Come in and let us fit your hand

JONES & COLBORN

DRUGGISTS PRINCESS ANNE MARYLAND

For A Persistent Cough

Some years ago H. P. Burbage, a student at law in Greenville, S. C., had been troubled for a long while with a persistent cough which he says, "greatly alarmed me, causing me to fear that I was in the first stage of consumption." Having seen Chamberlain's Cough Remedy advertised he concluded to try it. "I soon felt a remarkable change and after using two bottles of the small size was permanently cured."

[Advertisement]

NOTICE

I am back in the old shop again and am prepared to do all kinds of repair work besides tire and tube vulcanizing, such as soldering, bicycle repairing and fine machine work.

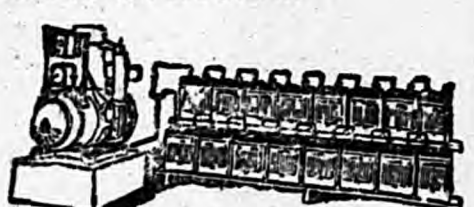
Motorcycles repaired, bought and sold. Used machines always on hand and for sale.

J. HENRY EXSTROM Princess Anne, Maryland

DELCO-LIGHT

The complete Electric Light and Power Plant

The safest, surest and most economical form of light and power.



ERNEST M. HAYMAN

Hardware—Stoves—Ranges

Paints, Oils and Varnishes

Farm implements, Building Material

Heating and Plumbing

Princess Anne, Maryland

LANKFORD'S DEPARTMENT ST

HOOSEIER

SAVES MILES OF STEPS



SPECIAL PRICES ON KITCHEN CABINETS THIS WEEK

W. O. LANKFORD & SON
EVERYTHING FOR THE HOME
PRINCESS ANNE MARYLAND

Slashing Prices

in the biggest Clearance Sale ever held in Princess Anne

Out goes our entire stock of merchandise at the lowest prices ever heard of in years. Every article reduced from

15% to 50%

We are overstocked and we are going to sell goods at some price. This is a straight-forward business proposition in which we are heavy losers while the public reaps the benefit of an opportunity that comes once in a lifetime.

30c. Mavis Talc. Powder at 17c.	50c. Table Oilcloth at 29c.	Coats, Suits, Skirts and Dresses At a Sacrifice At an average of 1/2 off less than . . .	50c. Pro-phy-lactic Tooth Brushes at 25c.	75c. Perfect Window Shades at 48c.
SHOES Real Savings on Fine Quality Merchandise. Values you have been Waiting for.		MILLINERY FOR ALMOST NOTHING 98c for Hats that sold up to \$4.00 \$1.98 for Hats that sold up to \$7.50 \$2.98 for Hats that sold up to \$12.00		
Hill's Muslin at 15c.	Two cakes Palm-olive Soap 13c.	Men's Clothing, Suits, Overcoats at throw-out prices. Our entire stock will be offered at prices that will MAKE YOU BUY Men's Work Pants as low as (per pair) \$1.48 Corduroy Pants for \$2.48 Men at . . . BOYS' SUITS, PANTS and OVERCOATS AT BIG SAVINGS		
FURNITURE and RUGS BLANKETS and COMFORTABLES Are also included in this sale		W. B. and Bon Ton CORSETS Onyx Silk Hose and all Underwear Are Included in this Sale Get one of our \$1.00 Brooms at 59c.		
Get one of our 35c. Feather Dusters for 10c.	\$10.00 QUILTS at \$5.95	BEDROOM SLIPPERS at 1/3 off		

Read over this advertisement and if you think we mean business come and ask for these bargains. You will find hundreds of others if you visit our store. TERMS OF SALE:—C A S H

NO CHARGES—NO MAIL ORDERS

Goodman's
BUSY CORNER

Chickens, Eggs, Etc., Exchanged for Goods

FOR INSULT

Hotel Proprietor Surely
Has Limit in the Matter
of Extortion.

Any stories are told," said Col. Ston P. Masters at a Fort Sheridan tea, "of French extortion. But the worst I have heard was related to me by an army friend.

"He went to a hotel in Paris without making a bargain about rates and dined altogether at restaurants with friends.

"One evening, as he was starting out as usual, the proprietor accosted him in the hall and inquired:

"I hope you're dining with us to-night, monsieur?"

"No, my friend answered, I have an engagement."

"The proprietor, with a despairing gesture, exclaimed:

"It is an insult to the establishment, monsieur, never to dine here."

"Not at all, my friend answered, and thought no more of the matter."

"But when he came to pay his hotel bill, although he had not eaten any meals there, he found this item:

"Twelve dinners—350 francs."

"But I took no dinners here," the guest protested to the proprietor; "you remarked about that to me yourself."

"I know you didn't," was the reply. "Had you taken those dinners the price would only have been 250 francs."

"And what are the extra hundred francs for?"

"For the insult, monsieur—for the insult!"

TREASURE IN NORTH AFRICA

French Writer Declares Land Is a Storehouse of Historical and Archeological Beauties.

North Africa—Morocco, Algeria—comprises, according to Louis Bertrand, writing in L'Illustration (Paris), a storehouse of historical and archeological treasures unsuspected by the great majority of Frenchmen. France's tricolor floats over these storied lands washed by the Mediterranean.

M. Bertrand concludes that most of his countrymen visit the colonial possession much as they would visit a spectacular review or something of the sort, as a bizarre experience of strange sounds and colors and muscle dancers; whereas, if they would but open their eyes, they might behold dead cities raising up their heads and almost hear the echoing footsteps of the Roman legions. He points, in fact, to North Africa as the richest museum of Latin antiquity in the world, where the ruins of the imperial occupation are thickly strewn for leagues, crying out for the pick and spade of the excavator. "From Volubilis in Morocco to Gigli in Tunis," declares the writer, "on a line 2,000 kilometers long, the Roman ruins are landmarks in Africa. With their triumphal arches, colonnades, pagan temples, basilicas and Christian burial places, they outline a shattered royal road without a peer."

Challenge to Thought.

When you can't do what you want to it's a challenge to think. If you can't do it, why can't you? The chances are you will find it is not right that it should be done at all. Or it may be that you are not the one to do it. You may want to swim the Niagara just below the falls so you can boast of doing what has not been done. You may want to fly to the moon so you can write of experiences never yet felt by man. You may even want to play the Jonah game so you can give your experiences of a few days in the deep. But you can't do it. The why lies in the fact that you are not made for such exploits. To attempt any one of them would be to tempt self-destruction. The crowd might stand by and watch you make the effort and when you failed they would call you a fool. When you can't do what you want to—think.—Grit.

Washington at Forty-four.

The authenticity of a portrait of Washington at forty-four by John Trumbull, painted on a mahogany panel eight by ten inches in size, has recently been established under peculiar and interesting circumstances, writes William H. Shelton, curator of the Jumel museum, in the International Studio. This picture has hung in the museum of Jumel mansion for six years in the collection of William Lanier Washington.

The head is interesting as showing Trumbull's recollection of Washington at forty-four, and his recollection was seconded by pen drawings made while on his staff in 1775. General Washington was forty-three years of age when he took command of the army at Boston.

Expected It White.

"Americans traveling for the first time in Europe," said Senator Brandegee at a Hartford dinner, "display provincial crudeness in many ways, but the faux pas a Boston leather profiteer made in a fashionable Parisian restaurant was pardonable. Thanks to prohibition he was quite uninitiated in the matter of table wines—he had made his pile after we went dry."

"Holy smoke, waiter," this profiteer exclaimed haughtily. "Look what you've brought me—yellow wine when I asked you for white!"

Hush Money.

Caller—Well, you are a good little boy. Are you always as quiet as this?

Johnny—No; but mother's going to give me a quarter if I don't say anything about your bald head.

JAPANESE AVERSE TO CHANGE

Idea That They Would Take Kindly to American-Built Houses Proved to Be Wrong.

With the double hope of business success and social service, a certain firm in Japan some years ago began the importation of American-made movable houses on a large scale. The houses, the firm believed, would offer very comfortable and cozy little homes at reasonable prices to the salary-earning classes of Nippon and would bring about a great improvement in the domestic life of the Japanese.

The enterprise, well-meaning as it undoubtedly was, turned out to be a failure. It was like an overzealous but enlightened missionary trying to impose the dogmas of Christianity on heathens, regardless of the latter's ideas, temperament and history. The Japanese have their own customs, modes of living and traditions, which, irrespective of whether they be good or bad, are dear to their hearts and hard to give up in a fortnight. Homes are the most basic of institutions, and house construction is the result of centuries of home life to a nation. To try to induce the Japanese to give up their houses immediately and dwell in the American-made houses is like trying to urge them to give up all Japanese ways of feeling, believing and thinking, and to adopt occidental ways of behavior. It is preposterous.—East and West News.

MEMENTOES OF GREAT ACTOR

Diary of Junius Brutus Booth and Other Interesting Relics Are Found in Old Theater.

Diaries and relics of Junius Brutus Booth, famous in the annals of the American stage, were brought to light by wreckers working on the reconstruction of the famous old Walnut Street Theater, at Philadelphia, Pa., the oldest playhouse in the United States.

Away up in the eaves, and there was no evidence to show how they were put there, were two big hampers of wicker, falling to pieces from age. The theater's manager had a ladder put up, and he and a workman started to ascend.

The ladder broke and the workman had some ribs fractured, but the hampers, when finally brought down, proved well worth the trouble.

They were full of old-time costumes, a diary of the famous actor, a license for Booth's father to practice law, signed by the king of England, and a collection of old playbills and programs that are invaluable today.

Alongside the hampers, resting across two beams, was a big, thin slab of marble. It was found to be a lithograph stone on which were made the pictures advertising John Sleeper Clark.

Arc and Microscope.

Before the Royal Microscopical society in London there was described a method of photographing objects magnified by the microscope. The light of the electric arc itself is employed, that of the incandescent lamps being shielded; the light itself is filtered, and thus a powerful monochromatic light, at the extreme limit of visibility, is obtained.

With this light excellent photographs of minute objects, under a magnification of 2,200 diameters, were made and exhibited upon a screen. The experimenter suggested that lenses specially corrected for the ultra-violet rays would enable photography to do for the microscope what it has already done for the telescope.—New York Evening Post.

Peanuts Gain in Popularity.

More than 2,000,000 acres in this country were planted with peanuts last year. The demand for them is increasing by leaps and bounds. They are one of the most nutritious foods known to man, one pound of them (shelled) containing nearly half a pound of fat and a quarter of a pound of protein, both high grade and readily digestible. For running the body machine they are three times as efficient as an equal weight of beef and five times as efficient as an equal weight of eggs.

Peanuts yield a sweet, wholesome cooking oil. A bushel of them in the shell will produce a gallon of oil. Many lard substitutes now sold and popular are peanut oil converted into a solid fat.

May Combine Languages.

It will be of interest not only to students of philology in general but to anyone who has wondered why Norway, Denmark and Sweden waste so much time through having three different languages to know that Adolf Noreen, long professor of philology at Upsala, has started a movement to bring the three languages more closely together. His task is stupendous, but since he is a philologist himself he may usher in the day when a drama written by a Dane can be played in Stockholm without being translated.

The Viciously Valuable Shark.

Sharks are now prized for their skin by manufacturers of shoes and leather articles. Special seines have been constructed with which to catch the man-fish, and as many as 200 a day have been captured. One hide, says Experimental Science, will produce 10 to 40 square feet of leather. The liver of the shark yields upon boiling with water a valuable oil, used in making glue, soap, paints and medicines. The meat is white, resembling halibut, and is edible.

LIFE SAVED BY PLUNDERERS

Badly Wounded Soldier Owed Recovery to Cuddiness of Ghouls Who Had Stripped Him.

It was at the battle of Edgehill, fought Oct. 23, 1642, that Sir Gervase Scroop was found upon the field to all appearances quite dead. This was on Sunday afternoon, when the battle took place, and it was not until the following Tuesday that Sir Gervase's son found the body of his father.

When discovered it was entirely naked, having been stripped by camp plunderers. The body was also covered with wounds, sixteen of a major nature being counted.

Being brought from the field, efforts were made to accomplish what appeared hopeless resuscitation. Rubbing was tried and after a long time a faint warmth pervaded the supposed corpse, finally resulting in voluntary movements of the limbs. Sir Gervase recovered completely and lived for ten years after what was considered almost a miraculous revivification.

The doctors were of the opinion that he owed his life really to the brutal indifference of the robbers, as the coldness of the nights had coagulated the blood and prevented him from bleeding to death. Had he been brought off the field, they said, and put in a warm place he would undoubtedly have died owing to the fact that he would not have received proper attention, but which circumstances provided.—Chicago Journal.

WONDERS OF HUMAN BODY

More Complex and in Greater Harmony Than Any Manufacturing Plant Possible to Imagine.

We engineers are apt to forget that the human body is the most wonderful work of engineering in the world. As a plant it is more complex than the largest works in existence, John H. Van Deventer writes in Industrial Management. Take the digestive tract, the lymphatic system, the framework of bones, the innumerable muscle motors, the co-ordinating functions performed by the liver, kidneys and other internal organs. And to go a step further, take the sensory departments. How about the wonderful optical plant in which colored moving pictures are instantaneously taken and developed? How about the phonographic department where the sound vibrations are received, recorded and reproduced? And the sense of touch so delicate that the fingers can be trained to feel flat spots on a steel ball which are not apparent to the eye? Think of the thousands of functions performed simultaneously, the routine ones automatically and those requiring judgment being cared for at the same time through other channels.

You will agree with me surely that the body contains the most elaborate organizations ever installed in any plant; that its component parts are examples of a finer kind of design than we will ever approximate and that the functions and their relations are co-ordinated more smoothly than we will ever be able to arrange human relations.

Indigestion

Many persons, otherwise vigorous and healthy, are bothered occasionally with indigestion. The effects of a disordered stomach on the system are dangerous, and prompt treatment of indigestion is important. "The only medicine I have needed has been something to aid digestion and clean the liver," writes Mr. Fred Ashby, a McKinney, Texas, farmer. "My medicine is

Thedford's

BLACK-DRAUGHT

for indigestion and stomach trouble of any kind. I have never found anything that touches the spot, like Black-Draught. I take it in broken doses after meals. For a long time I tried pills, which gripped and didn't give the good results. Black-Draught liver medicine is easy to take, easy to keep, inexpensive."

Get a package from your druggist today—Ask for and insist upon Thedford's—the only genuine.

Get it today.

EM

Kill That Cold With

HILL'S CASCARA QUININE
FOR Colds, Coughs AND La Grippe
Neglected Colds are Dangerous
Take no chances. Keep this standard remedy handy for the first sneeze.
Breaks up a cold in 24 hours—Relieves Grippe in 3 days—Excellent for Headache
Quinine in this form does not affect the head—Cascara is best Tonic Laxative—No Opium in Hill's.

ALL DRUGGISTS SELL IT

FOR STYLISH AND QUALITY PRINTING Bring your orders to the Marylander and Herald Office.



Paying the Fiddler

The country is recovering from the effects of its orgy of spending. Extravagance, profiteering and unbridled speculation have brought a burden to all. A cry for economy is heard all over the land.

Such conditions have occurred before and will occur again unless checked. In 1874 the Grange adopted its policy of thrift. It declared opposition to excessive salaries, high interest rates and exorbitant profits. It proclaimed the need for the most direct and friendly relations between producers and consumers, that wasteful trade practices might be eliminated.

This program represents the farmer's attitude now—as it did then. The Grange always has adhered to it. It has sought steadfastly to check needless extravagance, both private and public, both individual and governmental.

Our farmers, by reason of sane habits of living, are a great steadying force in the nation. But they need leadership and a common spokesman to widen their influence. The Grange offers you both!

THE COUNTRY GENTLEMAN is in full accord with these principles. It, too, is fighting the farmer's fight. By practical examples it shows how farmers can correct abuses. And it will make you acquainted with up-to-date and profitable farming methods that are being followed all over the country. This, however, is only a part of the help and pleasure you will get in a year's 52 big issues, which now cost only \$1.00. Find out for yourself! Let our secretary care for your order—today!

Somerset County Pomona Grange, No. 5

Mrs. E. F. WILSON, Secretary, Pocomoke City, Maryland
T. S. LAWSON, Master, Princess Anne, Maryland

Dear Secretary: I'm glad to see the Grange being pushed with good advertising. And here's my dollar for THE COUNTRY GENTLEMAN for a year—52 weekly issues. Please forward my order to the Publishers at Independence Square, Philadelphia, Pa.

(My Name) _____

(My Address) _____

(Town) _____

(State) _____

Finesse

By JACK LAWTON

(© 1920, Western Newspaper Union.)

Billy's face was joyful as, coming up the walk, he espied Patty on the veranda. Patty was bundled in a scarlet cape, for the autumn day was cold, and a scarlet leaf or two from the porch vine decorated her uncovered brown head.

"What is it?" she asked, anticipatingly. Billy sat down on the step at her side.

"It's come at last!" he said. "I'm in love."

Patty raised skeptical eyes; Patty also smiled.

"Don't be silly," she remarked.

"But I am in love," Billy insisted. "There's no doubt about it. I dream of her every night."

The girl's twinkling eyes suddenly sobered.

"But, Billy," she said, "You have never been serious in your life; how can you expect me now to believe?"

"Seriousness has always been there," Billy replied, cheerfully, "though apparently lying dormant. The fact now is that I love a woman and want desperately to win her for my wife. And if I thought that I could do it—Gosh!" ended Billy, expressively, his features expressing the forlornness of this possibility.

"Well," hummed Patty, airily, "Why don't you try? Why don't you try?"

"Have tried," Billy gloomily responded. "Don't seem to make any impression."

Patty studied her old friend appraisingly. It seemed strange to think of Billy as a friend; he was usually referred to as her "admirer."

Calmly Patty had accepted that implication; an admirer more or less meant little to Patty. They stood "up in rows," her young brother said, "to be selected from." Billy had just been one of the row. But now, it appeared, all Billy's admiration was centered upon another girl, and he was merely a friend.

"Any suggestions to make, concerning the siege?" he asked. "You ought to know a girl's heart pretty well, Patty. How does one go about taking it captive?"

"Nice of you to ask my advice," she drawled, sweetly, "but if you don't know your own girl's heart, Billy, how can I be expected to?"

The young man arose. His face had lost its bright hopefulness.

"Well, I'll be going," he said, slowly. "Anyway, I thought you'd be interested to know the truth."

He turned back abruptly.

"Won't you give me your hand and wish me success?"

It was a cold little hand that Billy held. The next moment he went swinging down the path. Patty's cheeks were burning crimson as her cape. All at once it came to her that Billy realized her own mistaken reading of his past devotion and was sorry.

In all her gay young life the girl had never known the strange desolation of the present enveloping her like the shadows. Billy had been a name to conjure with—Billy always nearby to smile at over the shoulder of some other swain; Billy to call, when evenings were long and one too weary to entertain. One was always sure of understanding from Billy. Billy, who himself could amuse, never too weary to read aloud, or to sing, while she, the selfish Patty, would sit dozing near the fire.

Now—Billy was in love, and Billy was going to be married! Of course no girl could be adamant enough to refuse him. Then she, Patty, must lose him forever. The loss of Billy would be an overwhelming thing. How could she get along without him?

At this point Patty cried. The couch cushions smothered her weeping, but the prostrate little form was shaken. Unsteadily, at last, the girl got to her feet. She must go upstairs to her room, before the family came. Some one was coming now. Hurrying blindly, Patty collided with that some one—it was Billy.

In a businesslike manner Billy turned on the lights. Determinedly he cupped the girl's trembling chin in his hands and looked into her tear-wet face. Then Billy's own face went down to meet the other.

"Glory!" he said, softly, "you do care, after all. Oh, Patty, my darling, you have seemed so indifferent. There wasn't any way that I could find out. I just had to know, so I gave you a jolt to surprise you out of yourself. But, oh! Patty—"

That young lady leaned comfortably back against the gray tweed shoulder. "Well, you surprised me, all right, Billy," she said.

Mother's Part.

Uncle Joe Cannon says there is absolutely nothing new in this agitation about the high cost of living. He says that years and years ago, when he was a poor, struggling attorney out in Illinois, he came unexpectedly on his two little girls, who were discussing just that question.

"I tell you," said little Helen, seven, "daddy's got to save."

"Yeth," answered her sister Milly, five, who lisped a bit, "but mother's gotta DO!"

Bereaved.

Kind Old Lady—Poor man! And are you married?

Weary Tramp—No, lady. I wouldn't be relying on total strangers for support if I had a wife, lady.—Answers.

HISTORIC HOUSE IN MARKET

Shakespeare Hotel at Stratford-on-Avon Recently Put Up at Auction in London.

On Thanksgiving day there was offered at auction in London the Shakespeare hotel at Stratford-on-Avon, a beautiful specimen of fourteenth century architecture, which for years has been the main resort of Americans and other tourists to Stratford-on-Avon.

The history of Stratford-on-Avon may be traced back for a period of 1,000 years, and as the birthplace of the great poet it has become a classic center visited annually by some 50,000 people. The Guard house, where Shakespeare was born; Shottery, where he courted Anne Hathaway; Charlotte Park, once the seat of Sir Thomas Lucy, whose displeasure Shakespeare incurred by stealing his deer; the Shakespeare Memorial theater, on the banks of the Avon, and Shakespeare's monument, are all places worthy of visiting in the old market town of Stratford-on-Avon.

The Shakespeare hotel, situated in the center of the town and close to the Shakespeare Memorial Theater, was erected in the fourteenth century, and has been in the hands of the late Mr. Justice's family since 1870. A few doors from the Shakespeare hotel is the Harvard house, which was the early home of the Harvard family, founders of Harvard university.

MUST PAY TRIBUTE TO ART

Not in Admiration, But in Current Coin, Is the Edict of the French Authorities.

After all these years of luxurious idleness the Venus de Milo must become a wage earner. The authorities of France have so decreed. And not only Venus, but Mona Lisa and all the other celebrities gathered in the Louvre, and in the Luxembourg and other galleries as well. For the flat has gone forth recently that hereafter those who have been accustomed to visit the museums of Paris day after day, finding their treasures free as air, must pay an admission fee. If you want to go to admire Venus in her crimson velvet seclusion you must pay for the privilege. To be sure, she is worth any price, you must admit. And when you go into the Salon Carre of the Louvre and stop to meditate about what the enigmatic Mona Lisa is meditating, you must pay for that, too. Not a separate admission for each department. No, they are all banded together in one big union, as it were, all those priceless treasures of each museum, and hereafter they will earn their keep.

Rafts May Cross Pacific.

Swedish lumbermen are on this coast investigating the possibility of rafting lumber from British Columbia to Europe. Lumber rafts of large size, called rafautes, have been successfully towed from Sweden to Great Britain, says the Scientific American. The Ocean Rafter Syndicate of London, England, has sent William Olsson of Stockholm, an experienced rafaute builder, here to investigate the possibility of adapting that method to British Columbia timber exports.

The rafautes are made of square timbers. Mr. Olsson, though expressing nothing definite, believes that the tremendous timbers of the British Columbia forests will make possible the construction and successful operation of rafautes far larger than the rafts now shipped out of the Baltic. Swedish structures carry 4,000,000 or 5,000,000 feet each. It is proposed that the British Columbia rafts will contain 15,000,000 to 20,000,000 feet.

Rothschild's Best Tip.

In 1871 a friend approached Baron Rothschild, the great financier, who was a firm believer in the maxim "Buy when everybody else is selling and sell when others are buying," and asked what the banker considered a first-class investment.

"Buy French rentes," said Rothschild; "you can get them cheaply now." French bonds were then selling at 63.

"But the streets of Paris are running with blood," objected his friend. "That's the reason you can buy them cheaply," replied the money baron.

A quarter of a century later in 1896 these bonds were selling at 105 and were considered as perhaps the most conservative investment in the world. —Wall Street Journal.

Filer's Good Work.

For revealing details hidden from horizontal observation, the value of the "bird's-eye" view was demonstrated anew in Iowa not long ago. The attention of a flier, circling about near Des Moines, was caught by various ribbons of smoke arising from apparently deserted regions, and closer inspection revealed a number of autos hidden in the brush, says Popular Mechanics Magazine. When the airman returned with a companion and made a landing, a large copper still was discovered, attended by four men and fed with corn from a wagon.

The Matrimonial Kind.

"The men's wear department is two aisles to the left, sir," said the officious floorwalker. "We are having a special sale of collars today." "I don't want any collars," said the meek-looking man who was waiting for his wife. "I've been wearing a pretty stiff one for twenty years." "The same collar, sir?" "The same. A preacher put it on me." —Birmingham Age-Herald.

DO YOU CATCH COLD EASILY?

Your Vitality Is Low—Resistance Weak

YOU NEED PEPTO-MANGAN

Rich, Red Blood Will Strengthen You And Put You On Your Feet—Able To Resist Colds

Your system normally healthy should never catch cold. Your body is adjusted to take care of sudden changes in the weather.

It is when you are run down and your vitality is low that your body cannot adjust itself. Then you take cold.

If you keep your blood in good condition, with plenty of red corpuscles, you will be strong and your body will easily adjust itself to sudden changes. You will throw off the cold germs that go flying into the air when someone with a cold sneezes.

Red-blooded men, women and children eat well. They have plenty of energy. They go along with a smile because they feel right.

Try Pepto-Mangan, the successful tonic. It is a wonderful blood builder. Take it for awhile till you feel right.

Pepto-Mangan is widely and heartily endorsed by physicians. It is effective and easy to take. It is prepared in both liquid and tablet form. The medicinal properties are the same. But be sure you get the genuine Pepto-Mangan—'Gude's.' Ask for it by name, and be sure the full name, 'Gude's Pepto-Mangan,' is on the package.—Advertisement.



Do You Want TO SELL Your Farm?

If so, list it with

Moore & Ford

WE are preparing our lists for 1921 and would like to have your farm listed.

MOORE & FORD

Princess Anne, Maryland

Wanted Worth-While Order.

A city in New Jersey having been for some time without a first-class book shop, the proprietor of one of the largest department stores announced that he would establish one if he were assured of the patronage of the book buyers who had done their purchasing in New York. A number of professional men readily agreed to this. The book shop was opened and clerks from other parts of the store were transferred to it. To one of these went a scholarly resident of the city to buy an erudite treatise on an obscure subject. It was not in stock and the customer asked that it be ordered, giving the names of the volume, its publisher and its author. The young saleswoman entered these on an order blank and stood looking expectantly.

"Have you all the details? Is there anything you do not understand?" inquired the customer.

"How many dozen do you want?" answered the salesgirl.

A Fair Week.

A man lately kept a meteorological diary of his wife's temper. It ran somewhat as follows:

"Monday—Rather cloudy; in the afternoon, rainy.

"Tuesday—Vaporish; brightened up a little towards evening.

"Wednesday—Changeable, gloomy, inclined to rain.

"Thursday—High wind, and some peals of thunder.

"Friday—Fair in the morning; variable till the afternoon; cloudy at night.

"Saturday—A gentle breeze, hazy; afternoon, a thick fog, and a few flashes of lightning.

"Sunday—Tempestuous and rainy; toward evening rather calmer."—London Answers.

WATCH THE BIG 4

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Keep the vital organs healthy by regularly taking the world's standard remedy for kidney, liver, bladder and uric acid troubles—

GOLD MEDAL HARLEM OIL CAPSULES

The National Remedy of Holland for centuries and endorsed by Queen Wilhelmina. At all druggists, three sizes. Look for the name Gold Medal on every box and accept no imitation.

Buy Your School and Office Supplies at

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PEOPLES BANK of SOMERSET COUNTY

PRINCESS ANNE MARYLAND

His Desperate Hour

By BENTLY PHILLIPS

(© 1920, Western Newspaper Union.)

Nathan sat at the window watching for Millicent to go by. This for many years had been one of the happy moments of his day. Long and faithfully had Nathan loved Millicent though he had never dared to tell her so. Fortune seemed to have parted them relentlessly and the patient man grieved that he could see no future of promise. Millicent from the days of her girlhood had known every advantage that a successful village banker could give his daughter, while Nathan after earning his way through school had fallen, as it were, into the harness of his invalid father, caring for the small and never prosperous farm that was their home.

Any opportunity of advancement which he might have had was blocked by present need. No person could be hired or persuaded to look after the exacting old cripple, and Nathan had ever been kind. So resignedly, he took up his burden, burying under plodding work his heart's eager desire. The few brief visits which he allowed himself at Millicent's home were joy spots in his life to be lived over again in memory during lonely hours in the house on the hill. It was long since Millicent's father had died leaving her quite alone and Nathan wondered with a sweet hope stirring his heart why she had not married.

"Miss Millicent," the young girls now called her.

She was beloved of them all. Nathan painted the farmhouse a shining white. In summer roses clambered over its neat door posts and from year to year the little place grew more inviting under his care. When his father was sick Millicent would come up the hill to call.

Nathan was not himself that summer. Discouragement is not a good tonic, and when he visited the old village practitioner he was not surprised to learn the truth. His heart showed disturbing symptoms.

"Too much hard work, boy," the old doctor said to him.

Nathan sighed as he went his homeward way. So this was to be the end of his future dreaming. All at once, he felt the need of sympathy and comfort. Nathan turned in at Millicent's gateway.

So entering the room he told his trouble abruptly, relentlessly watching her face the while.

"I came tonight," he said, "from Doctor Linley's. I have heart trouble, Millicent; pretty badly the doctor seems to think."

Nathan laughed shortly.

"Reckon I'll go like Dan," he said.

Millicent grew white. For a moment she had difficulty in speaking. "Oh, Nat!" she said then, "I don't believe it's as bad as that. Doctor Linley is old you know, and has old ideas. Doctor Benton is coming from the city tomorrow to see me. Promise Nat that you will come over while he is here."

Nathan turned away. He had heard of this city doctor's recent visits to Millicent's home. That fact lately had added much to his unhappiness.

"Good night," he said sadly and was gone. The voice of the invalid father called Millicent next morning over the phone.

"Nathan is sick," said the frightened old man, "and I thought maybe you would come and help us."

Miss Millicent's car made the hill quickly. Nathan was very sick indeed, she could see that. His breath came short and painfully, with an effort he beckoned her to his side. Constraint and humility forgotten in his desperate hour, Nathan grasped the hands of the woman he loved.

"Now that I am going," he said, "I must tell you. I cannot hurt you now to know—that I loved you always, Millicent—far too much to ask you to share the waste of my life."

"Nathan," the woman cried chokingly. She turned toward the door. "Doctor Benton is coming," she whispered. "I left word for him to follow. But before he comes, oh, my dearest, I want you to know that never has there been a moment when I would not have come to you gladly to take my place here as your wife. Nathan! Nathan! Why has it taken an hour like this to unlock your lips, the hour that is too late?"

When the doctor came from the sick man's room Miss Millicent met him near the door. Dumbly she waited his verdict. The young physician smiled reassuringly.

"Indigestion," he announced. "Been eating badly cooked food. He'll be all right in the morning."

"But," faltered Millicent, "Doctor Linley warned Nathan about his heart."

"Doctor Linley," the younger man confidently replied, "is a mistaken old fogey. Your patient's heart is perfectly sound. Will you be able now, Miss Millicent, to settle arrangements for the sale of your house or must I come out again?"

Millicent smiled as she glanced into Nathan's room.

"We will settle the sale now," she said.

Possible Solution.

"I see where a life guard has eloped with an heiress," remarked Mr. Glipping.

"That may explain something that has puzzled me a long time," said Mr. Gadspur.

"Well?"

"I've often wondered what they did in winter."

CO-EDS HAVE GROWN SONS



Boston, home of the infant prodigy, has produced something else new in the intellectual field, the middle-aged woman college student who is the mother of grown sons. There are two of her, and they both are studying law at Boston university. Mrs. Emmaline L. Green of Winthrop Highlands is 64 years old, and Mrs. Newton C. Chatham of Willsborough, Pa., is 48. The picture shows Mrs. Green, who is the mother of four grown sons.

AID FRANCE TO FIGHT PLAGUE

Rockefeller Foundation Turns Over Anti-Tuberculosis Department to Government.

Paris.—The Rockefeller foundation, which has been assisting France in its fight against tuberculosis for the last three years, has turned over to the complete control of France an elaborate anti-tuberculosis organization which has been developed in the department Eure-et-Loir, at a cost of 4,000,000 francs.

The organization, the most complete for its purpose in France, consists of 24 dispensaries, four complete isolation services, a departmental sanatorium and a modern departmental laboratory.

In addition to this, the Rockefeller foundation has started among the children of the department an organization known as the Modern Health Crusaders, a system of child education and having for its object the prevention of tuberculosis by the thorough teaching of hygiene.

SCION OF KINGS DESTITUTE

Brother of Late President de Arriaga of Portugal Is in the Poorhouse.

Lisbon, Portugal.—The newspaper, Seculo, says that Dr. Jose de Arriaga, anniversary man, historian, critic and savant and brother of the late President Manuel de Arriaga, is an inmate of the Lisbon poorhouse in ill health.

Dr. Jose de Arriaga resided for a long time in Brazil, where he collected notes on Brazilian life and literature. After his return to Portugal, when he was arranging with an editor for the publication of a book on Brazil, he was taken ill and was obliged, from utter lack of resources, to take refuge in the poorhouse.

He is a direct descendant of King Alfonso III of Portugal, in the seventh generation, and of King Ramiro II of Leon and Castile, and the twenty-fifth grandson of Hugh Capet, first king of France.

HUGE EAGLE ATTACKS BOY

Efforts of Entire Family Required to Save Lad From Monster Bird in Wyoming.

Glendo, Wyo.—It took the combined efforts of the Spaulding family to save 8-year-old Walter Spaulding from being carried away by a giant eagle at their ranch near here.

The huge bird, with a spread of eight feet, attacked Walter in the yard. He grasped the eagle by the neck and screamed for help.

John, Walter's 7-year-old brother, came to the rescue, and a third boy ran for help. Mrs. Spaulding beat off the bird with a stick and the eagle attacked her. She was saved when Mr. Spaulding came with a shotgun and dispatched the bird.

The two boys were severely lacerated by the eagle's claws.

Aged Couple Marry.

Cumberland, Wis.—Mrs. Maria De John of this city and Cyrigilano Barbiero of St. Paul were married recently in St. Paul. The bride is ninety-six years old and this is her third matrimonial venture. The bridegroom is also past ninety. The marriage was the culmination of a short courtship brought about by the efforts of a traveling salesman. The couple first went to Barron to get married, but when they found they would have to wait five days after the license was issued to get married, they took a train for St. Paul.

MEET GHOSTS IN OCEAN DEPTHS

Apparitions That Have Appeared to Divers While Exploring Beneath the Seas.

WHEN HIS DREAM CAME TRUE

Diver Has Desperate Struggle for Life When Companion Suddenly Goes Insane—Tapped on Shoulder by Double.

London.—Considering the number of people who have found a last resting place at the bottom of the sea, it is not surprising that divers should occasionally come across what are popularly known as ghosts.

A diver, while employed one day in bringing up various articles from the wreck of the Royal George, which went down off Spithead on August 28, 1782, being seized with a sudden fit of drowsiness, fell asleep. He dreamed three times in succession that just as he was about to pick up a curiously wrought silver dish from among a mass of debris, a very tall figure, dressed in a diving suit, sprang at him and tried to cut the lifeline.

As at this time the other two men he was working with were both of short stature, not in the least degree like the figure in his dream, he soon forgot it.

But great was his trepidation one morning when on turning up at his work he found one of his mates absent and a newcomer—a very tall man—in his place. Indeed, so alarmed was he that, on descending he took with him a stout cudgel and warned those in charge of the communication rope to be on the alert for a signal, however slight. On arriving at the bottom he was soon at work on the wreck, and, amid a pile of loose spars, he came upon a dish exactly like the one he had seen in his dreams.

When Diver's Dream Came True.

He was staring at it in a kind of dazed fashion when suddenly he saw his companion, the new diver, coming toward him, just as he had seen the figure in his dreams, and the next moment he was engaged in the most desperate struggle for his life.

He succeeded in administering such a severe blow on the hand of his assailant with his stick that the latter dropped the knife with which he had been armed, and before he could pick it up again our friend the dreamer had pulled the communication cord and was drawn up out of danger. It subsequently transpired that the new diver had gone raving mad.

Another curious case occurred not so many years ago off the coast of Galway. Some divers were employed in looking for the remains of Spanish treasures, when one of their party, wandering a little apart from the rest, saw a dim light in the distance.

Advancing toward it, he discovered that it proceeded from the porthole of a wreck of very ancient date.

Approaching the ship, not without trepidation, he peeped in, and saw, to his amazement, an old man, with a very long beard, kneeling down examining an iron clasped oaken chest. By and by he raised the lid, and dipping his hands in, drew them out full of golden coins, which he played with like a child plays with some new toy.

Tapped on Shoulder by Double.

The diver, happening at this juncture to make a noise, the old man turned round, revealing a face of the most ghastly pallor, which so terrified the diver that he turned tail and fled back to his mates with far more haste than dignity.

Pooh poohing his story, they went back with him, and there, sure enough, in the very spot he had described, was the ship, and what was even more wonderful, the chest of gold.

Lastly, there is the case of the diver who was repairing one of the London bridges. He had made his descent into the water, and was kneeling down examining the masonry, when he felt something tapping him on the shoulder. He looked round, when to his utmost terror he saw standing at his shoulder, peering down at him, an exact counterpart of himself.

The following day, against the advice of his wife, who was a Scot and very superstitious he again went down in the same place, and, a piece of loose masonry falling on him, he was killed.

"Certain Man" Answered Charge With 85 Yellowbacks

At the closing session of a revival meeting in Washington, N. C., an evangelist, Rev. B. F. McLendon, leaned over the pulpit and told his congregation that a certain man, present at the service, had not been true to his family, or his religion, but that if he would deposit a \$10 bill in the collection plate it would be taken as a token of his repentance and nothing further would be said, but that if he refused, the evangelist would publish his name.

The collection included 85 ten-dollar bills and five notes asking the evangelist to keep quiet, and promising the \$10 in the morning.

INTERESTED IN SAVING FORESTS

Conservation Of Timber Lands Now Found Good Policy

Reforestation and forest conservation, two subjects which only a few years ago were of little or no interest to the average timber operator, farmer, landowner and investing business man in Maryland, are steadily growing in favor, and in their present status are beginning to repay in some measure the work and efforts of the State Board of Forestry, which for many years has been doing missionary work in those fields.

This is the opinion of F. W. Besley, Maryland State Forester. According to Mr. Besley the planting and care of trees as a commercial enterprise has not been seriously considered in Maryland. It was practically impossible to interest landholders in this work. As the State owns only about 4000 acres of the State's total land area of 2,000,000 acres, most of the Board's work had to be done among private interests.

In late years the Board's work has been showing results. Many large landowners in the State, particularly on the Eastern Shore, have begun to reforest their lands, have planted the seeds and shrubs, which in 35 or 40 years will grow forests from which 25,000 board feet of lumber an acre may be cut.

The State's tree nurseries at College Park annually produce nearly a million tree shrubs, all of which are being bought by the people of the State for a nominal sum.

Little or no work in the field of reforestation is being done in the Western part of the State because of forest fires. The prevention and fighting of these fires, which in one day can wipe out the work of years, is occupying most of the Board's time in Western Maryland. The State spends only about \$6,000 a year in this work.

The problem of putting cut-over land areas to a beneficial and profitable use is one which is occupying the attention of the entire South, where there are millions of acres of these idle lands. In Maryland, said Mr. Besley, with its moderate climate and rich soils, reforestation could well be conducted as a solution for the problem.

TIME IS THE TEST

The Testimony Of Princess Anne People Stands The Test

The test of time is what tells the tale. The public soon finds out when misrepresentations are made, and merit alone will stand the test of time.

Princess Anne people appreciate merit, and many months ago local citizens publicly endorsed Doan's Kidney Pills; they do so still. Would a citizen make the statement which follows unless convinced that the article was just as represented? Below is testimony such as the sufferer from kidney ills is looking for.

Mrs. Carroll Hastings, stone road, Princess Anne, says: "For nearly seven years I had disordered kidneys and I was miserable and weak. I had a dragging-down pain in my back and my heart palpitated. Then again, I had sick headaches and dreadful pains in the small of my back. I was getting worse every day and I finally got Doan's Kidney Pills at Jones' drug store. The first box cured me of backache and the other symptoms were greatly relieved. Keeps Doan's on hand. Over nine years later, Mrs. Hastings said: 'I always keep Doan's Kidney Pills on hand in case I should need them. I recommend them whenever I have an opportunity.'"

Price 60c. at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—get Doan's Kidney Pills, the same that Mrs. Hastings had. Foster-Milburn Co., Mfgs., Buffalo, N. Y.

[Advertisement]

Let Us Know YOUR WANTS

If It Is Drugs, Drug Sundries, Toilet Articles, Eastman's Kodaks and Films, Patent Medicines, Stationery, Jewelry

OR ANYTHING YOU MAY THINK OF WE HAVE IT!

RUN TO

T. J. SMITH & CO.
EVERYBODY'S DRUGGISTS
Princess Anne, Maryland

NOTICE TO CREDITORS—This is to give notice that the subscriber has obtained from the Orphans' Court for Somerset County letters of administration on the estate of

SOLOMON BOWLAND,

late of Somerset county, deceased. All persons having claims against said deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with vouchers there- of, to the subscriber on or before the

Twenty-second Day of June, 1921,

or they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of said estate. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment. Given under my hand this 15th day of December, 1920.

SAMUEL BOWLAND,

Administrator of Solomon Bowland, dec'd.

True Copy. Test: LAFAYETTE SQUARE,

Register of Wills.

15-21



Save Your Profits

The dollars that come to you bring a profit only if you can save some part of them. Scan every dollar you spend during 1921. Do not let them slip through your fingers carelessly. Save and bank some amount regularly. Make your earnings during 1921 show a profit for you.

BANK OF SOMERSET PRINCESS ANNE, MARYLAND

Capital and Surplus \$ 240,000.00
Resources 1,500,000.00



"More Food"

demanding the city consumer. Farmers responded with the biggest crops they had grown for years. Then what happened? Poor transportation facilities, high freight rates, concerted consumer effort to lower prices on farm products. How can farmers sell at a fair profit?

The COUNTRY GENTLEMAN

for next week carries a great story showing how farmers are shouldering marketing problems that really belong to the city consumer and are solving them where he has failed.

Careful farming methods had resulted in bumper crops in New Jersey. New York City needed the food; but New York City offered little cooperation toward getting it. How the State Bureau of Markets stepped in, securing adequate transportation and developing a unique system of direct market-

ing, is the theme of this most suggestive and helpful article. In marketing, as in every other farm problem, THE COUNTRY GENTLEMAN presents the up-to-date, useful fact stuff it will pay you to read. And the 52 big weekly issues that reach you during a year cost but \$1.00—and they're a bargain.

You'd better order today—through me!

Ronald Burt
Westover Maryland

An authorized subscription representative of
The Country Gentleman The Ladies Home Journal The Saturday Evening Post
52 issues—\$1.00 12 issues—\$2.00 52 issues—\$2.50

EFFICIENCY

The business man, efficient himself, quickly recognizes efficiency in others.

He expects efficiency from those in his employ and from all who serve him in business capacities.

Naturally, then, an institution favored extensively by business interests—as this institution is—must be efficient in the broadest interpretation of the word.

**PEOPLES BANK
of SOMERSET COUNTY**
PRINCESS ANNE, MD.

Buy Now!—Prices Are Down!

Men's Suits

1/2 off
the original price

\$50.00 Suits at \$25.00

\$40.00 Suits at \$20.00

\$35.00 Suits at \$17.50

All Men's Shoes

All Ladies' Shoes

1-5 Off

1-4 Off

the original prices

the original prices

Terms Cash

No Alterations

John W. Morris & Sons, Inc.

SHOES FOR THE WHOLE FAMILY
CLOTHING FOR MEN AND BOYS

PRINCESS ANNE, MARYLAND



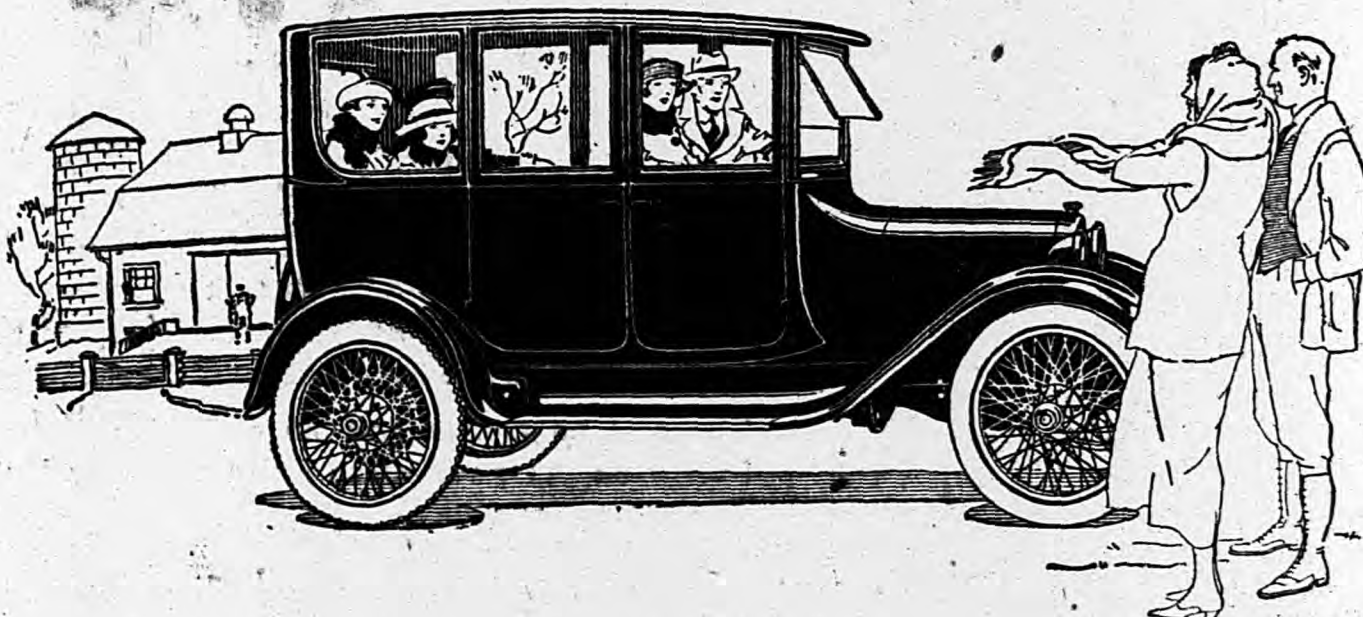
DODGE BROTHERS 4 DOOR SEDAN

The most prized possession in thousands of American homes.

Because it adds most to the convenience, comfort and enjoyment of the entire family, and at small cost.

The gasoline consumption is unusually low
The tire mileage is unusually high

L. W. GUNBY COMPANY
SALISBURY MARYLAND



MARYLANDER AND HERALD

DEVOTED TO THE INTERESTS OF PRINCESS ANNE AND SOMERSET COUNTY

THE MARYLANDER, Established 1862
SOMERSET HERALD, 1828

PRINCESS ANNE, MARYLAND, JANUARY 18, 1921

Vol. XXIII No. 24

WARNED TO FILE INCOME TAX

Returns For 1920 Must Be Turned In By March 15th, 1921

For the information of former taxpayers, lest they forget, and also for the new taxpayers, advance advice is being handed out on what is required of those who are liable to tax.

The United States Government requires that every single person, man, woman or child whose net income for last year was \$1,000 or more, and every married person whose net income was \$2,000 or more must file a return with the Collector of Internal Revenue in the district in which they reside.

The period for filing returns for the calendar year 1920 is from January 1 to March 15. Forms will be sent to persons who last year filed returns of 1919 income. Failure to receive a form, however, does not relieve a person of his obligation to file a return and pay the tax on time.

The exemptions for 1920 are \$1,000 for single persons, \$2,000 for married persons and heads of families, plus \$200 for each dependent if under eighteen years of age or incapable of self-support.

The tax, this year as last, may be paid in full at the time of filing the return or in four equal installments, due on or before March 15, June 15, September 15 and December 15. The first installment must accompany the filing of the return. Forms 1040A for incomes of \$5,000 and less and 1040 for incomes of more than \$5,000 have been revised and contain instructions which if carefully read and followed will be of great aid to the taxpayers in the making of the return.

Fire Engine Week

This is "Fire Engine Week" and it is the duty of every citizen of Princess Anne to make it a memorable one by putting forth extraordinary effort to raise the necessary amount for the purchase of a fire engine and apparatus for adequate fire protection. The solicitors report that up to last Wednesday night, the 12th inst., \$4,000 had been raised.

It is very gratifying to note that so much interest is being manifested in this movement to get an engine, and it is by such unity of common purpose that all towns advance to a more progressive, up-to-date community.

Hand in your donation at once. Send to E. H. Cohn, treasurer, or go to F. D. Layfield, Oscar F. Jones, H. Edwin Hayman or Jones & Colborn.

Our issue last week contained a list of those who had contributed up to Friday, January 7th, and below we give a list of those who have contributed since that time up to and including Friday, January 14th:

Auto Sales Co.	Layfield, R. W.
Adams, Morris H.	Lloyd, Charles C.
Blodsworth, Charles	Lankford, Mrs. Elizabeth
Brantford, Frank	Lankford, Columbus
Bell, Mary E.	Lankford, W. O. & Son
Ball, C. C.	McAllen, George U.
Brown, William J.	McAllen, Everett
Brickell, John W.	McMaster, Mrs. Wm. S.
Costen, Mark L.	Peoples Bank
Collins, Miss Susie	Powell, J. Arthur
Dashell, Rufus	Pusey, Curtis C.
Duer, Robert F.	Pusey, Warren R.
Dougherty, B. H.	Reid, Joseph B.
Dashell, Harry C.	Ross, Elton H.
Flumer, Fred J.	Revelle, J. Walter
Fitzgerald, W. Stewart	Smith, E. Mace
Gale, Mrs. William H.	Smith, John R.
Garwood, Somers D.	Tull, Gordon
Hayman, J. Sidney	White, Hattie
Holland, John E.	Walker, Theo. A.
Jones, Mrs. Dewwood	Walker, Paul
Jones, Miss Dorothy	Wallop, J. Douglas
Jones, Robert S.	Warwick, James A.
Justin, John	Walker, Malcolm
Kalmeyer, William	White, Vernon
Lankford, Miss Mary E.	

Is your name there?

Hoffman-Porter Wedding

Miss Sarah Louise Porter, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William W. Porter, of Princess Anne, and Mr. Russell R. Hoffman, of Keyser, West Virginia, were married Saturday, the 15th inst., in Cumberland, Md.

Miss Porter has been employed by E. I. DuPont de Nemours Company, at Wilmington, Del., for the past four years. Mr. Hoffman is employed by the B. & O. Railroad Company.

The bride wore a beautiful dark blue tricolette suit and hat to match and carried cream rose buds. After the wedding the couple left for a trip south. Upon their return they will make their home in Keyser, West Virginia, where Mr. Hoffman is now employed.

Attended Pastmasters' Meeting

Quite a large number of Masons met in Snow Hill last Thursday afternoon to attend the Seventh Annual Meeting of the Pastmasters' Association of Somerset and Worcester counties. A program arranged for the meeting was given in the Masonic Hall, and dinner was served at the Purnell at seven o'clock in the evening. After dinner the Pastmasters again returned to the hall and completed the program. Members from Princess Anne who attended were Col. Henry J. Waters, Messrs. Thomas H. Bock, E. Herrman Cohn, James R. Stewart, John B. Roberts and Omar J. Crowell.

It must be hard to have such a large income that one can't pay the tax on it.

SEVERAL PROPERTY TRANSFERS

Recorded In The Office Of The Circuit Court For Somerset County

Thomas G. Nock from Wm. H. Mason and wife, land in Dublin district; consideration \$5,000 and other valuable considerations.

Charles H. Ward and wife from Aden Davis and wife, 2 1/2 acres in Lawson's district; consideration \$300.

Argie G. Sterling from John T. Bozman and others, land in Asbury district; consideration \$10.

Edgar F. Dryden from Milton L. Vessey and wife, 54 acres in Dublin district; consideration \$1,000 and other valuable considerations.

Katie H. Sterling from L. Cooper Dize and wife, land in Crisfield; consideration \$600.

Charles L. Whittington from Sarah R. Tull, 9 1/2 acres in Brinkley's district; consideration \$5,500.

Ernest O. Sudler from Gordon Tull, trustee, 2 acres in West Princess Anne district; consideration \$625.

L. Cooper Dize from Kate H. Sterling, executor, land in Crisfield; consideration \$600.

Wm. H. James and wife from Thomas H. Kiah, land in West Princess Anne district; consideration \$200.

J. Harry Young and another from Fred W. C. Quinn, 90 acres in Dublin district; consideration \$100 and other valuable considerations.

Wilbur L. Watkins from Lewis C. Linebarger and wife, 163 1/2 acres in Mt. Vernon district; consideration \$10,000.

Willie S. Gunter and another from Harvey C. Churn and wife, 249 acres in Dublin district; consideration \$15,000.

Elizabeth Woods from George H. Myers, trustee, 75 acres in East Princess Anne district; consideration \$3,350.

Robert S. Jones from E. Mace Smith and wife, 40 and 58-100 acres in West Princess Anne district; consideration \$1,000 and other valuable considerations.

Soldier's Body Arrives Home

The body of Ronald Daugherty, first-class musician, who died in France, reached New York early last week and was brought home on the night train last Thursday for burial. A corporal of the regular army accompanied the body to Crisfield. Funeral services were held last Saturday afternoon at Immanuel M. E. Church. The funeral was in charge of the American Legion who gave their comrade a military funeral.

Surviving are his father, Mr. I. Thos. Daugherty, one brother, Mr. Robert Daugherty, of Crisfield, and one sister, Mrs. Fred Mills, of Philadelphia.

Musician Daugherty had been in the service of this country several years before seeing active service on foreign soil. His original enlistment was with the Maryland National Guard. During the border trouble with Mexico he was with Company L and later transferred to Headquarters Company of the One Hundred and Fifteenth Maryland Infantry. When the United States entered the war he again responded to the call. It was while he was in France that he succumbed to pneumonia on October 10th, 1918.

Harding's Total Plurality 7,001,763

Senator Harding's plurality over Governor Cox in the Presidential election of last November was 7,001,763, according to compilations from the official reports of the State election canvassing boards made public last week. That is the largest plurality ever given for a candidate.

The total popular vote for Senator Harding was 16,141,629, or within approximately 2,000,000 of the total popular vote for all candidates in 1917. Cox got 9,139,866. The vote for other Presidential candidates was:

Debs, Socialists, 914,869; Watkins, Prohibitionist, 187,470; Christensen, Farmer-Labor, 252,435; Cox, Socialist-Labor, 42,950; Macaulay, Single Tax, 5,747. In Texas the American party polled 47,495.

The total popular vote cast was 26,759,708, as against a total of 18,515,340 cast in 1916, the difference being brought up largely by women votes.

The figures for Senator Harding and Governor Cox as reported by the State canvassing boards show that Harding's vote in Maryland was 236,147 and for Cox 180,626.

Dr. Barnes Elected Bank Director

At the recent meeting of the stockholders of the Peoples Bank of Somerset County—Omar J. Crowell, cashier—Dr. H. A. Barnes was elected a director of the bank to succeed W. T. G. Polk, deceased.

China's Need Grows More Intense

Five provinces of Northern China are in the grip of the worst famine in the world's history. Forty-five million are starving. Ten thousand are dying daily. Who will give them a loaf of bread?

WILL BE FREE FROM EXPENSE

Harding's Inauguration Will Be Conducted With Simplicity

Extreme simplicity will mark the inaugural ceremonies of President Harding. It was decided last Tuesday by the joint congressional committee on inauguration. He will take the oath of office and deliver his address in the Senate chamber, and probably not more than 1000 spectators outside of officials of the House, Senate, Supreme Court and members of the Diplomatic Corps will witness the event.

Instead of using the \$50,000 Congress already has appropriated for governmental expenses, such as the erection of a platform and amphitheater at the east front of the Capitol, the preparing of engraved invitations, the enlisting of additional police and similar incidents, the total governmental expenses is expected to be not more than \$3,000.

There will be no ceremony on the eastern portico of the Capitol, no parade and no inaugural ball. The President and Vice-President-elect will merely take the oath of office in the small chamber of the upper branch of Congress and "go to work."

The telegram that Senator P. C. Knox, chairman of the joint inaugural committee, sent to Mr. Harding last Tuesday follows:

"The joint committee on inauguration has received your telegram, transmitted through me as chairman, dated January 10, 1921, indicating your desire for extreme simplicity in the inaugural ceremonies on March 4 next and that the same shall be conducted practically without expense. The committee has considered your suggestion in the spirit in which it was made and decided, subject to your approval, that the inaugural ceremonies shall take place in the Senate chamber, which involves no disturbance of the arrangements incident to the inauguration of the Vice-President and involves no expense, except such incidental expenses for police as the circumstances may require."

Movie Actors Risk Lives In Blast

Staging an explosion 1,100 feet below ground in a mine and taking motion pictures of it is no mean feat. Credit is due to Director Richard Stanton for having accomplished this in the filming of "Bride 13," William Fox's great serial.

The action called for a pirate band to pursue the hero and heroine in the depths of a mine. The pictures were taken in a real mine, studio lamps having been lowered to furnish sufficient light.

The hero and the heroine eluded the pirates, who determined to destroy the mine and the boy and girl with it. They hurled dynamite down the shaft, and in the picture the tremendous effect of the explosion is seen.

Director Stanton actually set off an explosion in the mine—a risky undertaking for his company.

A great volume of poisonous fumes was created, but the backdraft from the mine shaft carried these to the surface. No one was injured, but the director, actors, cameramen and others coughed a great deal for the rest of the day.

The explosion occurs in the eighth episode of "Bride 13," which will be presented at the Auditorium, Princess Anne, next Saturday night.

Seated In Crisfield Council

Judges Patterson, Duer and Bailey, of the First Judicial Circuit, last week handed down a decision confirming the right of William H. Pierce to be a member of the City Council of Crisfield and dismissing the mandamus proceedings instituted by Benjamin H. Somers, one of the defeated candidates for office.

At the election held on June 2, 1920, E. P. Wyatt was elected mayor and W. H. Pierce, David Saltz and S. R. Sterling councilmen. According to the wording of the city charter, the retiring councilmen are the judges of the eligibility and qualifications of the newly elected councilmen. The councilmen whose terms were about to expire decided that Mr. Pierce was not eligible to the office because the charter required that a person eligible for the office should be a taxpayer. Mr. Pierce took an appeal from the decision of the retiring councilmen to the Circuit Court, and the court has ruled that he was a taxpayer, and, therefore, eligible to the office.

About the same time B. F. Somers and others got out a writ of mandamus asking the court to oust Mr. Pierce and seat Mr. Somers, alleging that the appeal on the part of Pierce from the decision of the retiring councilmen was not filed in proper form and alleging other irregularities, but the court failed to sustain the contention of Mr. Somers.

This is "Fire Engine Fund Week." Have you given your donation?

BUSINESS CONDITIONS ON 'SHORE

Better Shape Financially Than Was Previously Estimated

According to R. G. Dunn & Co., business conditions on the Delmarvia Peninsula, comprising the State of Delaware, nine counties on the Eastern Shore of Maryland and two counties on the Eastern Shore of Virginia, are about on a par with conditions as reported in other sections of the country. The first six months of the year just closed was featured by unusually high prices for practically all commodities, but since about July 1 prices have been on the decline until at the present time a number of articles, particularly all food, are being sold at quite a loss to the producer, and while wholesale and retail business is dull at the present time a large number of merchants and manufacturers report that the gross sales for 1920 are about equal the last few months have been decidedly below the average.

The acreage of white potatoes in this section was much larger than usual, the yield about normal. The acreage of sweet potatoes was lighter than previous years and the yield of this crop about normal. One of the largest produce shippers in this section reports their gross sales for the year at \$19,000,000 as compared with \$13,000,000 for 1919.

Strawberries and early white potatoes appear to have paid well in lower Delaware and on the Eastern Shore of Maryland, but nearly all other crops with the exception of peaches and apples were a failure in regard to financial returns.

The past season has been a disastrous one for a number of canners, a large number of whom still have a part, if not all, of their 1919 pack on hand and a number of canneries were not operating this season. It is reported that, generally speaking, the farmers' purchasing power has greatly depreciated and since this peninsula is primarily an agricultural section, all lines of industry are thereby affected. Money in most sections is reported scarce and at a premium.

In most of the seafood centers on the peninsula the past year has been reported as a favorable one.

Failures for the year show that the community as a whole is in better shape financially than was previously estimated. There were twenty-three failures in Delaware; seventeen in Maryland and eight in Virginia. In 1916 there were 32 failures in Delaware; 27 in Maryland and 4 in Virginia. In 1914 there were 43 in Delaware; 6 in Maryland and 3 in Virginia. The first quarter ending March 31, 1921, appears to have been the "banner" quarter for failures in this section. During this quarter there was a total of 50 failures in this district.

Readjustment and Prosperity

Although it is estimated that between 300,000 and 400,000 men are out of employment in the United States and the problem is therefore assuming somewhat serious proportions, nevertheless, the labor shortage has been terminated, strikes practically eliminated and the prospect of a lower wage is being more favorably received.

It is very generally understood that the farmers have been hit the hardest by the fall in food prices. Various proposals have been put forth as to how the condition can best be met.

Manufacturers, producers, retail merchants and other business interests maintain that they are taking a loss proportionate to that of the farmer's loss, but it is generally conceded that agriculture is bearing the brunt of the present situation.

Predictions are made that the good which this ill wind will blow to the farming interests of the country will be in the placing of farming on a business basis which will insure an adequate profit.

In fact, some of the most optimistic signs pointing the way toward a year of final readjustment and prosperity is that which indicates a marked improvement in the country's economic relationships in general.

Now that our banking system has proven equal to this tremendous strain, which has been placed upon it, with labor and capital uniting to lower production costs and with the entire people of the nation moving forward on a saner and more sensible basis, it seems fair to predict prosperity if not an actual business boom.

Mr. Pittman Carey, while felling a tree near his home in Somerset last Thursday, had the misfortune to be caught under it, sustaining severe injuries and breaking his leg just above the knee. He was rushed to the Salisbury hospital where his injuries received attention and the broken bones set. He is doing as nicely as could be expected under the circumstances.

BAR PAYS TRIBUTE TO LAWYERS

Lloyd And Hodson Eulogized By Princess Anne Attorneys

The January term of the Circuit Court for Somerset County convened in the Court House Monday morning of last week. After the call of the docket Col. Henry J. Waters reminded the Court of the recent death of former Judge Henry Lloyd, of Cambridge, and moved that resolutions upon his death be offered. The court adjourned until the afternoon, after appointing a committee to prepare resolutions.

In the afternoon resolutions upon the death of Judge Lloyd were presented. After reading these resolutions, Mr. H. Fillmore Lankford offered resolutions prepared upon the death of Col. Thomas S. Hodson, for nearly half a century a member of the Somerset bar. The resolutions follow:

The committee—Colonel Henry J. Waters, Messrs. Gordon Tull and Geo. H. Meyers—appointed by the Circuit Court for Somerset County to draw resolutions giving expression to the sentiment of this bar upon the occasion of the death of ex-Judge Henry Lloyd, respectfully reports:

Resolved, That in the death of ex-Judge Henry Lloyd which occurred at his home in Cambridge, Md., since this Court was last in session, this Judicial Circuit has lost an able representative and a lawyer of clear, quick and vigorous understanding; that during the many years in which he served this Circuit as Associate Judge of this Court his conduct was uniformly such as to make it manifest to all that he was possessed of the highest conception of the duties of the office of Associate Judge; that by his great learning and painstaking attention to every matter which came before him for adjudication he won the uniform respect of the members of this Bar, and of this Circuit as a public official of high order, and that by his kindness, patience and strict impartiality further established himself in the affection and esteem of all who came in contact with him.

Resolved, That it is with profound sorrow that we record the death of Judge Lloyd, and that the sympathy of this Bench and Bar be extended to his bereaved family.

Resolved, That this resolution be spread upon the minutes of this Court.

The committee—H. Fillmore Lankford, Joshua W. Miles and Henry J. Waters—appointed by the Court to prepare resolutions expressive of the feeling of the Bench and Bar upon the death of the late Thomas S. Hodson respectfully present the following resolutions:

Whereas, It has pleased the Great Arbiter of all lives and destinies to remove from the scene of his earthly labors Hon. Thomas S. Hodson, who for almost half a century was an active member of the Somerset County Bar, and whereas, It is seemly that we who survive him and who were brought into pleasant social, business and professional relations with him should testify to the high regard in which he was held. Therefore,

Resolved, That we bear testimony to his ability, his scholarship, his integrity, his industry, to his zeal in behalf of his clients and all public measures which he advocated, to his unflinching courage in defense of what he believed to be right, to his usefulness to the community in which he made his home, to his gentlemanly bearing and the kindness of his disposition.

Resolved, That in the death of Mr. Hodson, the Bar has lost a pure and upright member, his clients and friends a safe and wise counselor, the State, and more especially the city in which he lived, a distinguished and useful citizen, and his family a devoted husband and father and friend.

Resolved, That while in the course of nature we could not have encouraged the hope of enjoying much longer his presence at this trial table, we deplore his death, not only because of the high place which he held in the hearts of our people, but chiefly because of the lasting good which comes to a community from a living example of exalted character and sterling worth.

Resolved, That the Court be requested to spread these resolutions upon its minutes as a perpetual memorial of the esteem in which Mr. Hodson was held by those who knew him best.

Death Of Mr. R. H. Dougherty

News was received last Saturday evening that Mr. R. H. Dougherty, brother of Mr. Z. J. Dougherty, of this town, had died suddenly that morning at the home of his daughter, Mrs. Peter Hamilton, in Brooklyn, N. Y. The deceased was about 81 years of age. He is survived by two children, Mrs. Peter Hamilton and Mr. Harry R. Dougherty, both of New York.

Mr. Dougherty married Miss Annie Franklin, daughter of the late Judge John R. Franklin, of Snow Hill, Md. She died some years ago.

For a number of years Mr. Dougherty and his brother, Z. James Dougherty, were partners in business in Princess Anne. After the firm was dissolved the former engaged in business in Baltimore and subsequently removed to Brooklyn.

Funeral services will be held this (Tuesday) morning at Snow Hill, Md.

This is "Fire Engine Fund Week." Have you given your donation?

SOMERSET COUNTY HAPPENINGS

News Items Gathered By Our Correspondents During The Week

Venton

Jan. 15—Mrs. Earl Smith is confined to her bed with a severe attack of tonsillitis.

Miss Dorothy Baltz, of Princess Anne, spent the week-end with Miss Juanita Reese.

Mr. and Mrs. Mace Smith and son spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Roy W. Smith.

Mrs. Margaret Austin and daughter, Miss Catherine Austin, have gone to Baltimore for the winter.

Mr. Roy Smith, a groceryman of this place, has been having a succession of sales. He expects to go out of business soon.

Miss Edna and Murrell Gardner have returned to their home after a lengthy visit with friends and relatives in Baltimore.

We are glad to report that Miss Ann Anderson, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Upshur Anderson, is much improved at this writing.

Mr. Ellis Bozman made his regular Sunday visit on Deal's Island and when crossing the bridge came very close to a serious accident.

Mrs. Andrews, of New York state, is temporarily making her home with her nephew, Mr. Earl J. Austin, hoping to improve her health.

Miss Nellie McDaniel and her brother, Underwood McDaniel, have returned home after spending the past two months in Baltimore.

A number of ladies of the neighborhood were to meet in Jr. O. U. A. M. Hall for the purpose of organizing a Ladies' Aid last Wednesday evening, but owing to the bad weather the meeting was postponed until next Wednesday evening.

A committee composed of Messrs. Joseph B. Reese, chairman; Ralph B. Cullen, Herman F. Pusey, Roy W. Smith and William Caton left for Baltimore Wednesday to appear before the State Roads Commission in behalf of better roads.

Upper Fairmount

Jan. 15—Mrs. Garland Ruark is visiting relatives in Baltimore.

Mrs. James Smith and daughter, Miss Marcella Smith, of Savannah, Georgia, are guests of Mrs. B. K. Green.

Mr. H. V. Maddox, Jr., left on Monday for Chestertown where he will enroll as a student in Washington College.

Mr. William Pilchard and family have moved into their home which they recently purchased from Dr. J. McFadden Dick.

Mr. Fred Fontaine, of the State of Washington, is visiting his nephew, Mr. C. M. Fontaine. This is Mr. Fontaine's first visit to his native state since he went west forty years ago.

The Sunday School of Salem Methodist Protestant Church contributed as their Christmas offering one hundred and ten dollars to feed eleven starving children until the next harvest.

Mr. and Mrs. Albert Sudler will leave today for Philadelphia where they will make a short visit, and then will start for Lawrence, Kansas, to spend the remainder of the winter with their son, Dr. Mervin T. Sudler.

Mt. Vernon

Jan. 15—Mrs. W. C. Gladden spent Wednesday in Salisbury.

Rev. and Mrs. Daniel Moore are visiting relatives in Kent county.

Captain Matt Moore spent a few days with his family here.

Mrs. David Hoffman spent the week-end with her sister in Salisbury.

Mrs. T. Shilling Horner, of Princess Anne, is visiting Mrs. Frank Thomas.

Misses Laura Wilson and Inez Webster left last Friday for an indefinite stay in Baltimore.

Mrs. Jacob Newton is a patient at the Salisbury hospital. From the latest report she is much improved.

Mr. Otto Bounds, of Allen, is visiting his daughters, Mrs. Clayton Simpkins and Mrs. Clarke Sims.

Mr. and Mrs. Cleve Hopkins, of Baltimore, are spending a week at the home of the former's parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Hopkins.

Capt. George B. Mason, of Baltimore, is visiting his daughters, Mrs. Ralph Murray, of Mt. Vernon, and Mrs. Robt. S. Jones, of Princess Anne.

Perryhawkin

Jan. 15—Mrs. Samuel F. Dryden has been quite ill for about ten days.

Lieutenant Baldwin, U. S. Army, spent several days the past week at the home of his sister, Mrs. Lloyd Alder, and other relatives in this community.

Mr. W. Clarence Dykes, who for the past two years has been working a farm for Mr. A. E. Tull, at Marion Station, has moved to this community and will work a farm owned by his father, Mr. B. T. Dykes.

The Ladies' Aid of Perryhawkin Church met at the home of Mrs. Harry Brown. An interesting meeting was held, at the conclusion of which delicious home-made candy was served. The Society was invited to meet at the home of Mrs. C. L. West for their next meeting, the first Tuesday evening in February.

Figures of the Chesapeake and Potomac Telephone Company show that there was a total of 132,136 telephone stations in service on November, 30, 1920, throughout the State. This represents a net gain of over 10,500 stations during the twelve months ending that date, and is the largest growth in a single year in the history of the company.

LEND FARMERS TWO BILLIONS

Governor Harding Says Reserve
Banks Increased Instead of
Restricting Loans.

FIGURES REFUTE CHARGES

More Than Two-and-a-Half Times as
Much Paper Was Discounted in
Eleven Months of 1920 as in the
Year 1919—Report to Gronna.

Washington.—More than two and one-half times as much agricultural paper was rediscounted by Federal Reserve banks in the 11 months down to December 1, 1920, as was rediscounted during the entire year of 1919, according to estimates furnished by Governor Harding of the federal reserve board to Senator A. J. Gronna, chairman of the senate committee on agriculture. The estimates furnished show that farm paper rediscounted last year amounted to almost \$2,000,000,000. The estimates are: 1920, \$1,990,083,000; 1919, \$729,266,000.

The farmers have been complaining that Federal Reserve banks discriminated against them, and instead of making credits to the growers more elastic, actually restricted loans. Treasury officials have consistently maintained that credits were not restricted but were greatly increased. Nevertheless, the farmers have insisted that they have been discriminated against, and on this contention they have based their demand for a revival of the War Finance corporation. The bill reviving the corporation has been passed by congress.

More Loans Than Are Tabulated.

In his letter to Senator Gronna, Governor Harding intimates that while his figures are merely estimates based on the production and sales of farm products, undoubtedly much more money than is tabulated was actually loaned to the farmers. He writes:

"In compliance with the request made in your letter of December 14, for information regarding the amount of actual agricultural paper rediscounted during the years 1919 and 1920 (to date), based on agricultural production and sales of the respective years, I have the honor to submit herewith copy of a tabular statement compiled from telegraphic data received from all Federal Reserve banks.

"Section 13 of the federal reserve act provides that notes, drafts and bills drawn or issued for agricultural purposes, or based on live stock having a maturity of not longer than six months, are eligible for rediscount by a Federal Reserve bank, the limit of maturity in all other cases being 90 days. The Federal Reserve banks rediscount large amounts of agricultural paper which has a maturity not exceeding 90 days, but such paper is classified with other paper of like maturity.

"Therefore, agricultural and live stock paper, as shown by the Federal Reserve banks, applies only to paper having a maturity of longer than 90 days. The board receives this information from day to day and the amount of agricultural discount at each Federal Reserve bank, that is, paper having a maturity of from ninety days to six months, is published each month in the Federal Reserve Bulletin.

"The special figures furnished by the Federal Reserve banks in accordance with your request are in all cases estimates, no exact figures of the total volume of loans for agricultural purposes being available at the Federal Reserve banks. In the first place, most of the borrowings at Federal Reserve banks by member banks during the year 1919 and a considerable proportion of these borrowings during the current year have been in the form of the 'borrowing banks' own notes, secured by government obligations or by commercial, industrial and agricultural paper. It is known that member banks in New York city have made large loans to their correspondent banks throughout the country, and it is reasonable to suppose that part of the proceeds of such loans have been applied by the borrowing banks for agricultural purposes, but it is impossible to state the amount.

Conditions Similar in Other Banks.

"The same is true with respect to loans made by member banks in Chicago, St. Louis, Minneapolis, Kansas City, New Orleans and other financial centers throughout the country. Non-member State banks lend large sums to the aggregate for agricultural purposes. But as they have no dealings with the Federal Reserve banks their loans to farmers are not reflected in the figures furnished by the Federal Reserve banks, although it is a fact that all Federal Reserve banks have been lending a large amount to member banks, which have in turn rediscounted paper for nonmember banks.

"It should be borne in mind also that the total amount of farmers' notes rediscounted by Federal Reserve banks gives no indication of the amount advanced by the Federal Reserve banks to finance the production and sale of farm products, since large amounts advanced to member banks in other districts on commercial and industrial paper are used by these banks for loans to agricultural interests. Only the Federal Reserve banks of Richmond, Atlanta, St. Louis and Minneapolis have taken account of loans of this character by increasing

proportionately the amounts formally classed as farmers' paper.

"In view of these facts, it is evident that the compilation transmitted herewith is valuable merely as indicating the increased amount of agricultural paper rediscounted by the Federal Reserve banks for member banks during the year 1920 over the year 1919.

"The board transmits also a table prepared from figures published in the Federal Reserve Bulletin, showing the holdings by each Federal Reserve bank on the last Friday in each month during the years 1919 and 1920 of paper classed by the Federal Reserve banks as agricultural and live stock paper. This classification does not include anything but notes having a maturity of longer than 90 days. It will be noted that there has been a steady increase in these holdings since the beginning of the present year and that this increase has continued after October of the present year, while in 1919 normal reductions from the high September figures are shown during the months of October, November and December.

"The increased holdings of agricultural paper by the Federal Reserve bank of Boston during July and August of the present year, represent in the greater part paper held under rediscount for other Federal Reserve banks. The comment made regarding the incompleteness of the figures in the first table applies with equal force to the figures in the table showing the monthly holdings, which are exclusive of the Federal Reserve bank holdings of nonagricultural paper, the proceeds of which may have been used by the member banks to finance production and sales of agricultural staples."

Governor Harding's estimate of the paper rediscounted with the Federal Reserve banks, based on the production and sale of farm products, follows: In each case the 1919 figures are given first, and the 1920 figures second. The figures, as applied to the Federal Reserve banks in each of 12 cities, are:

City	1919	1920
Boston	\$2,642,000	\$4,975,000
New York	2,571,000	3,580,000
Philadelphia	812,000	1,753,000
Cleveland	102,000	325,000
Richmond	91,300,000	220,000,000
Atlanta	47,553,000	122,498,000
Chicago	220,000,000	685,000,000
St. Louis	75,000,000	225,000,000
Minneapolis	12,481,000	22,832,000
Kansas City	22,897,000	44,811,000
Dallas	85,000,000	122,000,000
San Francisco		

Total for 11 banks, \$729,266,000 \$1,990,083,000

The second table alluded to by Governor Harding, showing the total amount of live stock and agricultural paper held by each Federal Reserve bank on the last Friday of every month during the last two years reveals that the 12 banks began with \$59,001,000 of this paper in January, 1919, going to \$68,250,000 in June of that year and decreasing to \$51,068,000 in December last year. From \$58,905,000 in January, 1920, the amount rose steadily until no less than \$245,590,000 was in the banks in November of last year.

GIRL ASKS \$500,000 BALM

Artist's Model Says William Barbour, Thread Manufacturer, Beat and Jilted Her.

New York.—Robert Barbour, son of the late Col. William Barbour, founder of the Barbour thread mills, and himself a manufacturer of thread in Paterson, N. J., appeared at the office of Sheriff Knott and filed a bond of \$2,500 to assure his presence in court at the trial of the action brought against him by Miss May B. Rollins for \$500,000 damages.

She charges him with having broken a promise to marry her and with having beaten her when she was in his apartment. He denies both allegations.

Miss Rollins is said to have been an artist's model in Brooklyn, before she met Mr. Barbour. In her complaint she alleges that he invited her to his apartment on July 13 last, bound her hands and beat her "with a rod, stick or whip." Afterward, she adds, he repudiated his promise of marriage.

Walked Hundreds of Miles To See Dying Daughter

After walking several hundred miles overland from their home in the Ozark mountains of northwestern Arkansas, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Alexander, carrying a shotgun and an umbrella, respectively, arrived at Monroe, La., in response to letters from their daughter, critically ill, who begged to see them before she died. Unable to buy railroad tickets, the aged pair started afoot. They made the journey in three weeks, sleeping under trees.

3,000 GERMANS TO BRAZIL

Wait in Fatherland to Embark for South America—One Province Wants 1,000.

Rio de Janeiro, Brazil.—Three thousand Germans, some unaccompanied, others with their families, are waiting in Germany to embark for Brazil, where they wish to settle, according to advices received by the Brazilian ministry of agriculture from the German emigration department.

Governors of all Brazilian states have been asked by the head of the Brazilian immigration service whether they wish to accept German colonists and bear expense of transportation. Espírito Santo state has replied that it is prepared to accept 1,000. Other states have not yet responded.

STYLES AMAZE "SILENT CORKEY"

Liberated Prisoner Who Has Not
Spoken for Ten Years
Is Shocked.

FREE AGAIN AFTER 25 YEARS

Finds Many Things That Astonish Him, Particularly Short Skirts and Gauze Stockings—Looks as if They Were on Stilts.

Boston.—Free again after 25 years in Charlestown state prison, the last ten of which were spent without uttering a word, P. J. Hanley, otherwise known as "Silent Corkey," declares the things that strike him as most amazing are women's dress, the general refinement of people and the intelligence of the younger generation.

Still unwilling to talk, "Silent Corkey" says these things in writing. After "Corkey" had written the first line he stood up and embellished the observation by pantomime. He pulled the left leg of his blue serge trousers almost up to the knees. Then he pulled both legs together, signifying that skirts are also tight. Finally, he placed both hands on his hips as if the sights shocked him. Then he sat down and wrote:

Where's the Bustle?

"What became of the bustle?" The first thing "Corkey" wanted to do, apparently, was to perforate the report that he went on a silence strike at Charlestown because of some grievance. As to that, "Corkey" Hanley's first observation consisted of two words:

"Paper talk."

Asked to elucidate, the man who had been put away for 25 years wrote this: "It happened in 1910 that I was taking the air in the yard, walking about as all do who are in plant (Cherry Hill), and there was a storm and a terrific wind was blowing. I stood for a while under an old chimney at the side of C. H. (Cherry Hill). Bricks were blown down. My head was cut. (You can see the marks). I became unconscious. I have never been able to speak since that moment. I wish I could. Dr. L. Vernon Briggs (a good man) said I must have received some kind of—I think the word is—concussion."

At the prison it has been said "Corkey" became chronically silent after a fellow prisoner had repeated statements made by "Corkey" and caused him to be punished. "Corkey" wrote that he was all worn out from seeing the sights in New York, where he went on a visit after his release. "The Bowery," he said, "is not what it used to be."

A young woman stenographer thought the visitor should be more specific in his remarks about women's dresses. "Corkey" was willing. This time he wrote:

"When I went away there were no such short dresses, except (on) little girls of ten. And the thin silk stockings you wear—bare."

Then there was more pantomime to describe high heels, and Hanley sat down again and wrote four words more:

"As if on stilts."

He's No Knecker.

But he isn't a knocker. He has been, just as much impressed, and very favorably, by the rising generation. He said:

"Young people today appear to be much more intelligent than the young folks of 25 years ago. Their manners are good. They look clean. They've got a go-ahead look that only one in a hundred used to have. This is a great country."

There could be only one or two questions more before Hanley had to run for his train to the suburbs.

"What are you going to do? What kind of a job do you want?"

"Anything—I don't care what. You can see how strong I am; that will help me to lead a straight life. I guess I'm the only man recently discharged over there who did not have a job waiting for him."

A few words of encouragement to the visitor and he was asked:

"Well, how does it feel to be out again and free?" Corkey wrote:

"Just like being born again."

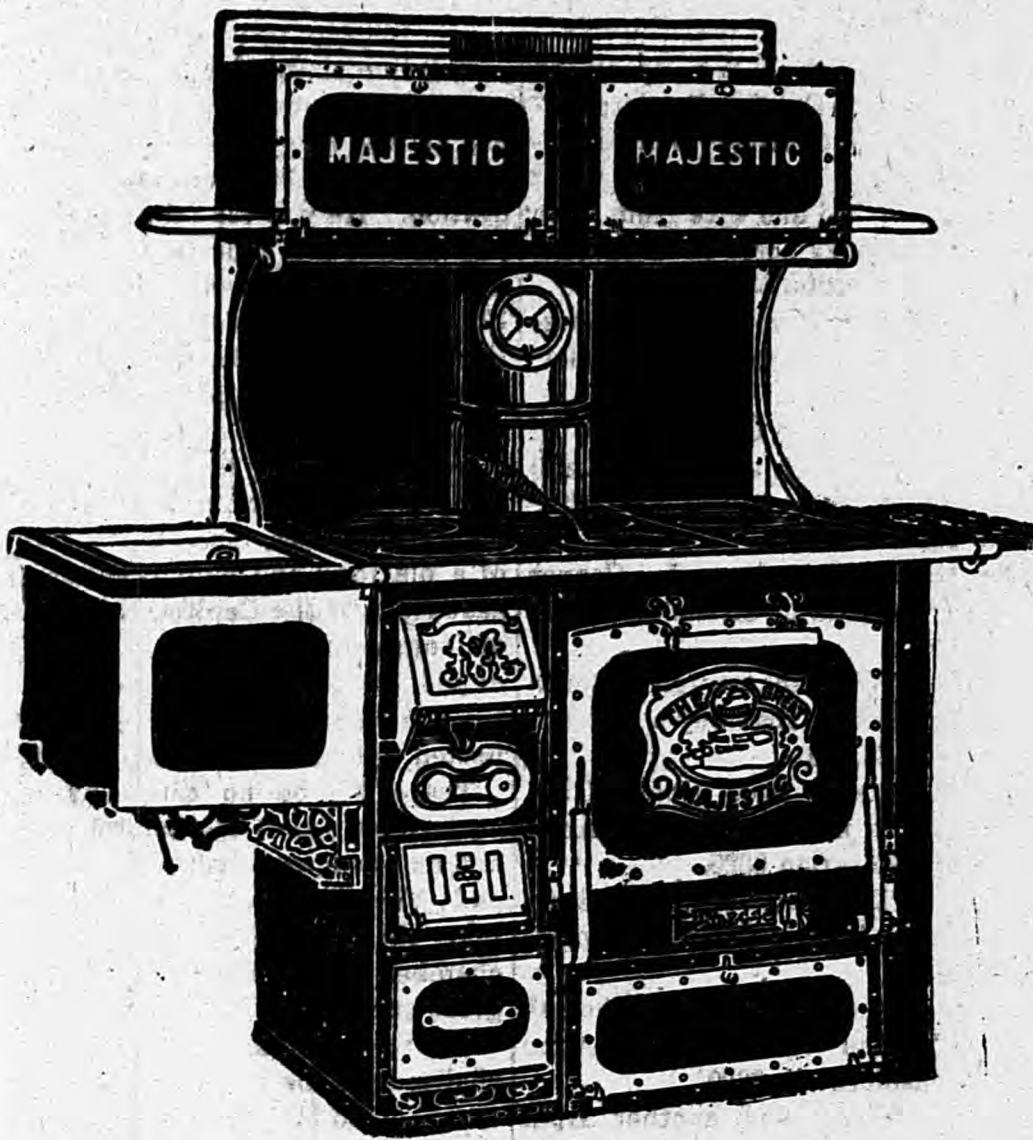
Ancient 45-Story Stone Flat Building Is Found

Baltimore, Md.—The discovery of a stone "apartment" building 45 stories high and containing 1,000 rooms, believed to have been the home of a now extinct tribe of American Indians, was announced at a meeting of the Archaeological Institute of America at Johns Hopkins university. The "apartment" was uncovered with a group of towns representing an ancient civilization in the midst of the southwestern desert.

It was unearthed by the School of American Research conducted at Santa Fe, N. M., by the institute.

It was described by Edgar L. Hewett, director of the school, at the meeting of the institute held in conjunction with the American Philological association and the Maya society.

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WHISKY RAIDS ARE BLOODLESS

Eight Stills Are Destroyed in the
Mountains of Kentucky With-
out a Casualty.

MAKES INTERESTING STORY

Although Numerous Shots Were Fired
by Revenue Men and Mountaineers,
Not a Death Is Reported—
Chase Leads to Stills.

Lexington, Ky.—Raids upon moonshine stills in the mountains of Kentucky have become bloodless, according to government agents who recently conducted one of the most important raids made in years.

Whether the "shooting eye" of the mountaineer or the secret service agent has become dimmed or whether the desire for less killing has reached into the far mountain recesses is a disputed point, but the fact remains that 12 revenue agents raided and destroyed eight large stills in Whitley county, fired numerous shots and were fired at numerous times, but, so far as is known, not a casualty was recorded.

Standing in clumps of sparse shrubbery on the top of knobs along Laurel Fork, in Whitley county, sentries posted apparently by moonshiners watched the operations of federal prohibition officers during the recent sensational raid in the "South America" section of Whitley county, according to members of the party. The raiders from the office of Chief Deputy U. G. McFarland were reticent about the battle reported to have raged about the stills. "There wasn't a thing in it," they were unanimous in saying. "We just went in there and destroyed eight stills. There were a lot of shots fired, but how many of them were fired at us we don't know. That was all there was to it."

Number of Shots Fired.

The raiders from the local office were Steven Cornet and Charles Winfrey, who were the leaders of the raid; J. H. Reynolds and Joe Cavanaugh. They were accompanied by Sheriff Renfro of Whitley county and seven deputies.

Steve Cornet, after some persuasion, told of the raid. "We left Williamsburg on the morning of December 3 and went via Holden, Tenn., the nearest railroad point, into the section of Whitley county, known to the natives as 'South America,'" he said. "We hunted there for stills in the hollows of Laurel Fork and Olean Fork, sources of the Cumberland river. We destroyed eight stills in all."

"The first still destroyed was one owned by DeWitt Gibson. We arrested the three Gibson boys without any trouble. They were at their home. The next still we believe belonged to a man named Williams. The next two destroyed were owned by persons whose names we could not ascertain. We had no trouble the first day, although a number of shots were fired in the distance. I could not say positively that the shots were fired at us, but think that possibly they were signals to warn the countryside that raiders were about. We could see men standing on the top of the knobs, where they could see the road winding around the banks of Laurel Fork, which, I believe, is the crookedest stream in the world. Sometimes it is hard to tell which way it runs."

"The second day we continued the search along Laurel Fork. It was at this time that the nearest to any real trouble occurred. We left an old man named Parsons and another man to guard the mouth of a hollow while we searched it. Just after we left the guards a mountaineer popped out from behind a tree, fired several shots at the guards with a pistol and ran."

Chase Leads to Stills.

"We gave chase, firing as we ran. The man fell, but when we searched we could find no trace of him. This led to one of the amusing incidents of the trip. During the chase we found two stills of which we had had no inkling. The man led my party directly to an 80-gallon still, which we destroyed. Another section of the party (we had become divided during the chase) found the second still on the opposite side of the hill from that down which the fugitive ran. We did not find out who owned either still."

"We then went up a hollow, where we found another still. This was a rough hollow, and we had to climb over boulders and hang on to trees to get to the still. We then started in the opposite direction. Two miles down another rough hollow we found the last still destroyed."

"A lot of shots were fired on the second day by both natives and ourselves, but nobody was hurt."

Machine Gun Will Guard Store of Seized Liquor

San Francisco.—Purchase of a machine gun to guard intoxicating liquor seized and held here by federal authorities will be recommended to Washington, it was announced, following an inspection of vaults where the liquor is sequestered. Collector of Customs John O. Davis said the liquor was valued at more than \$2,000,000.

Say It With Flowers

By LOUIS RAYBOLD

(© 1920, by McClure Newspaper Syndicate.)
The sign suspended in a florist's window projected its appeal to the eyes of Henry Walters, riding by at the moment in a street car, a pucker of wrinkles between his highly arched brows.

He had been thinking, wondering how in thunder to say it, when, presto, change, there was the sign, "Say It With Flowers."

And what was it Henry Walters wanted to say? Just this: "My darling Mirabel, for going five years I have been calling on you Wednesdays and Sundays, and, of late, on Fridays, also. I love you passionately, devotedly. Will you be mine and share with me whatever is left over of a school teacher's salary after paying a 50 per cent increased rent, a 102 per cent increased grocery bill, and goodness knows how much increased amounts for sundries?"

Henry got off at the next block and walked back. His problem now was to select those blossoms which would adequately describe the various shades of his feeling toward Mirabel.

Five minutes later Henry glanced at his watch. He could still reach Mirabel's at the usual time. Coincidentally the idea he had in sight a messenger boy. Henry beckoned to him and handed him the box of flowers.

"Take this to 33 Wayland avenue," he said, "and—got a message form with you?" The boy fished in his pockets and produced one. Under the arc light Henry wrote diligently, sealed the result and handed it back. Then, "By George!" he said to himself, "I may as well get rid of these books, too, instead of lugging them up to Mirabel's."

So presently the boy, with two bundles, two addresses and a fair-sized tip, sauntered away.

Promptly at 7:55 Henry, palpitantly expectant, entered 33 Wayland avenue.

It developed that Miss Thompson was in and waiting for him—a very haughty figure, in spite of a certain tearfulness about the eyes and a trembling of her kissable mouth.

"Here's your note—and I sent your horrid old packages right back. Good-by forever."

Henry pulled his hat down over his eyes and started for home across town.

An hour later he unlocked the door of his room. As he did so his landlady puffed up the stairs with a large burden.

"A boy brought this just before supper time," she panted.

"All right, never mind," Henry said, gently but firmly. He saw it all now. The boy had balled things up—had brought the flowers here and taken the books to Wayland avenue. Wait—what were the titles of those books?

Dimly he recalled the titles: "Economic Recipes," "How to Make One Dollar Do the Work of Two," "Home Dressmaking."

Henry mopped his brow. And there was yet another. What, oh, what was it? "Every—every—Good Lord! 'Every Wife Can Be a Wage Earner.'"

And he who believed that woman's sphere was in the home! He groaned and buried his face in his hands. For suddenly he remembered the note he had sent:

"Dear Mirabel:
"These tell you better than I the thoughts of you which are in my heart. Let them speak for me the words I dare not utter. Hopefully,
"HENRY."

Puff—puff—his landlady again. Tap—tap—

"Telephone, Mr. Walters."

In three leaps he was downstairs. Yes—a teary voice was at the other end of the wire. She had regretted her hastiness—perhaps it was all a mistake—and anyway, her father said such thrift was all too uncommon in young men today—would he forgive her and come back?

More passionately than the Richmond roses, he poured his heart into the transmitter.

"Oh, Mirabel, darling, it was all a mistake, but it isn't a mistake to say I love you, I adore you, I worship you. And I am coming right up to explain."

On the way to Wayland avenue, Henry drew exquisite breaths of anticipation. In his left hand he bore a large cardboard receptacle whose contents would corroborate his recent statements. Their purchase wasn't a total loss. But why, oh, why, when he was racking his brain for a method of telling his love, hadn't he thought of the telephone!

Truly a Short Reign.

The Bradley family possessed twins, Marion and Oscar. Then there was also Katherine, who was a baby of fifteen months when the twins arrived, and Victoria, the oldest. One day father Bradley was accosted by Victoria.

"Father, you are partial to Katherine and favor her too much."

"Victoria," he returned, "I always feel sorry for her. She was the baby for such a short time."

"Well," answered Victoria, "what do you think of Marion? She was the baby for only 15 minutes."

Naturally.
"There is one industry which needs to keep on the jump."
"What is that?"
"Hop growing."



WET FEET BRING COUGHS AND COLDS

Until entirely rid of a cough or cold, look out. They are a source of danger.

Just a few doses of PE-RU-NA taken soon after exposure or first manifestation of trouble will usually break a cold or dissipate in a hurry the most persistent cough.

Two generations have known PE-RU-NA and its astonishing success in the relief of catarrhal diseases. The proper medicine to have on hand for everyday life. SOLD EVERYWHERE

KEEP IT IN THE HOUSE

The Cohn & Bock Co.

PRINCESS ANNE, MARYLAND

Flour Meal
FEEDS
Scratch and Chick Feeds
HAY
HAMPERS
Shingles Lath
LUMBER

The Cohn & Bock Co.

PRINCESS ANNE, MARYLAND

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.—This is to give notice that the subscriber has obtained from the Orphans' Court for Somerset county letters of administration on the estate of

GEORGE R. DENNIS late of Somerset county, deceased. All persons having claims against said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with vouchers therefor to the subscriber on or before the

Twenty-second Day of June, 1921, or they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of said estate. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment. Given under my hand this 15th day of December, 1920.

JAMES U. DENNIS, Administrator of George R. Dennis, deceased. True Copy. Test: LAFAYETTE RUARK, Register of Wills

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.—This is to give notice that the subscriber has obtained from the Orphans' Court for Somerset County letters of administration on the estate of

JAMES H. LARRAMORE late of Somerset county, deceased. All persons having claims against said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with vouchers therefor, to the subscriber on or before the

Twenty-second Day of June, 1921, or they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of said estate. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment. Given under my hand this 30th day of November, 1920.

The Citizens National Bank of Pocomoke City, Administrator c. t. a. Jas. H. Larramore, dec'd. True Copy. Test: LAFAYETTE RUARK, Register of Wills

THE BALTIMORE NEWS

50c Per Month, \$6.00 Per Year
Subscription Prices:

Read THE NEWS

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To Be in Active Touch With

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Complete Newspaper in

Baltimore's Largest and Most

BALTIMORE

Your Nearest Large Market is

FRANK BRANFORD

Contractor and Builder

PRINCESS ANNE, MARYLAND

Estimates Furnished

MAKES THE SAPPHIRE BLUSH

Radium Treatment Turns the Cheaper Stones to Rubies Which Command the Highest Prices.

Modern science has not brought us very much nearer the magic stone of the old philosophers, but it has enabled later experts to play some surprising tricks with the existing materials of the jeweler and lapidary. The old alchemists set out to discover the philosopher's stone, and achieved gunpowder and other adjuncts to civilization as the accidental by-product of their original inquiry. Their less credulous descendants reverse the process; the invention is made first and its application to magic is discovered afterward.

The existence of the electric furnace makes it possible to create diamonds that are the veritable stone, and to fuse chippings and fragments of ruby into one complete jewel. Now arrives a report that with the aid of radium successful transformations have been made in the appearance, if not in the nature, of certain precious stones. A sapphire, it is said, has been turned into a glorious ruby by long exposure to the effect of radium. Chemically considered, this is not very surprising, for the two stones are both examples of corundum, and the mysterious accident of color is the principal difference between them. If a sapphire can be made to blush hard enough for its mistake in not being a ruby, presumably it could bluish itself into a most accomplished example of the more valuable stone.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Medicine.

Hall's Catarrh Medicine has been taken by catarrh sufferers for the past thirty-five years, and has become known as the most reliable remedy for Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Medicine acts thru the Blood on the Mucous surfaces, expelling the Poison from the Blood and healing the diseased portions.

After you have taken Hall's Catarrh Medicine for a short time you will see a great improvement in your general health. Start taking Hall's Catarrh Medicine at once and get rid of catarrh. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, Ohio. Sold by all Druggists, 75c.

[Advertisement.]

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.—This is to give notice that the subscriber has obtained from the Orphans' Court for Somerset County letters of administration on the estate of

ADDA G. QUIGLEY late of Somerset county, deceased. All persons having claims against said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with vouchers therefor, to the subscribers on or before the

Twenty-seventh Day of April, 1921, or they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of said estate. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment. Given under my hand this 22nd day of October, 1920.

WINFIELD S. QUIGLEY and HENRY J. WATERS, Administrators of Adda G. Quigley, deceased. True Copy. Test: LAFAYETTE RUARK, Register of Wills

SIMPLE REASON FOR THRIFT

Its Practice Necessary That There May Be Margin of Production Over Consumption.

Is it not mere caddishness for one who can afford to buy and does buy silk skirts and silk stockings and automobiles, and who freely admits that he wastes money, but who justifies himself somewhat belligerently by saying that he can afford to waste money, and that it is nobody's business, to object to other people doing the same sort of thing only because he thinks the other people cannot afford the expenditures? Right down in our hearts we know that the concern is not all with the welfare of those other people who are wasting their money; it is really a matter of jealousy and of class distinction based on clothing—a feeling that these people have committed social misdemeanors, as when the cook duplicated her mistress' hat. And any one who preaches thrift to people on the ground that they should not have what they like for their money is simply preaching nonsensical cant. He is really preaching revolution.

If, then, thrift has no virtue in itself, if every person within the limits of the law is entitled to spend what he can earn, and more than he can earn if he can get away with it, is there any unmoral reason for thrift?

The reason for thrift is plain. It is not necessary to talk about morality. It is simply that if we do not have thrift we shall not have a margin of production over consumption—that is, we shall not have capital. If we do not have capital we cannot have progress, for we shall have no means wherewith to make improvement in existing facilities for production. There is the danger of extravagance. And it is a very real danger.—Samuel Crowther, in the North American Review.

PAPER FROM VENEER WASTE

Possibilities in Material That Has Hitherto Been Considered to Be Without Value.

In the wood waste from veneer factories the United States forest products laboratory sees considerable raw material suitable for the manufacture of high grades of paper. The cores of many kinds of veneer logs, now used in a large part for fuel, would make excellent pulpwood. In addition, a large part of the clippings could be turned into pulp stock with profit.

Among the veneer woods whose waste has paper-making possibilities are red gum, yellow poplar, cottonwood, birch, tupelo, basswood and beech. Many veneer factories cutting these species are already within shipping distance of pulp mills. In certain other cases veneer factories are so grouped that they might furnish pulpwood enough to warrant the erection of a centrally located mill. Other economic factors being favorable, such a mill could profitably operate on a daily supply of veneer waste equivalent to 50 cords of ordinary pulpwood.—Scientific American.

"Roast" Handball Players.

The execrations uttered by the indignant baseball fan against the unlucky or awkward player in America are as gentle murmurs compared with the epithets hurled by the occupants of the gallery at the contestants in the game of handball in the playgrounds of Madrid, Spain. "Rogue!" "Thief!" "Convict!" and "Idiot!" are some of the mild terms with which the players are greeted when they miss a ball or send it back in an eggy position for the opponent to play it.

The reason for this excitement is the prevalent betting, in which the women spectators participate as much as the men. Professional bookmakers attend all matches, and their shouts of the odds for and against the players are mixed with the cries of the gambling spectators, until the scene resembles a beldam.

Another Discoverer.

In an old Spanish geographical work on America published in 1552 by Francisco Lopez de Gomera, a priest of Sevilla, it is mentioned that Labrador was reached for the first time by a party of Norwegian sailors piloted by John Scolvus or Jon Skolp in 1478. The announcement was made for the first time some years ago, but it was greeted with skepticism that Columbus had been anticipated on the American shores by any but Lelf Ericson, but recently additional evidence has shown that Columbus' visit to this country was antedated by Scolvus by 20 years and steps are being taken to urge the former's claims for honors.

Picks of Diamonds.

During the year 1919 South Africa exported 1,124 pounds of diamonds. This quantity represented just about 125 quarts.

This vast quantity of precious stones reduced to terms of bushels would equal a trifle less than four, or what would be two ordinary grain bags full of them. Naturally the stones included a great number of very large ones as well as many medium-sized and small ones.—Philadelphia Ledger.

Shaft for Hero Dead.

An obelisk of granite seventy feet high is to be erected in Denmark as a memorial to the many thousands of American and allied soldiers of Danish descent who died in the World war. It has been estimated that about 30,000 men of Danish blood fought in the American armies in France and that about 20,000 Danes fought in the Canadian, Australian, British and French armies.

MUST USE FOUR LANGUAGES

Advertisers in Turkey Necessarily Under a Handicap That Amounts to a Good Deal.

In order to advertise in Constantinople it is necessary to use four languages. The market is hard to cultivate, but newspapers give good results there. The population of Constantinople is very cosmopolitan, and all the foreigners speak their own language and read their own newspapers, writes Trade Commissioner Elliot G. Mears. To reach the public in general, advertisements should be published in newspapers of at least four languages.

However, the best results are obtained by publication in Turkish newspapers, for, on the one hand, the Turkish population is most numerous, and on the other the Turkish reader is more susceptible to the claims of advertisements than are Europeans and Armenians. It has been found by experience that advertising in newspapers gives very good results in Constantinople, especially if it is pushed vigorously.

No advertising is carried on tramcars. Street advertising is not protected by law and cannot be recommended to foreign concerns. The circulation of newspapers is not great. French newspapers have an approximate issue of 6,000 to 8,000, Greek 4,000 to 12,000, Armenian 4,000 to 8,000, and Turkish 10,000 to 15,000.

MONOPOLY LOST BY GERMANY

American Chemists Are Now Producing the Rare Sugars Required for Scientific Purposes.

Not least among the triumphs of the new American chemical industry has been the production of the rare sugars, so long a German monopoly. The sugars were called for by the small hospitals, as they are required in small amount in bacteriological laboratories—one of them, for instance, being the most sensitive stimulant of typhoid growth, while others serve in the detection of cholera germ. The infinite care necessary to prepare them in a state of absolute purity makes their cost seemingly enormous. The most expensive rare sugar catalogued is stated by Drug and Chemical Markets to be dulcitol, at \$375 a pound, while mannose is worth \$140 a pound. This is a delicate and delicious sweet derived from manna, which is secreted in thin scales from certain trees and shrubs, and with which the children of Israel were miraculously fed during their wanderings in the wilderness. Xylose, quoted at \$120 a pound, is made from the corn cob; inulin is obtained from the bulb of the dahlia at certain seasons of the year. Other rare sugars are—arabinose, at \$100 a pound; levulose, \$80 a pound, and raffinose, \$75 a pound.

Better Weather Forecasts.

Weather forecasts for months ahead will be possible within a few years as a direct result of solar observations, R. M. Stewart, assistant director of the Dominion Observatory, told the Royal Astronomical Society of Canada.

The sun is the great influence over varying weather conditions on the earth, and recent observations of it have led to the belief that observations will be able to predict with accuracy the general trend of weather for six months or even a year ahead, he said.

To be able to foretell the amount of precipitation and the general temperature for several months in advance may take 50 or even 100 years of observation, he added, but expressed the confidence of the observatory that this end would be reached.

German "Thoroughness."

Max Walter, head of a boys' training school in Frankfurt, tells the following story by way of illustrating German thoroughness:

A venerable teacher in one of Germany's preparatory schools was distractedly ambling about his study one day when he noticed a stray piece of paper. Picking it up he saw that it was a Latin composition from one of his devoted disciples.

On looking at it more closely he detected an error which he had overlooked. Seating himself at his desk, he dipped his pen in good red ink and made the necessary correction. He then folded the paper into a neat roll, stuck it in the fire, and with it lighted his pipe.

Belgians Teach Farming.

The Belgian government has hit upon a novel scheme of teaching the farmers of the country better methods of farming, says Motor. The idea of a school for farmers is not new, but the idea of taking the school to the farmer by means of a motor caravan is certainly novel. The school building consists of three units, one powered with a gasoline motor; in short a building section on a motor truck. With this powered unit go two trailers and the three rolled into position and joined together makes the commodious and convenient classroom.

Cat Goes 600 Miles in Wheel.

A kitten crawled inside the rim of a big flywheel at the Great Northern mills at Burlington, Neb., and fell asleep. The mill pet was unnoticed and the giant machinery was set in motion. The wheel whirled about with the kitten inside for nine hours, held to its perilous position by the running of the wheel. The kitten was still alive when the machinery was stopped for the night. It was estimated it had traveled 600 miles.

WOMEN AS "PAMPED TOYS"

Distinguished French Abbe Makes Some Sharp Commentaries on Sex Relations in America.

American women expect (very rightly) from their husbands the same attention which French husbands receive from their wives. The American husband expects nothing, and for what he receives the Lord makes him truly thankful, writes Ernest Dinet, in Harper's.

"We are pampered toys," an American lady told me in a distinctly resentful tone, "but we only know it when our husbands, after keeping every trouble from us, suddenly die."

If the abstraction called the American woman could be met with, I should ask her whether she really likes to see a dozen men in her drawing room watch her the whole evening and bob up with military precision the moment she half rises to ring the bell; whether she would not prefer her escort to think of what he is saying to her instead of concentrating on where she walks, skipping to the unprotected side of her the whole time; or whether she likes being supported across the road with infinite precautions, as if she were a very ill person or a very brittle object; or, on the contrary, firmly grasped below the shoulder and wafted to the other side with the triumphant ease of long practice.

I have kept a picture representing three exceedingly widely known American men watching a lady go down a deck stairway. She is spoken of as a sportswoman and would probably think nothing of scrambling down a rope ladder if it amused her. The steps on which she appears are broad and comfortable, but the gentlemen with guiding and supporting gestures smile at her achievement with the same wonder and delight as if she were a baby for the first time off the go-cart. Meanwhile the lady herself smiles in her furs like coy Phoebe between two clouds.

RARE FRUITS IN PHILIPPINES

Two That Are Said to Be Delicious and Unknown in the Rest of the World.

Among the productions of the Philippine islands are two delicious fruits almost unknown in the rest of the world. One of these is the durian, whose remarkable qualities were described upon by Alfred Russel Wallace during his explorations in the Malay archipelago.

It grows on a lofty tree somewhat resembling an elm, is about as large as a coconut, has a shiny shell, and contains a creamy pulp which combines some of the flavor of a delicious custard with those of a fine cheese.

To eat durians, we are told by those who know, is a new sensation worth a voyage to the East to experience. Americans in the islands call the durian "the vegetable Limburger cheese."

The other rare fruit spoken of is the mangosteen, said to be the only fruit that the governor general of the islands has never tasted. The exquisitely flavored liquid it contains cannot be preserved for shipping abroad.

Circulating the Scriptures.

The 1919 issues of the American Bible society were 3,752,300 volumes. The sun never sets on the representatives of this society, which asserts that some one is busy every hour of the day and every day of the year circulating the Scriptures. This total means that seven volumes were issued every minute of every hour of every day of the year.

The issues of 1919 were the smallest since 1911; chiefly because of after war conditions. The average of annual issues for the last ten years has been over 5,000,000 volumes. For the period of the war, 1914-1919, it was over 5,870,000, which means that on an average 11 volumes of Scriptures were issued every minute of the years of the war by the American Bible society.

New Illuminator.

Prof. Alexander Silverman has invented a new illuminator for the microscope, whose special advantage is that it gives a very strong light upon the object examined, so that opaque and translucent bodies can be as readily studied as transparent ones. The top of the object on the slide can be seen with all the variations of its surface. It is particularly valuable in testing samples of metals since it shows the presence of blow holes and pits and much detail not hitherto visible. It is likewise useful to textile experts since it shows the threads of a fabric from every angle and is also much appreciated by bacteriologists.

There's a Difference.

"I resent the imputation that I am a member of the 'pie brigade,'" said the pompous citizen.

"But you don't deny that you want a government job, do you?" asked Mr. Dubwaite.

"Certainly not. It should be the ambition of every patriot to serve his country."

"I agree with you. It should be the ambition of every patriot to serve his country—without pecuniary reward."—Birmingham Age-Herald.

Strictly Business.

He—Do you believe in fortune telling?
She—Well, I don't know much about such things, but papa believes in it.

He—Is it possible?
She—Yes; he says the mercantile agencies are fairly accurate.—New Haven Register.

Notice of Marriages and Deaths will be published in this paper for a fee of 10 cents per line. For a full column of 10 lines, the fee is \$1.00.

BUSINESS POINTERS

Ten (10) cents a line for the first insertion and (10) cents thereafter.

Men's Pants as low as \$3.00 per pair. **FREDERICK J. FLURER.**

Will trade young turkey gobblers. **C. V. FUNK, Oriole, Md.**

FRESH ROCK OYSTERS every day. In any quantity. **OLEY PILCHARD.**

FOR SALE—A carload of Egg Crates, just received. **W. O. LANKFORD & SON.**

MAPLE WOODS FOR SALE—Apply to **CHARLES ROYDS, Princess Anne, Md.**

TRUCK FOR HIRE—Call at office of **Auto Sales Co., Princess Anne, for service.**

FOR SALE—Timothy Seed; Red Top, Seed Bye, Virginia Grey Winter Oats, etc. **W. P. TODD.**

MAKE YOUR HENS lay by feeding **Tull-o-Pop Laying Mash.** For sale by **WESTOVER MILLS.**

Lost—Spectacle case, due bill for \$2.62 and deposit slip of Peoples Bank. Return to **MRS. T. GOODMAN.**

FOR SALE—Tankage, Beef Scrap, Grit and all kinds of Chicken Feed, Roofing, etc. **W. P. TODD.**

Having decided to discontinue the delivery business I offer my Ford Truck, with commercial body, for sale. **OSCAR F. JONES.**

WANTED—To rent a farm with option to purchase. Full description and terms requested. **E. O. CONKLING, 17 Montgomery avenue, Narberth, Pa.**

HOUSEKEEPER WANTED—A white woman without children, to keep house and care for 3 children. Good home. Apply to **JOHN B. WILLIAMS, Marion, Md.**

WANTED—Man to work farm in place of good man who expects to leave Christmas. Good home, good wages, good neighborhood for right man. **A. E. TULL, Marion Station, Md.**

FOR SALE—I will sell at public sale, at my home in Princess Anne on Thursday, January 20th, 1921, beginning at the hour of 2 o'clock P. M., 1 Male Hog, 5 Sows, 4 Stags. No better stock. **FREDERICK J. FLURER.**

GET INTO BUSINESS—Watkins 137 products sell to every farmer. If you own auto or team and can give bond, write today for information where you can get territory for selling products of largest institution of kind in the world. Twenty million users. **J. R. WATKINS, Dept. 111, Winona, Minn.**

NOTICE—We have opened a sale and exchange stable in the building formerly occupied by The Overland Sales Co. as a garage, and have just arrived with the nicest bunch of horses ever offered for sale on the Shore, ranging in age from 3 to 9 years and will weigh from 900 to 1500 pounds. Call and look them over at your earliest convenience. **JNO. M. MUIR, WALTER G. PRICE, Owners.**

NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC INTERESTED—My sale of January 12th, which was postponed owing to stormy weather, will be held January 25th. If the weather should be rainy or unfavorable it will be held the following day. Come and take advantage of an opportunity to supply your needs of farm equipment. I have 20 head of young stock—horses and cattle—to choose from. Also quite a selection of farming implements and feeds. Don't forget the date and place. **Edgar A. Jones Farm, Millwood, Mt. Vernon.** Steamed oysters will be served free to all purchasers on day of sale. **CLYDE M. COSTEN.**

Mr. George W. Colborn, Jr., spent several days last week in Baltimore.

Mr. and Mrs. Earl G. Waller left last Saturday to visit relatives in Washington, D. C.

Mr. William B. Spiva, cashier of the Bank of Somerset, spent last week end in Baltimore.

Miss Leona Jackson, of Philadelphia, Pa.; **Mr. W. Avery Sinclair,** of Tilghman's, Md., and **Mr. John Jackson,** of Coatesville, Pa., were week-end guests at the home of **Mr. James A. McAllen.**

Mr. and Mrs. Albert Sudler, of Westover, left last Saturday for Lawrence, Kansas, to visit at the home of their son, **Dr. Marvin T. Sudler.** They will not return to their Somerset home until some time in April.

Mr. and Mrs. William T. Holland, Sr., of Mt. Vernon, announce the approaching marriage of their daughter, **Daisy Marvel,** to **Mr. Donald W. Duncan,** of Pocomoke City. The wedding will take place Thursday, January 20th, at John Wesley Methodist Episcopal Church, Mt. Vernon, at 8 o'clock p. m.

Mr. J. Milton Leake, son of Mrs. Phoebe Leake, of Toledo, Ohio, and Miss Betty Coker, of the same city, daughter of Mrs. Mary Coker, of Springfield, Tenn., were married the latter part of December, 1920. Mr. Leake left Somerset county over four years ago and was a graduate of Washington High School, Princess Anne, class of 1916.

There will be services in the Auditorium, Princess Anne, on Sunday, January 23rd, at 2.30 p. m. and at 7.30 p. m., and every Sunday following until further notice. Evangelist **Charles A. Ewell,** of Detroit, Mich., will be in charge of the meetings. Mrs. Godwin and **Mr. William Brewington,** of Salisbury, are expected to be present and assist in the singing.

Mr. G. A. Bounds celebrated his 73rd birthday at his home in Mt. Vernon last Thursday evening, January 13th. Among those present were **Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Bounds** and **Mr. and Mrs. George L. Bounds,** of Pocomoke City; **Mr. and Mrs. Howard Anderson** and **Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Phillips** and son, of Princess Anne, and **Mr. and Mrs. W. T. Renshaw.** Supper was served at a late hour, and after wishing the venerable host many happy returns of the day the guests departed for their respective homes.

Mr. Clayton Lloyd spent the week end with his father, **Mr. George E. Lloyd,** of Mt. Vernon, and his brother, **Mr. Charles Lloyd,** of Princess Anne, returning to Chester, Pa., Monday afternoon.

Miss Elsie Holland, after spending the Christmas holidays with her parents, **Mr. and Mrs. W. T. Holland,** Mt. Vernon, has returned to her school, Drexel College, Philadelphia, Pa., accompanied by her sister, **Miss Daisy Holland.**

There will be a meeting of the public school teachers of Somerset county held at the Washington High School in Princess Anne next Friday. An interesting and instructive program has been prepared and a full attendance is expected.

The Ladies' Aid of Salem Methodist Protestant Church will hold a supper in the church hall, at Manokin, on Wednesday evening, January 19th. If the weather should be stormy it will be held the following evening. The supper will consist of oysters, chicken salad, rolls, Maryland biscuit, pickles, jelly, tea and coffee. After supper ice cream and cake will be for sale.

At high noon on Sunday, the 9th instant, **Miss Cecil Grace Cullen,** daughter of **Mr. and Mrs. James H. Cullen,** was married to **Mr. Howard Roy Ward,** son of **Mrs. Irene Lawson Ward** and the late **James Ward.** The wedding was solemnized at "The Maples," the attractive home of the bride's mother, near Crisfield. **Dr. W. F. Corkran** officiating. After luncheon the wedding party came by automobile to Princess Anne where **Mr. and Mrs. Ward** boarded the 2.40 train for a honeymoon trip north.

54,318,032 People Live in Cities

For the first time in the country's history, more than half of the population of the continental United States is living in urban territory. Persons living in cities and towns of more than 2500 when the 1920 census was taken numbered 54,318,032, the Census Bureau has announced, while those living in rural territory numbered 51,390,739. The population of the cities and towns in 1920 showed a gain of 5.66 per cent. over that in 1910 and was 51.4 per cent. of the total population of the country. In Maryland 869,422 reside in cities and 580,238 in the country.

Oyster Tongs Back On Old Job

Manpower is becoming more plentiful if the statistics filed with the State Conservation Commission, showing the number of persons engaged in the oyster industry can be taken as an indication.

During the war period many persons who before had sought a livelihood from the oyster industry left the business to engage in other work at more remunerative figures. Times have changed, however, and many of those who quit are now returning. The number of tongs applying for licenses is larger than during the years 1919 and 1920. The number of tongs procuring licenses in the various tidewater counties up to December 31 are 4982, while licenses have been issued to 440 scrapers, 318 dredgers and 203 licenses have been taken out to conduct packing-houses.

PUBLIC SALE

As I have sold my farm, located three miles southwest of Princess Anne, on the road leading to Revell's Neck, I will sell at Public Auction on the premises, the following named Personal Property of

Tuesday, Jan. 25th, 1921

Commencing at 10 o'clock A. M.: One Horse, 5 years old; one Jersey Cow, 8 years old; one calf; one lot of March; five tons of Mixed Clover Hay; Deering Mower, 14-inch Deere Sulky Plow, Springtooth Harrow, Spiketooth Harrow, 10-wheel Disc, 3-foot Hay Rake, Lion Feet Cutter, wood wheel Truck, steel wheel Truck, wheelbarrow, Sander, Potato Sorter, Corn Sheller, Buggy, Road Cart, Hay Rack, set of Double Harness, sheep and hog Dipping Tank, Iron Pot, Cook Stove, 3-burner Oil Stove, Heating Stove, Oil Stove Heater, Platform Scales, 250 pounds capacity, and a lot of other articles too numerous to mention.

TERMS OF SALE—On all sums of \$10.00 and under, cash; over that amount, four months credit will be given on bankable note with approved security, bearing interest from day of sale. No property to be removed until terms are complied with.

WILLIAM WETTER

PUBLIC SALE

SEVENTEEN HEAD OF Horses and Mules

Saturday, Jan. 22d, 1921

BEGINNING AT THE HOUR OF 1.30 P. M.

These Horses and Mules range in age from 3 to 15 years and were selected with the view of meeting the requirements of farmers and for general use. All sizes and kinds. If you get a horse or mule from me and it is not as represented, and you are not pleased, we will give you your money back. There are several nice pairs of young Mules and Horses in the lot. I will trade or sell any of this stock on Friday before offering it at Public Sale on Saturday, when everything will be sold regardless of price. If you have a horse or mule you are not pleased with come in and look over my stock. I can suit you.

TERMS OF SALE to suit purchaser.

HARRY T. PHOEBUS

FRANK BRANFORD

Contractor and Builder

PRINCESS ANNE, MARYLAND

Estimates Furnished

Local Letters May Cost One Cent

The Postoffice Department makes a profit upon first-class mail matter. It makes its biggest profit upon local letters—upon letters which are delivered from the same postoffice in which they are mailed. Mr. Burleson has proposed before and he repeats his recommendation that the local letter shall be carried for one cent. His advisers tell him that the 1-cent rate will be as profitable as the 2-cent rate for drop letters. It certainly would greatly increase the business of every office and it would add greatly to the service the postoffice renders the public.

State Board To Confer With Educators

The proposed conference of members of all county boards of education and county superintendents, with the State Board of Education, will be held in Baltimore February 1st and 2nd, it was announced last Wednesday by State Superintendent Albert S. Cook.

The purpose of the meeting will be to get views of county board members on educational features, so that additions may be made to the program to be presented to the next Legislature. One of the chief subjects that probably will come before the conference is the counties' sentiment on increased school taxes. It is generally understood that the new educational program will necessitate increased expenditures for schools and it is the plan of the State Board of Education to arrange the program and present it to the public that necessity for increased expenditures will be apparent.

A meeting of the State Board of Education will be held February 3, immediately after the proposed conference.

When You Are Bilious

To promote a healthy action of the liver and correct the disorders caused by biliousness Chamberlain's Tablets are excellent. Try them and see how quickly they give you a relief for your food and banish that dull stupid feeling.

[Advertisement.]

PHILIP M. SMITH

Undertaker and Embalmer

PRINCESS ANNE, MARYLAND

Phone 42

NOTICE

To The Tax Payers Of Somerset County

I will be at WESTOVER, at Long Brothers store, on Thursday morning, Jan. 20th, and at CRISFIELD at W. Jerome Sterling & Co.'s store on Friday morning, Jan. 21st, 1921, for the purpose of receiving and collecting State and County Taxes.

R. MARK WHITE, Treasurer.

DR. H. C. ROBERTSON

DENTIST

NITROUS OXIDE GAS WITH OXYGEN ADMINISTERED

Office—Prince William Street, opposite Court House

Princess Anne, Maryland

NEW CRATE FOR Strawberry Growers

I am making a new and improved Crate—better ventilation, easier to pack in, reinforced bottom, lighter in weight—which is stronger made than those now in use and will cost you no more than the inferior crate made by others.

We Lead, Others Follow

S. S. BREWER

PRINCESS ANNE, MD. ROUTE 1

Dr. R. O. HIGGINS

DENTIST

Successor to

Dr. E. W. SMITH

OFFICES 228 WEST MAIN STREET

SALISBURY MARYLAND

Gas Administered. Teeth Straightened

X-Rays Telephone 744

FIRE INSURANCE POLICIES

We beg to announce to our patrons and the public that we have taken over the Fire Insurance Business formerly conducted by Miss Ellen McMaster, and represent The Home Insurance Company and the Continental Insurance Company, of New York, and The Insurance Company of the State of Pennsylvania.

We will be pleased to take up the matter of Insurance with you on your Property or Automobile if you are not protected.

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COSTEN & WHITE, Agents

ATTRactions

FOR THIS WEEK AT THE AUDITORIUM

Motion Pictures

TUESDAY NIGHT

J. Warren Kerrigan in "30,000" and a Rollin Comedy

THURSDAY NIGHT

Louise Glaum in "The Lone Wolf's Daughter" and a Universal Comedy

Prices:—Adults 25c, children, 20c, gallery 20c.

SATURDAY NIGHT

8th Episode of "Bride 13," Back-Sen-net Comedy, "Movie Fans," and a 2-Reel Western

Admission, 22 cents; Children, 17 cents; war tax included; Gallery, 17 cents

Doors open 7.15; Pictures Start Promptly at 7.30; Second Picture at 9.00.

For A Persistent Cough

Some years ago H. P. Burbage, a student at law in Greenville, S. C., had been troubled for a long while with a persistent cough which he says, "greatly alarmed me, causing me to fear that I was in the first stage of consumption." Having seen Chamberlain's Cough Remedy advertised he concluded to try it. "I soon felt a remarkable change and after using two bottles of the small size was permanently cured."

[Advertisement.]

NOTICE

I am back in the old shop again and am prepared to do all kinds of repair work besides tire and tube vulcanizing, such as soldering, bicycle repairing and fine machine work.

Motorcycles repaired, bought and sold. Used machines always on hand and for sale.

J. HENRY EXSTROM

Princess Anne, Maryland

DELCO-LIGHT

The complete Electric Light and Power Plant

Endorsed by more than 70,000 satisfied users throughout the world.

ERNEST M. HAYMAN

Hardware—Stoves—Ranges

Paints, Oils and Varnishes

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Heating and Plumbing

Princess Anne, Maryland



Your Self Respect

While we are all warned not to think more highly of ourselves than we ought to think, yet a certain amount of self respect is vital to success.

Few things contribute so much to one's self-respect as a checking account. It puts your spending on an orderly, business basis and provides a legal receipt, in the form of an endorsed check, for every bill paid. Open your account HERE!

BANK OF SOMERSET
PRINCESS ANNE, MARYLAND

Capital and Surplus \$ 240,000.00
Resources 1,500,000.00

FOR STYLISH AND QUALITY PRINTING Bring your orders to the Marylander and Herald Office.

Slashing Prices

in the biggest Clearance Sale ever held in Princess Anne

Out goes our entire stock of merchandise at the lowest prices ever heard of in years. Every article reduced from

15% to 50%

We are overstocked and we are going to sell goods at some price. This is a straight-forward business proposition in which we are heavy losers while the public reaps the benefit of an opportunity that comes once in a lifetime.

30c. Mavis Talc. Powder at 17c.	50c. Table Oilcloth at 29c.	Coats, Suits, Skirts and Dresses At a Sacrifice At an average of 1/2 off less than . . .	50c. Pro-phy-lactic Tooth Brushes at 25c.	75c. Perfect Window Shades at 48c.
SHOES Real Savings on Fine Quality Merchandise. Values you have been Waiting for.		MILLINERY FOR ALMOST NOTHING 98c for Hats that sold up to \$4.00 \$1.98 for Hats that sold up to \$7.50 \$2.98 for Hats that sold up to \$12.00	Three Lots of GEORGETTE WAISTS \$2.98, \$3.98, \$4.98 Including Blouses that sold up to \$10.00 Ask to See Them	
Hill's Muslin at 13c.	Two cakes Palmolive Soap 13c.	Men's Clothing, Suits, Overcoats at throw-out prices. Our entire stock will be offered at prices that will MAKE YOU BUY	W. B. and Bon Ton CORSETS Onyx Silk Hose and all Underwear Are Included in this Sale	
Get one of our 35c. Feather Dusters for 10c.	\$10.00 QUILTS at \$5.95	Men's Work Pants as low as (per pair) \$1.48 Corduroy Pants for \$2.48 Men at BOYS' SUITS, PANTS and OVERCOATS AT BIG SAVINGS	Get one of our \$1.00 Brooms at 59c.	BEDROOM SLIPPERS at 1/3 off

Read over this advertisement and if you think we mean business come and ask for these bargains. You will find hundreds of others if you visit our store.

TERMS OF SALE:—C A S H

NO CHARGES—NO MAIL ORDERS

Goodman's

BUSY CORNER

Chickens, Eggs, Etc., Exchanged for Goods

PEKING'S WALL OF DRAGONS

Mythical Creatures in Tiles That at First Sight Appear Surprisingly Lifelike.

One of the unexpected treasures of Peking is the dragon screen. It is barely mentioned in some of the guide-books and not mentioned at all in others. It is hidden behind a hillock in the winter palace grounds, and nine-tenths of the visitors to Peking walk within a hundred yards of it and never dream of its existence.

It is a wall perhaps 20 feet high and a hundred long, faced completely with the cast to represent nine life-size dragons in bas relief, of various colors—yellow, purple, buff, maroon, orange, dancing gayly above emerald billows, against a pale blue sky.

Doubtless one should not speak of "life size" dragons, but these creatures of the screen are the alliest dragons one may ever hope to see; they give rise to the feeling that if a dragon lived he would be exactly like one of them.

Most sculptured Chinese dragons are lifeless, angular beasts; but here there is an almost un-Chinese vigor and audacity in the spring and twist of the little bodies. They leap, whirl, lunge and writhe until the spectator steps back, half afraid that they will come tumbling off the screen, striking at the unwary with their sturdy claws. There are, I believe, critics who teach that plastic art should never undertake to portray moments of activity. If this be correct, the dragons stand condemned; but if the sculptor may ever rightly give us life in its vivid, moving moments, here is a masterpiece.—James A. Muller in the National Geographic Magazine.

JEALOUS MAKERS OF LAWS

British Members of Parliament Put Rigid Restrictions on the Presence of "Strangers."

A stranger caught upon either floor of congress might not indeed be lynched. But in contrast with such impossible intrusion comes the odd disclosure of a recent parliamentary debate, that, even during the formal days of Chatham, it was usual for outsiders to go forward in the house of commons "as far as a point beneath the rose in the center of the roof." Suggestions for enforcing the "standing order" against this liberty were discouraged at the time because "a violent struggle" would probably ensue.

The late discussion evolved from the current practice of admitting strangers, apparently through the laxity of attendants, into lobbies and into members' smoking rooms. But the lobbies have long been open to certain journalists, and the pictorial terrace beside the Thames has been a trysting place for high society whenever it decided to invite itself to tea.—London Mail.

The Blessing of Oil.

Where oil deposits are, there statesmen of a commercial type gather today to get possession of the "key" fuel of the hour and of tomorrow. But all phases of oil distribution are not as grim as the processes of its acquisition. We have long known of the uses to which the Chinese peasant and urban dwellers have put the tin cans that the Standard Oil company's agents have sent throughout the empire with petroleum for the illumination of the house and shops of the people. Many of these substitutions have been comical; but we have not heard before of the disciples of Confucius using the tin cans for roofing of their temples. In Saloniki, however, the Mohammedans have been using the "containers" to replaster the surface of their rotting mosque minarets. Now when the call to prayer goes forth, it not only summons the faithful to think of Allah, but also to remember the generosity of the managers of the Red Cross garage.—Advocate of Peace.

One Good Quality of Condor.

If the condor does not reach an untimely end by violence it is, according to all accounts, very long lived. The Indians of the Andes believe that he lives for a hundred years. The condors' homes seem just suited for birds so ugly and fierce. They build no nest, but the female selects some hollow in the barren rock that shall be large enough to shelter her from the strong winds while she is hatching her eggs. Here, in the midst of desolation, the ugly little condors begin their cries for food, and after they are six weeks old begin attempting to use their wings. The parents show the only good trait they possess in their care for their young, feeding and training them to fly, so that in a few months they are able to hunt for themselves after the grim fashion of their elders.

Seems to Sustain Darwin.

Something like half a century ago a Dutch army surgeon, Eugene Dubois, unearthed in Java some bones. There was part of a skull, two molar teeth and the fragment of a thigh. Science has not yet solved to its own satisfaction the problem presented by these vestiges of a once living thing. But science is fairly well convinced that whatever the nature of the living thing for which they formed part of the frame it belonged to an era so remote that the interval must be counted in hundreds of thousands of years, perhaps 500,000 years, and scientific imagination has reconstructed from these bones a thing that approaches the human in its characteristics.—Exchange.

GETTING A GOOD START EVERY DAY

Red-Blooded Men and Women Are Up and Doing Bright and Early

FREE YOUR BLOOD FROM POISON

Take Pepto-Mangan, The Famous Blood Tonic Prescribed By Physicians For 30 Years

Sluggish blood clogged with poison makes you lazy. You never feel like getting up in the morning. And when you do get up, you miss that feeling of refreshing rest. You feel more tired than when you went to bed. After a good night's sleep you should get up with a spring, feeling alive, renewed, refreshed.

And you would, too, if your blood were full of red corpuscles. Your complexion would look fresh, your eyes bright and clear; you would feel the warm tingle of good health.

Look to your blood if you have that lazy, heavy feeling in the morning. Begin taking Pepto-Mangan—the ideal tonic. It has blood-building properties that pick you up and give you strength.

Pepto-Mangan is widely and heartily endorsed by physicians. It is effective and easy to take. It is prepared in both liquid and tablet form. Both have the same medicinal properties.

Sold at any drug store. But be sure you get the genuine Pepto-Mangan—"Gude's." Ask for it by the full name and be sure the full name, "Gude's Pepto-Mangan," is on the package. Advertisement.



Do You Want TO SELL Your Farm?

If so, list it with

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WE are preparing our lists for 1921 and would like to have your farm listed.

MOORE & FORD
Princess Anne, Maryland

Remember to look at the pink label on your paper and see if you owe us \$1.50.

Buy Your School and Office Supplies at

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To protect your interests and the interests of everyone of us is the work of the Department of Justice. The far-reaching activities of this department are effectively described in one of the series of profusely illustrated booklets about Our Government now being distributed exclusively by this Institution. We are anxious that all who desire to know more about the work of the different governmental departments shall receive this series.

There is no charge and no obligation incurred in having us put your name on our mailing list. See that it is added today.

PEOPLES BANK of
SOMERSET COUNTY
PRINCESS ANNE MARYLAND

Shapes of Hair.

A Chinaman has a round head. Every hair on his head is shaped likewise. That is to say, a cross-section of it (as seen under the microscope) is circular.

People of our own race have heads that are more or less oval in form, as your hat will show. The hairs of your head are likewise oval in section.

The negro has an oblong head. Call it rather an oblong square. Each individual hair of his kinky wool is oblong square in section, which, in fact, is the reason why it kinks.

Nobody knows why there should be this sort of correspondence between the shape of the head and the shape of the hair. It is just a fact in nature.—Philadelphia Ledger.

Historically Sound.

Visitor—So this is the famous original Blinks restaurant that I've heard about for so many years!

City Host—Yes, this is it. Of course, old man Blinks died some time ago and the place has changed hands several times since. The last owners moved it from its old location, which was fifty blocks farther down town to this present place and last year built an entirely new place here, which they remodeled completely last summer. Otherwise it hasn't been changed a particle since the old days.

Effect of the Moon on Tides.

The moon, often aided by the sun, pulls up the tide. It draws every object on the earth to it, but only the water, which is highly mobile, can readily respond. There are two tidal waves on earth, one beneath the moon, and one directly opposite on the other side. The cause of the tides on the opposite face is interesting. The moon pulls the earth away from the water, and lets a bulge of it hang partly released from the earth's control.

16799
DIED

in New York City alone from kidney trouble last year. Don't allow yourself to become a victim by neglecting pains and aches. Guard against this trouble by taking

GOLD MEDAL
HAARLEM OIL
CAPSULES

The world's standard remedy for kidney, liver, bladder and uric acid troubles. Holland's national remedy since 1896. All druggists, three sizes. Guaranteed. Look for the name Gold Medal on every box and accept no imitation.

THIS "ANGEL" WAS A KITE

But Superstitious Railroad Man Who Shot It Down Was Certainly Scared for a Time.

"The shooting," says a Texas man, "occurred some years ago on the Panhandle branch of the Santa Fe, and the hero of the tale was a superstitious engineer who believed in 'warnings.'"

"One night he was rolling along at a good speed, when he saw a clear, white light, like a will-o'-the-wisp, dancing over the track a few hundred feet in front. He shut off steam and came to a stop as quickly as he could. The conductor and train crew came running up to the engine to see what was the matter.

"There is some one swinging a lantern across the track," said the engineer, and the crew went ahead to investigate.

"We can't find anyone," reported the rear brakeman, and the engineer pulled out again, but he went slowly, and in a few minutes stopped again. The crew went ahead once more to see what was the cause of the light. The conductor, who was a good shot, drew his revolver, and at his second shot there was a crash, a scream, and the light went out, and something white came fluttering down from the clouds.

"The engineer was scared. 'You've shot an angel, sure,' he said to the conductor, with a face as pale as death.

"Investigation brought out the fact that a small boy, with a lantern tied to the tail of a kite, was the cause of the trouble; but for a long time it teased the engineer to be asked about 'shooting angels.'"

HIGH PLACE FOR LEWIS CASS

Was Instrumental in Setting Up American Form of Government in Western Territories.

"Those who pushed the frontier westward were themselves the products of frontier conditions," says William B. Shaw in the American Review of Reviews. "Such a leader was Lewis Cass, a native of New Hampshire, who went out as a youth to the settlements that were soon to be organized into the state of Ohio, took part in lawmaking there, served as a volunteer officer in the war of 1812, was appointed governor of Michigan territory, and for many years was engaged in the difficult task of setting up an American form of government in regions that had barely emerged from the wilderness stage.

"That Lewis Cass was in after years a United States senator from Michigan, a member of cabinets, a diplomat and an unsuccessful aspirant for the presidency may have partially blinded us to the really important services that he rendered in the pioneer period of Michigan's history. Neither he nor any of the men of his day could have foreseen the strain that was to be put on the states created out of the old Northwest territory caused by the attempt to absorb vast populations of northern European blood into the citizenship.

"Lewis Cass lived to see great armies recruited among those newly made Americans to fight for the Union and the principles of nationality which he had himself defended throughout his career."

First Payment of Rent.

It would be hard to find exact records of the first rent paid. It is said that when the Germans conquered parts of Gaul, the land was parceled out to chiefs, lieutenants and private soldiers. In return the holders of the lands promised military service when needed. Some of the land was given to favorites, who were allowed to pay in money instead of service, and the system was established. Rent was certainly known in the days that Rome flourished, there being Latin names for rent under long leasehold tenure; rent of a farm, ground rent, rent of state lands and the annual rent payable for the right to the perpetual enjoyment of anything built on the surface of the land.

Ancient Bible.

A Bible belonging to Elizabeth Haddon, a Quakeress, printed in 1566, has been discovered in the East. The Haddon Bible is sixteen years older than the Reims Testament sometimes spoken of as "the oldest Bible." The Haddon Bible is an authentic "Great" Bible. It is also a "Treacle" Bible. Coverdale, the translator, rendering "The Prophecy of Jeremie," gave the reading "I am heavy and abashed; is there no triacle at Gylad." This in the King James modern version reads "balm in Gilead."

"The Haddon Bible is indeed 'Great.' It weighs 18 pounds, and its dimensions are: Thickness, 4 1/2 inches; width, 10 1/2 inches; length, 16 1/2 inches.—Detroit News.

Few Do Much Walking.

Statistics of mankind's amblings, including young children and old persons, and taking into consideration the fact that nowadays there are the inclination and the facilities to ride more and walk less than our forefathers did, show that a fair estimate of the average distance walked during the 24 hours by the men, women and children of continental United States seems to be four miles. The postman and the policeman and the messenger boy walk far more miles than four, so does the farmer, though the use of the tractor has taken some of the burden of agricultural work off shank's mare.

False Colors

By HELEN CARR

(© 1920, Western Newspaper Union.)

Cecily smoothed the ruffles of her white lawn collar and cuffs as she entered the office. She hoped that this touch of daintiness might relieve the severity of the blue serge frock, which she was obliged to wear both in and out of season. New clothes and laundry bills were both so high that Cecily wondered wistfully if she would ever be able to earn more than a living wage. Employment in the business world was new to the heretofore sheltered country girl, and because of her shyness or her inability to adopt each new mode as it came, or perhaps because of Cecily's difference altogether, the girls of the office, used to the great hurrying city, and its ways, made no offer of friendliness to the one alone.

Ormond Wells held an important position in the office, and Cecily's wide eyes were not the only ones that brightened at his approach. But Cecily seemed to be the only one who awakened no responsive gleam in his own. His invitations given with the air of a favor conferred, never included herself.

Mazie, the little pianist across the boarding-house hall, who practiced hours a day in order to publicly perform at night—came to Cecily's aid.

Cecily was crying secretly when the kind-hearted Mazie happened to run in with an extra box of candy some one had given her.

"It's the same dress and that same old hat," Mazie remarked, "that's getting on your nerves."

"Wear my suit for a few days, Cissy, and my georgette waist and see how different you'll feel."

Cecily, who a few days before would have firmly refused this generous offer, now, to her own astonishment, yielded promptly.

The suit and the lovely waist were transforming. Ormond Wells regarded her as though he had not seen her before, and it was after his second short visit beside her desk that he asked with his usual smiling confidence, that she go with him to the company's banquet next evening. Cecily was delighted, triumph was near.

"You'll have to wear evening dress," he added casually.

Cecily accepted calmly.

Mazie herself eagerly made the suggestion, when Cecily confided to her the wonder of her invitation, and Cecily accepted the offer of a frock as calmly as she had agreed to go to the banquet. After the accomplishment of her triumph, she would settle back again into the blue serge girl—but first she must "show" them.

And she did. Those who had ignored her could hardly recognize in the radiant creature of tulle and gold the small, meek person of the office. Ormond Wells had never been more courteously attentive. Cecily looking up at him through her long lashes, wondered if his interests never reached beyond business or personal ally.

When the rest were dancing she slipped unobserved to a quiet corner. Realization of the part she was playing came to her poignantly. She was parading under false colors—that was the truth; and what had she gained by the deception? If Ormond Wells' approval had been won by wearing "borrowed plumes," she would but have to confess to the borrowing.

"Beg pardon," a pleasing voice remarked, "I thought no one was here and I wanted—to get away from all that."

A young man stood before her motioning toward the dancing throng and still lingered as though awaiting her permission to stay. The young man had a fine face and he wore a business suit contrasting with the men's dress suits beyond.

With quick sympathy Cecily understood. The young man, a company employee, no doubt, had been obliged to come to this party and had no dress suit to wear.

"Exactly," thought Cecily. "He is in the position I should have been in, without Mazie's kindness and Mazie's dress."

And before she knew it, as they sat behind the palms with the music coming to them distantly, the young man was telling his difficulty and his embarrassment.

"I could not afford to buy a dress suit just for this occasion," he confided, "and, of course, I would not borrow."

It is remarkable how friendly two people heretofore unknown may become when each has made a confession to the other. After that last remark of the young man Cecily found it necessary to confess concerning her own borrowed finery.

"It all came from my loneliness," she excused. "I did so want—to be included."

The young man nodded with the same understanding sympathy which Cecily had recently shown.

"Tell you what," he said impulsively, "let's go places together—worth while places, you know, that we would both enjoy and where our ordinary clothes will do. The company manager can vouch for me. I'm his nephew."

And when the splendid man came at last to take Cecily home she had forgotten all about him—or that he ever had seemed to be a splendid man, at all.

NOT THE ORDINARY ROMANCE

Happily Married Man Has Something Different to Say About the Darling of His Heart.

She wasn't exactly handsome, and yet you couldn't call her plain.

Her features were irregular, but interesting, as I heard one of her friends remark.

For instance, one pearly ear of matchless beauty was an inch or so lower than the other.

And her teeth were so splendidly different from the usual. The absence of two of them in front relieved the monotony of the faultless rows of molars that most girls have.

Then again she had a habit of holding her mouth open so that if there were the slightest breeze stirring it would whistle weirdly in and out of the space between her teeth.

Her eyes were fishy blue, and slightly crossed, so that in walking she could not help tripping over her own feet.

She also toed-in a trifle, and when she sidled down the road, daintily tripping in her own charmingly original way, people stopped to look at her.

It used to gratify my vanity to be stared at so whenever I went out with her.

In fact, I may as well out with it, I found her so fascinating that I married her. And ours has been the happy union.

She bores me. She is a continuing source of interest. I keep finding new things wrong with her every day.—London Answers.

HONORS NOT EASILY EARNED

Japanese Wrestlers Who Rise to Fame Are Deserving of the High Position They Attain.

Training for a Japanese wrestler is not easy. The training of our college boys for an athletic event is child's play in comparison. It is not unusual for a novice to be gashed and bleeding after being knocked about the hard gravel of a private arena. Young students come out at 4 on cold mornings and train until 8. Their fat and muscles are hardened by constant ramming at wooden posts and their heads are hardened by being pushed vigorously against walls. Yet it is a career any boy in Japan's villages aspires to who throws more than the average number of local rivals.

A champion today has 150 or 160 "hands" or devices at his disposal. The aim, a worthy one certainly, is the maximum of force with the minimum of disturbance.

Wrestlers are classified into nine grades, of which only the first three or four have professional importance. In each camp there are three leading lights. The champion, the O-zeki, or second champion; the Seki-waki, or second assistant champion; the Komusubi, the assistant to the second assistant champion. The supreme champion is called the Tokodzuna, but there have only been a score of these since Japanese wrestling started in the prepagoda period.

How Burmese Women Smoke.

Merchants smoke their pipes from dawn until dark, in Korea, writes a correspondent. They squat down when they smoke, and as the stems of the pipes are 3 feet long, the bowl can rest on the ground. In Bethlehem the hookah is very popular among the women and it accompanies the morning and afternoon coffee-drinking hour. Several tubes extend from the water bowl through which the smoke passes in a cooling process, and the women gather about the hookah, each selecting a tube, and all drawing smoke from the common bowl. The Burmese maidens smoke a cigar 10 inches long and as fat as a good-sized candle and with a white paper covering. The longest pipes known are those used by natives of the Belgian Congo. These pipes have stems 10 or 12 feet long, with small bowls. If matches were used to light them a friend would be needed to apply the flame, but the native gets his light by merely thrusting the bowl into his camp fire.

Bats and Bees.

For many years I have noticed when the lime trees are in flower the ground beneath them strewn with dead bees (the small humble-bee), states a Scottish correspondent on nature matters. But I don't think this can be the work of bats, as suggested, for the bees are generally whole, outwardly, but their insides are eaten away. Can it be that there is some tiny insect in the lime flower which, fastening on them as they suck the honey, eats into their bodies, and causes them to drop down dead below the tree? I have never noticed any number of bats about the trees of an evening, and besides a bat's mouth would be too large to eat them out like that.

English Coal Miners Peculiar.

The occupation of coal-mining in England is said to pass very largely from father to son and from uncle to nephew. It is a calling to which one is dedicated, and more than any other class of workers the miners are a caste and a people to themselves. It was about a coal miner, or, as he used to be more generally called, a collier, that the famous story of the Broadwood grand used to be told—how the bought the piano out of his monstrous wages and, finding himself unable to play it, took umbrage and kicked it to pieces. The story was generally believed and much grieved over in middle-class Victorian society.

AN UNTHINKABLE TRAGEDY

Some calamities are so terrible that it is difficult to realize them. Of this kind is the impending tragedy in Europe, where 3,500,000 little children are on the point of starvation. The horrors of the war pale before this sickening tragedy.

That this multitude of innocent little creatures, who have all life before them and have deserved nothing but kindness from all the world, should be snuffed out of existence for food and warm clothing, seems unthinkable. It is impossible to believe that all the comfortable and prosperous people of America will keep on enjoying their luxuries while doing nothing for these shivering and famished little ones who are about to perish. It can not be. The folks here in Princess Anne must do their share to help.

JUDGE FOR YOURSELF

Which Is Better—Try an Experiment or Profit by a Princess Anne Citizen's Experience

Something new is an experiment. Must be proved to be as represented. The statement of a manufacturer is not convincing proof of merit.

But the endorsement of friends is. Now supposing you had a bad back. A lame, weak or aching one. Would you experiment on it? You will read of many so-called cures. Endorsed by strangers from far-away places.

It's different when the endorsement comes from home.

Easy to prove local testimony.

Read this Princess Anne case:

Ernest M. Hayman, 402 Main street, says: "Some years ago I was in a bad way from disordered kidneys. Back-ache caused me considerable annoyance. When I passed the kidney secretions they burned and scalded and were highly colored. I was obliged to pass the kidney secretions several times during the night and I was very miserable. Doan's Kidney Pills were recommended by Mr. Smith, the druggist. After using one box I was cured of the trouble. Since then I have said a good word for Doan's Kidney Pills whenever I have had a chance."

Price 50c. at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—get Doan's Kidney Pills, the same that Mr. Hayman had. Foster-Milburn Co., Mfgs., Buffalo, N. Y.

[Advertisement]

THE AMERICAN PRESS ASSOCIATION

11,000 Cases Of Tomatoes Burned

The warehouse belonging to the Brown Packing Company, at Federalsburg, Md., was burned to the ground Monday morning of last week. Eleven thousand cases of tomatoes, each case containing four dozen cans, were stored in the building by Carrol & Kinder. A few days ago Robert W. Messenger and Earl Brown had stored for the winter about 1000 cases of tomatoes that were carried over from the 1919 season. There was also in the building a quantity of packages made by the Brown Packing Company. Little insurance was carried. The loss is estimated at about \$35,000.

St. Andrew's Church Services

Services on Sundays in St. Andrew's Church, Princess Anne, are as follows:
7.30 a. m. Holy Communion
Except first Sunday of month
9.30 a. m. Sunday School
11.00 a. m. Service and Sermon
7.30 p. m. Service and Sermon
8.00 p. m. Service at All Saints, Monie.
The public and visitors are cordially invited and will be welcomed at any service. REV. W. ARCHBOLD, D. D., Rector of Somerset Parish.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.—This is to give notice that the subscribers have obtained from the Orphans' Court for Somerset county letters of administration on the estate of

EDGERTON G. WILSON

late of Somerset county, deceased. All persons having claims against said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with vouchers therefor, to the subscribers on or before the

Seventeenth Day of May, 1921

or they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of said estate. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

Given under our hands this 13th day of November, 1920.

WINNIE H. WILSON
and HARRY A. WILSON,
Administrators of Edgerton G. Wilson, dec'd.

True Copy. Test: LAFAYETTE RUARK,
11-16 Register of Wills Som. Co.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.—This is to give notice that the subscriber has obtained from the Orphans' Court for Somerset County letters of administration on the estate of

SOLOMON BOWLAND,

late of Somerset county, deceased. All persons having claims against said deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with vouchers therefor, to the subscriber on or before the

Twenty-second Day of June, 1921.

or they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of said estate. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

Given under my hand this 15th day of December, 1920.

SAMUEL BOWLAND,
Administrator of Solomon Bowland, dec'd

True Copy. Test: LAFAYETTE RUARK,
12-21 Register of Wills

Moving Pictures And Crime

Chief of Police Fitzmorris, of Chicago, now refuses permits for moving pictures showing criminals in action. This order was made after three boy crooks told the judge they got their ideas and their desire to commit crime from seeing moving pictures of such things. Crime pictures must not be shown in Chicago even though the criminal is landed in a prison cell and left there.

Every dollar of your income tax goes into the common till for the common good. Pay it to-day.

More Homes Needed In United States

Our country needs 1,250,000 more homes. So the United States Chamber of Commerce tells us, after investigating the subject of housing. Before the war about 350,000 dwellings were built each year, but in 1919 the number had shrunk to 70,000. Still fewer, it is estimated, were built in 1920. High cost of building and high rents are causing families to live in crowded conditions which are dangerous to public health.

A lot of boys still in hospitals would be glad to pay a 1920 income tax.

Wise men are taking advantage of our Clothing Sale at 1/2 the usual price
JOHN W. MORRIS & SONS
Princess Anne Maryland



The sale you have been waiting for is now set and in action with sail spread for a clearing of present stock to make room for your Pre-Spring buying. We feel that prices are as low as they are likely to go and no matter what we paid for our stock on hand we are offering it to you to-day at to-day's market's LOWEST PRICES.

We will "Sail Out" our usual Stock-Taking Remnants and Close-outs

Muslin for Underwear

10 yards for \$1.50

Including such well-known brands as Hill, Andros-coggin, Pacific Mills, Etc.

Bundles

of Dress and Apron Gingham

Short Lengths

of Woolen Dress Goods

Floor Coverings

40c. to 55c. Straw Matting Remnants, while they last

Your Choice at 25c. yard

Linoleum (Burlap Back) Short Lengths

at 50c. square yard

Same grades as that sold at \$1.25

Wool and Fibre Rugs

Full 9x12 feet, at \$12.50

SHOES

Ladies', Misses', Boys' Children's and Infants' Shoes

have been given a prominent place on board our shipload of Bargains.

Hose For The Family

35c. gets Hose that will surprise you

\$1.00 gets \$1.75 Value

\$1.50 gets \$3.00 Hose

and so on through our Entire Stock

GROCERY DEPARTMENT

SUGAR—6c. a Pound.

Will sell each customer one pound at this price with every Dollar spent during Sale.

LOT OF CANNED GOODS

Special at 10c.

Three pounds Chase and Sanborn

Coffee for \$1.00

NOTHING CHARGED AT SALE PRICE

We wish you all a prosperous 1921 with happiness

W.O. LANKFORD & SON

EVERYTHING FOR THE HOME

PRINCESS ANNE

(Main Street)

MARYLAND

HUNDREDS of PEOPLE

Thronged Our Store to Benefit by Our JANUARY SALE

It's just what you've been waiting for, and we've been busy all the past week.

By all means come and see US while the assortment is large

WE LEAD—OTHERS FOLLOW
See OUR advertisement on page 5

Goodman's
BUSY CORNER

DECIDE NOW

upon something you want to do a few years hence. Then work toward that goal!

Many people daily reach goals toward which they have been striving, and make new decisions to reach goals further on.

They make this progress because of their success in saving and banking regularly a part of their income.

We welcome the accounts of all ambitious people.

PEOPLES BANK of SOMERSET COUNTY

PRINCESS ANNE, MD.

MARYLANDER AND HERALD

DEVOTED TO THE INTERESTS OF PRINCESS ANNE AND SOMERSET COUNTY

THE MARYLANDER, Established 1882
SOMERSET HERALD, 1882

PRINCESS ANNE, MARYLAND, JANUARY 25, 1921

Vol. XXIII No. 25

SOIL TESTING CAMPAIGN BEGUN

Soil Department of University Extension Service Offers Aid Again

Impressed with the large number of farmers who profited by last year's soil testing campaign, the Soil Department of the University of Maryland Experiment Station is planning for another campaign to be launched within the next few months, probably during the spring plowing season when soil samples will be easy to secure.

Since February 2, 1920, when the soil testing campaign was inaugurated, more than 500 farmers have sent samples of soil from approximately 1,600 fields which have been tested for lime requirements in the Experiment Station laboratory. In addition to this many soils have been tested by county agents who are equipped with testing apparatus.

Owing to the fact that there is a great variation in the amount of lime needed on different farms in different sections of the State, it is estimated that farmers last year were saved thousands of dollars and benefited greatly through improved soil conditions as a result of the soil tests. It is only through the test that the exact number of pounds or bushels of lime per acre can be determined.

The soil testing work at the Experiment Station is in charge of Dr. A. G. McCall and Prof. A. M. Smith. Dr. McCall believes that lime is the way to soil improvement and further that the soil is the foundation of the farm. "The Soil Department and the Extension Service, through the county agents, are willing at any time to test samples of soil," said Dr. McCall, from any farm in the State and the amount of lime needed to correct the acidity or sourness of his soil should be a matter of vital interest to every farmer.

County Teachers Meet

A meeting of the teachers of Somerset county was held last Friday at the High School building in Princess Anne. The day was pleasant and most of the teachers were present. At noon a luncheon was served by the Domestic Science department of the High School, under the direction of Miss Elinor McAllen.

The officers selected by the organization were as follows: President, W. A. N. Bowland, of Princess Anne; secretary, J. M. Geoghegan, of Fairmount. The committee suggested by State Superintendent A. S. Cook to confer with a State Committee upon legislative proceedings in 1922, were the following: W. A. N. Bowland, chairman; Mrs. Emma W. Somers, Mrs. Emma J. Layfield, Mrs. Carrie B. Whittington, Oscar B. Landon and J. M. Geoghegan. The program was as follows:

English—Miss Mildred Powell, of the Princess Anne High School.

Singing—By the pupils of Princess Anne High School.

Spelling—Mrs. Florence A. Dryden, Rural Supervisor of Somerset county.

Singing—Miss Marian A. Nelson, of Crisfield High School.

Organization—State High School Supervisor S. M. North; followed by committee appointments.

Thoroughness and Discipline—Mrs. Emma W. Somers, of Oriskany.

Address—J. M. Bennett, of Wicomico county.

Singing—Mrs. Florence A. Dryden.

Good Penmanship and How to Secure It—J. M. Geoghegan.

Composition and Letter Writing—Mrs. Florence A. Dryden.

Address—Charles W. Long, of the Board of Education.

Athletics—W. A. N. Bowland.

Miss Helen Scott Payne To Wed

The engagement of Miss Payne, daughter of Mrs. Louis N. Wilson, of St. Paul street, Baltimore, and Thomas Walter Harrison, Jr., son of Representative Thomas Walter Harrison, of Winchester, Va., and Washington, was announced last week. Mr. Harrison, who has been living in Baltimore for five years, is a brother of Mrs. Seabury Davies, formerly of Baltimore and now of Winchester, Va.; Miss Katherine Young Harrison, also of Winchester, and Matthew Harrison, of New York city. Mr. Harrison is a member of the Baltimore Club. Miss Payne is the daughter of the late R. Scott Payne. No date has been set for the wedding. Miss Payne is a grandniece of Mr. Z. J. Dougherty, of Princess Anne.

Birthday Dinner

A delightful birthday dinner was given Monday, January 17th, at the home of Mr. Isaac Hickman, on the Manokin river, in honor of his mother, Mrs. Lottie Hickman, of Venton.

Those present were: Rev. and Mrs. George S. Allen, Mr. and Mrs. Fillmore Phoebe, Mr. William Aldrich, Mrs. Laura Phoebe, Mrs. Rosa Bennett, Mrs. George W. Tyler, Misses Irene and Charlotte Hickman; Messrs. William Phoebe, Lit Bloodworth, Willie Bennett, John Hickman, Asbury Phoebe and Emmett Tyler.

SEVERAL PROPERTY TRANSFERS

Recorded in The Office of The Circuit Court For Somerset County

Joe M. Barnes from Archie W. Powell, 3 acres in Brinkley's district; consideration \$10 and other considerations.

John W. Trader and wife from John B. Roberts and wife, 200 acres in West Princess Anne district; consideration \$17,650.

The Cohn & Bock Co., from George Norman Pusey and others, 63 and 97-100 acres in East Princess Anne district; consideration \$5 and other considerations.

Charles N. Sterling from George A. Christy and others, land in Crisfield; consideration \$330.

Morris H. Adams et al. from Sidney F. Miller and wife, 70 acres in East Princess Anne district; consideration \$1,000 and other considerations.

Wm. O. Murray from W. Page Jackson and wife, land in Mt. Vernon district; consideration \$1,000 and other considerations.

George Norman Pusey from Harry King and wife, 8 acres in East Princess Anne district; consideration \$40.

Ralph P. Thompson from Horace L. McCready and wife, 19 1/2 acres in Dublin district; consideration \$10 and other valuable considerations.

George W. Zeh et al. from Edward L. Seltzer and wife, 10 acres in Lawson's district; consideration \$350.

Omar J. Crowell from John E. Baker and wife, 90 acres in East Princess Anne district; consideration \$100 and other valuable considerations.

Omar J. Crowell from Chas. R. Porter and others, 30 acres in East Princess Anne district; consideration \$5 and other valuable considerations.

Horace L. McCready from Ralph P. Thompson and wife, 147 and 9-10 acres in West Princess Anne district; consideration \$10 and other considerations.

Fred W. Adams and wife from Omar J. Crowell and wife, 30 acres in East Princess Anne district; consideration \$1,000 and other considerations.

Fred U. Blake from Gordon T. Atkinson and others, land in Crisfield; consideration \$400.

John U. Cantwell from Milton Cantwell and wife, 20 acres in West Princess Anne district; consideration \$500 and other valuable considerations.

Sidney F. Miller and wife from Robt. F. Maddox and wife, land in West Princess Anne district; consideration \$3,000 and other valuable considerations.

To Purchase Supplies Co-operatively

At a meeting of the County Board of Agriculture representing the Somerset County Agricultural Association, a purchasing committee was appointed as follows: Albert Fitzgerald, Princess Anne; W. A. Long, Pocomoke City, and John B. Roberts, Princess Anne. The purpose of this committee is to receive orders for farm supplies from members of the association.

Bids have been obtained from a number of the leading fertilizer companies for spring fertilizer. The prices are based on an aggregate order and will show a considerable saving to the farmers if bought co-operatively. Prices have also been obtained on Maine grown certified cobbler seed potatoes.

The association will hold its annual meeting Monday, January 31st, in the court house, at 11 o'clock a. m. The purchase of farm supplies will be discussed.

A number of the county associations are buying fertilizer and other farm supplies co-operatively and the Maryland Agricultural Society has appointed a State marketing committee to receive orders from the various county associations.

The Farmers' Institute will be held in connection with the association meeting. Several good speakers will be present to talk on agricultural subjects of interest to the farmers of the county.

Shoreland Club Entertained

Thursday afternoon the Shoreland Club enjoyed the hospitality of Mrs. John E. Holland. The following members were present: Mrs. Frank M. Cline, Mrs. Wm. H. Dashiell, Mrs. H. Fillmore Lankford, Mrs. W. O. Lankford, Jr., Mrs. George W. Maslin, Mrs. Earle B. Polk, Mrs. J. Arthur Powell, Mrs. Charles Fitzgerald, Mrs. H. C. Robertson, Mrs. Joseph G. Scott, Mrs. T. J. Smith, Mrs. J. T. Taylor, Jr., Mrs. R. P. Thompson, Mrs. J. D. Wallop, Misses Ray Stewart and Berenice Thompson. The Club will meet with Mrs. R. P. Thompson on Thursday afternoon, February 3rd.

Great Sachem Watcher Coming

Wa Wa Tribe No. 121, Improved Order Red Men, will meet in the Boy Scouts' hall in the Cohn building tomorrow (Wednesday) night at 7.30 o'clock. All members are requested to come as Great Sachem Watcher of Maryland will be present and probably some other great chiefs. All members should attend this meeting. After the council fire is quenched refreshments will be served and a smoke enjoyed.

MISS HOLLAND BECOMES A BRIDE

Married To Mr. Donald Duncan Last Thursday Evening At Mt. Vernon

A pretty wedding took place at 8 o'clock last Thursday evening, when Miss Daisy Marvel Holland, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. W. T. Holland, of Mt. Vernon, became the bride of Mr. Donald Duncan, of Pocomoke City. The ceremony was performed at John Wesley Methodist Episcopal Church by Rev. Daniel Moore.

The bride entered the church, which was decorated with potted plants and ferns, on the arm of her brother, Mr. W. T. Holland, Jr., who gave her in marriage, and was met by the groom, attended by his best man, Mr. Clinton Duncan, a brother. The bride wore a handsome gown of white satin trimmed in lace, her tulle veil was caught with orange blossoms, and she carried a shower bouquet of bride roses and ferns. Miss Mildred Holland, sister of the bride, was maid of honor. She wore a gown of pink satin and georgette crepe with picture hat to match, and carried pink carnations and sweet peas. The ushers were Messrs. Lloyd Barbon, Benson McGoughlin, S. Norman Holland and Cecil Holland, of Pocomoke. Both Lohengrin and Mendelssohn's wedding marches were beautifully rendered by Miss Elsa Opal Rust and Mrs. William Bounds, sister of the bride, sang "I Love You Truly" and "At Dawning I Love You."

The ceremony was followed by a reception at the bride's home to a few relatives and friends, immediately after which Mr. and Mrs. Duncan motored to Salisbury, where they took the train for a trip north. The bride's traveling dress was taupe tricot with Henna hat and veil. On their return they will reside in Pocomoke City, where the groom is engaged in business.

Those present at the reception were: Mr. and Mrs. Marion Duncan, Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Duncan, Mr. and Mrs. William Bounds, Misses Taylor, Rosa Duncan, Mary Bounds, Messrs. Cecil Holland, Clinton Duncan and William Bounds, of Pocomoke City; Mr. and Mrs. Harry Leibrandt, of Illinois; Mr. and Mrs. Lewis Pusey, Mrs. Mamie Pusey and Miss Mattie Pusey, of Salisbury; Rev. and Mrs. Daniel Moore, Mr. and Mrs. W. T. Holland, Mr. and Mrs. I. J. Holland, Mrs. W. T. Barbon, Mr. and Mrs. W. T. Holland, Jr., Mr. and Mrs. S. Norman Holland, Mr. and Mrs. Benson McGoughlin, Misses Elsa Opal Rust, Mildred Holland, Sophie Gracup, Messrs. Frank Barbon, Lloyd Barbon and Milton Barbon.

To Build A Large Warehouse

Mr. Columbus Lankford began breaking ground last week preparatory to laying the concrete foundation for a large warehouse which he has contracted to build for Armour & Co. This building, which is being erected on the N. Y. & P. N. Railroad property near the Princess Anne depot, will be a wooden structure 30x50 feet, with 10 foot corner posts, and will be used by the Armour people to store their fertilizers in, for which they will make this a distributing center for this section. The building is being erected between two sidings with a door at each end so that two cars can load or unload at the same time. It will also have a door on each side between the tracks, from which farmers can conveniently load their wagons. We understand that Mr. Fred A. Culver will be the company's representative at this point.

While considerable work has been collected there is still a long way to go, and it is to be hoped that the necessary amount will soon be raised and the property of the vicinity at large will have the protection from fire which an engine assures.

Those whose contributions reached the treasurer last week are:

Barnes Bros., Elkton, Henry Koller, Frank Long, Mrs. S. C. McAllen, James A. Miller, Sidney F. Pasquith, Henry T. Powell, Miss Mildred Polk, Mrs. W. T. G. Stewart, Miss Ray Smith, Philip M. Wilson, Mrs. L. James Wilson, Leah Wolford, Miss Lena R. Waters, Miss Emily R.

Fire Engine Fund Grows

A fire engine for Princess Anne seems to be the object toward which many citizens are contributing these days, and it is very gratifying to note that the people of the town and vicinity are responding so liberally.

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On Sunday, January 16th, Capt. John Sterling, president of the Bank of Crisfield, and one of the pioneer citizens of Somerset county, celebrated his 94th birthday at his home in that town. Captain Sterling has entered his 95th year, hale and hearty, and with remarkable vitality, energy and clearness of vision for a man of such advanced years. We, as well as a wide circle of friends, wish for him many more years of health and happiness.

OLDEST COLLEGE IN THE STATE

Plea For Endowment Fund For Washington College

President Clarence P. Gould and Dr. M. Bates Stephens, executive secretary of the endowment fund committee, have sent out a stirring appeal to the alumni of the venerable institution to "save the oldest college in Maryland and the sole institution of its kind on the Eastern Shore."

"The counties of the Eastern Shore have but one college of standard grade—Washington College at Chestertown," says the letter of President Gould and Dr. Stephens. "It is the oldest college of the State and was named in honor of the 'Father of His Country.' It is perhaps the only memorial erected in Maryland to honor our first President toward which he himself gave both of his time and of his money. He was elected to the board of governors and made at least one visit to the college. If it were a duty alone these would seem sufficient reasons for maintaining this institution as of college grade. But apart from any consideration of sentiment there are other potential reasons for saving Washington College to the interests of higher education."

"As has been suggested, this is the only standard college on the Eastern Shore—a region with a population of 200,000 persons and property valuations exceeding \$100,000,000. This section of the State also shows the largest percentage of high school graduates, indicating the keenest appreciation of educational advantages. These high school graduates are eligible to enter college. Must they be forced to seek an institution far from home and at a much higher cost than is now possible at Washington College? If this honored institution should cease to exist or be lowered in its grade of work, when will another college be started on the Eastern Shore? The Western Shore counties, exclusive of Baltimore city, have eight colleges. Is it not imperative that the Eastern Shore shall have at least one?"

"It is also worth while to the Eastern Shore that its young men and women should have the advantage of a small college. A large university may offer greater variety of courses to meet the needs of specialists, but beyond all doubt it is at the small college that the individual student counts for most and receives the most attention. It is far better, therefore, for each locality to maintain its own college to meet its own needs than to send its students away to distant centers, where their individuality is lost and where their local needs are unheeded."

"The campaign is on not only to save Washington College but also to bring it additional resources in popular interest and support and in endowment, which will make it serve a larger purpose in the educational realm than it has heretofore done."

"The alumni of the college purpose to raise \$60,000, and the hope is entertained that 100 per cent. of the alumni and old students will contribute. This fund is growing daily. In addition to the alumni fund it is the purpose of the campaign committee to raise \$200,000. We want everybody to make a contribution toward this amount, since all of us have an interest in the old college and want to see its doors open to the young life of our State for generations to come."

Negro Population Gains

The white and black populations of Norfolk and Portsmouth, Va., and Charleston, S. C., were announced last Wednesday by the Census Bureau. Norfolk had a negro population of 43,477, as against 72,243 white, the increase in negroes being 18,338, or 73.2 per cent., and the increase in the whites 29,890, or 75.6 per cent. All others numbered 157.

The negro population of Portsmouth increased 100 per cent. and totaled 23,242, a gain of 11,625 in ten years. The white population was 31,105, an increase of 9,544, or 44.3 per cent. All the blacks in Charleston numbered 32,292, an increase of 1,236, or 4 per cent., and the whites totaled 35,617, an increase of 7,853, or 28.3 per cent. All others numbered 48.

Farmers' Institutes Next Week

The Annual Farmers' Institutes will be held at Princess Anne on Monday, January 31st, and at Marion Station on Tuesday, February 1st; sessions at 10 a. m. and 1 p. m.

An interesting program has been arranged which will include talks on drainage, crops, spraying, marketing and livestock. There will also be talks on canning and home economics for the ladies.

The meeting at Princess Anne will be held in connection with the meeting of the County Agricultural Association. Farmers and their wives are urged to attend these meetings as subjects of interest will be discussed.

MEMORIAL TABLET DEDICATED TO MARYLAND LAWYERS

Men Who Fell in World War Honored At Annapolis—Bench And Bar Paid Tribute To Seven Associates—Mr. Miles Delivers Address

The Bench and Bar of Maryland on Tuesday, the 11th instant, paid fitting tribute to the seven Maryland lawyers who gave their lives in the World War, when a handsome bronze tablet, the gift of the Maryland State Bar Association, erected in the Court of Appeals Building, at Annapolis, was dedicated with a program of appropriate ceremonies.

Judges of the Appellate Court, the State's highest tribunal, besides many lawyers from Baltimore, Annapolis and other parts of the State, attended the unveiling exercises, which were held at 3 o'clock in the afternoon. Between the addresses an orchestra of Naval Academy musicians played patriotic airs.

The names of the men to whom the memorial was dedicated are:

German Horton Hunt Emory, D. S. C., major, Three Hundred and Twentieth Infantry.

Frederick C. Colston, captain, One Hundred and Fifty-fifth Artillery.

Merrill Rosenfeld, D. S. C., lieutenant, One Hundred and Fifteenth Infantry.

William Earl Fraley, lieutenant, Three Hundred and Thirtieth Infantry.

John Ganster, ensign, Navy Air Service.

George Roberts Paige, lieutenant, Three Hundred and Seventeenth Infantry.

Stanley L. Cochran, D. S. C., lieutenant, One Hundred and Sixty-sixth Aero Squadron.

Addresses were delivered by Governor Albert C. Ritchie, Hon. James E. Ellegood, Judge T. Scott Offutt, Chief Judge Morris A. Soper and Collector of Internal Revenue Joshua W. Miles. Mr. Miles' address follows:

This is a solemn hour in the history of the Maryland Bar Association, and yet the occasion is one of which we, as lawyers and as brothers in the profession with those in whose honor and memory this tablet has been unveiled, cannot fail to be proud.

We are proud that our profession, with its noble traditions and with its unflinching record of service, has again responded to the call of country, and has given, from the best of its sons, to heroic sacrifice on the altar of patriotism.

It is a glorious thing to give one's life to one's country or to freedom's sacred cause, but the price of the glory in this instance is indeed immeasurably great.

To these seven young men, whose names honor the tablet before you, life and lost none of its beauty. Their offering was not a gift of the broken and burnt hopes of unsuccessful existence. They offered, without hope of reward, their all, their life, their future. To them life was but opening up its brightest view of the future, a picture of the widening sphere of usefulness, painted in the glowing colors of youthful enthusiasm. They were on the thresholds of the careers for which they had devoted years of careful and painstaking study, but the call of country found them courageous and unafraid. All seven answered "present" to the bugle call of patriotism, and all seven paid to the world the supreme sacrifice.

Yes, we are proud of them, and while we may pardonably express on this occasion our special pride that these men were lawyers; that they had cast their lot in our profession, and were members of our fellowship; no member of the Maryland Bar Association, no real Marylander, no lover of his State and country, lawyer or layman, could witness the unveiling of this memorial tablet to our heroic dead, without the most profound emotions, when he thinks of these men of Maryland crossing the seas to a foreign land to give the greatest of all gifts, "The gift of life, and the gift of spirit," to the cause of humanity.

The men for whom we inaugurated these ceremonies were educated Maryland lawyers, familiar with the history of government throughout all time, and full of knowledge of the glorious achievements and splendid traditions of their own country.

They gave their lives to their country, of course, but they did more than this. They turned their backs upon happy and tranquil homes in the greatest, most prosperous and most favored nation of the earth, not alone to resist and punish the aggressions of the German autocracy upon American rights, but to fight, amid hardships and privations in the fields of Flanders, that men everywhere might be free.

The great Commander-in-Chief of all our naval and military forces tells us they entered an "army of clean men, devoted to the highest interest of humanity."

On a very memorable occasion Woodrow Wilson made the solemn declaration that "we told our fellow-men throughout the world, when we set up the free state of America, that we wanted to serve liberty everywhere, and be the friends of men in every part of the world who wanted to throw off the shackles of arbitrary government." Many men have insisted, and are still insisting, that these lofty sentiments, repeatedly falling from the lips of the President, are too idealistic when applied to the rank and file of men in our land who supported and sustained the war, either at home with their treasure or in the field with their blood. Such men look upon our participation in the Great War between the Allies and the Central Powers as having been born of just indignation at German outrages inflicted upon our people upon the high seas. They insist that our entry into the Great World War was for the purpose of punishing German aggressions and German outrages, and for that purpose only.

I do not, and would not, minimize the manifold German aggressions inflicted upon us, particularly on the high seas. Of course, they furnished ample justification to cause high-spirited and patriotic Americans to spring to arms everywhere, but these Maryland lawyers, worthy successors of the men who fought at Long Island, Monmouth, Camden and Cowpens, and to whose memory we are here today to do honor, were not only inspired by their knowledge of the splendid heroism of their forefathers in our own first great struggle for independence and popular freedom, but men of enlightenment and vision as they were, they saw in that struggle not alone a battle for popular freedom, but for the recognition of the rights of man to self-government.

Believing as they did that the American Revolution had inspired all other struggles for freedom in all the lands of the earth, they had, I submit, a loftier, a holier and a more sublime conception of the meaning of the Great World Revolution into which they were about to enter—a "full consciousness" of the high cause to which they devoted their lives, and for which, at last, they passed into "the Great Beyond."

Upon what grounds, therefore, shall we today and forever hereafter, before all the world, make acknowledgment of our debt of gratitude, our love and veneration for these Maryland heroes?

I make no argument in favor of idealism, for this is not an occasion for argument.

I make no suggestion here as to how far we shall go, or into what kind of an association we shall enter, with the other nations of the earth to secure the future peace of the world.

I make no appeal for the adoption of a purely idealistic view of the motives inspiring the great body of American soldiers to deeds of daring and splendid courage in the greatest revolution the world has ever known. But I solemnly insist, we pay the highest tribute to these dear dead associates of ours, these valiant Maryland troops now numbered with the world's chivalrous dead, when we register our conviction that they went forth to war at Verdun and in the forests of Argonne "reckless of danger because they seemed to see something that made that danger worth while," because they were inspired by the conviction that the generation to which their grandfathers belonged, soldier and statesman, had dreamed that it would be our destiny—the destiny of this great republic—to girdle the earth with free institutions and carry the blessings of freedom throughout the world.

Recalling the glorious early history of our State, and nerved to action by a most intimate knowledge of our own participation in the mightiest drama of our national history, these men believed that the men of "the Maryland line," who answered to the muster rolls of Gunby, Gist, Howard and Smallwood, dedicated and consecrated their lives to "a revolution of ideas as well as a revolution of government."

These hallowed traditions constituted the priceless heritage of these Maryland lawyers, to whom we pay tribute today, and let it be written in history, let us see to it that it is so written, even in contemporary history, that these comrades of ours, voluntarily entered a war which threatened the liberty of men everywhere, to fight with unflinching courage and with the ardor of Crusaders, as champions of world freedom, universal justice and world peace; that in the tragic hour when they dedicated themselves to their country, and in all the fiery ordeals that followed, "they were true to the vision they saw at their birth."

Maryland Press Association Meeting

The annual meeting of the Maryland Press Association will be held jointly with the Del-Mar-Va Press Association in parlors A and B, Hotel DuPont, Wilmington, Del., on Saturday, January 29th, beginning at 11 o'clock. Both associations will hold sessions between that hour and 1 o'clock, after which adjournment will be had for luncheon. The associations will have as their guests His Excellency Albert C. Ritchie, Governor of Maryland; His Excellency W. D. Denny, Governor of Delaware; Hon. Albert H. Wehr, Purchasing Agent for Maryland.

The Maryland Association will hold another business session after the luncheon and will endeavor to formulate a plan for aggressive work during the coming year. It is earnestly hoped that the members will attend this session. The presence of Governor Ritchie and Mr. Wehr is for the purpose of advising the members of the opportunities they will now have to secure business through the State Purchasing Department.

Millions Facing Famine in China

Famine stalking through China will claim more lives in the next six months than were lost in all the armies during the World War, unless other nations come to the rescue on a tremendous scale. It was predicted last week by Rev. Dr. W. A. Mather, Presbyterian missionary, upon his return from Pootung to New York.

"More than 15,000,000 persons face immediate prospect of starvation," he said, "and 45,000,000 others are affected in the famine zone of 100,000 square miles."

WORLD SECRETS BEING SOUGHT

Sixteen Exploration Expeditions
Are Now in Progress or
in Contemplation.

MANY PROBLEMS TO BE SOLVED

Most Important Enterprise Is British
Antarctic Expedition Headed by
Commander John Lachlan Cope
—Amundsen Is Trying for North
Pole.

New York.—Sixteen exploration expeditions are now in progress or in contemplation after four years of inactivity in this line of scientific research due to the great war. Most of these enterprises have been undertaken or projected since the armistice, and they recall the fact that mother earth still has important biological, zoological, geological, ethnological and meteorological problems to be solved. One of the most important of these enterprises is the British Antarctic expedition, headed by Commander John Lachlan Cope, F. R. G. S., formerly of the British navy. It is financed for \$750,000, includes five ships, 125 men, several airplanes and extensive wireless apparatus. The undertaking is to require five years and its objects are the circumnavigation of the Antarctic sea, a dash to the south pole, the locating of new whaling grounds and the discovery of supposedly rich gold, silver, coal and ruby fields.

Capt. Roald Amundsen, who discovered the south pole in 1911, left Nome, Alaska, last August in an attempt to reach the north pole. His ship, the Maud, had already spent nineteen months in the Arctic, north of Asia and Europe, and had successfully made the northeast passage. He expected the Maud to be locked in the ice pack and to drift toward the pole when the Arctic winter ended. In negotiating his way to Nome he was frequently compelled to blast a path through the ice.

Captain Amundsen was last heard of off East Cape, about 170 miles northwest of Nome in the Bering strait. The explorer, on account of high wages and scarcity of men, was handicapped by lack of help, his only companions being three sailors and an Eskimo cook.

Other Prospects on Foot.

The other interesting expeditions projected or now under way are as follows:

Siberia.—Capt. Axel Landmark and Capt. John Vatney, in a 50-foot power boat are on a 4,000-mile voyage to Kolyma river, using a primitive chart made in 1878 by Nordenskjöld, a Swedish explorer on his voyage from Norway to Japan via the Arctic ocean.

Greenland.—Knud Rasmussen, Danish explorer, who returned from the east coast late in 1913, after studying Eskimo tribes, is preparing for another expedition of five years' duration. Lange Koch, another Dane, is planning a scientific survey of North Greenland, his main purpose being to establish Danish sovereignty in that territory.

Africa.—Four expeditions are in progress, namely, the Mackie ethnological expedition to Central Africa for the purpose of studying the Bahima, one of the chief pastoral tribes of Ankole, a district west of Uganda; the British natural history of museum expeditions to the west coast and the Jeb-Maria mountains; the duke of Abruzzi's effort to find the sources of the Webi Shebelle river, which flows from Abyssinia through Italian Somaliland into the Indian ocean, and the entomological tour of the Belgian Congo, by T. A. Barns, who explored the Ituri and Semliki forests, finding a strange race of pigmy savages, as well as gathering a wonderful collection of moths and butterflies.

Baffin Land.—Donald P. MacMillan, who was with Admiral Peary plans to start next year to explore one of the richest fields in the far north. He expects to establish a camp 700 miles south of Etah in Northwest Greenland, where his Crocker Land expedition passed four winters. He will attempt to circumnavigate Baffin Land and penetrate 1,500 miles of its western coast.

Nova Zembla.—Dr. Olaf Holtehdahl of Christiania university is organizing a northwestern natural science and geological expedition to this country and plans to start next summer.

Mexico.—Prof. Emelio Oddone, a famous Neapolitan seismologist, representing the Italian government, is now studying the earthquake situation in Mexico by means of his "inervimeter," an invention by which he is able to measure both motion and energy.

Will Explore Amazon.

The Amazon.—Exploration of this great river to be undertaken by a large party of American scientists, headed by Dr. Henry H. Rusby of Columbia university. The party expects to leave early in January and to traverse more than 1,000 miles of almost virgin land in the upper reaches of the river basin. Dr. Rusby is to be accompanied by Dr. David Starr Jordan, president of Leland Stanford, Jr. university and Dr. Carl H. Engemann of the University of Indiana, who are to study fish and reptiles; Dr. Rutben of the University of Michigan, who is to study frogs, and Dr. Edward Kromers of the University of Wisconsin, and Prof. A. H. Gill of the Massachusetts Institute of Technology, who will investigate seed and volatile oils.

Equador and Peru.—Collections of flora and fauna are now being gathered for the American Museum of Natural History in New York by Capt. Harold E. Anthony and George K. Cherrle.

Pacific Islands.—Solution of the origin of the Polynesian race is one of the objects of a survey of the Pacific Islands planned at a recent conference of scientists at Honolulu under the auspices of the Pan-Pacific Union, representing the United States, Canada, Great Britain, Australia, New Zealand, Hawaii, the Philippines and Japan. An expedition will be sent to the South seas for this purpose by Yale, Harvard and other institutions.

China and Tibet.—The third expedition, backed by a fund of \$250,000, is soon to start from Central Asia under the leadership of Roy Chapman Andrews, associate curator of mammals in the American Museum of Natural History, New York. The Chinese government is expected to co-operate with this enterprise.

JOIN HANDS ACROSS THE SEA

Committees of Women Formed in
Great Britain and America to Pro-
mote Friendly Relations.

London.—With the object of promoting closer friendly intercourse between British and American women, a women's committee of the English-speaking union has been formed under the presidency of Viscountess Bryce, wife of the one-time ambassador to the United States.

Arrangements are being made to provide hospitality and entertainment for American women visiting England and to co-operate with corresponding committees in the United States.

The president for the United States of the English-speaking union is Mrs. William H. Taft. The new women's committee has among its members Lady Violet Astor, Viscountess Gladstone, the countess of Kerry, the countess of Reading and a lot of other women prominent in London society.

TRIES SABOTAGE IN INDIA

Labor Is Said to Have Adopted Tac-
tics to Gain Ends in Various
Parts of Country.

Calcutta.—Indian labor for the last two months has been adopting sabotage tactics to gain its ends in various parts of the country.

A notable example is one in Madras, where the provincial government has just issued a communique in reference to the railway disaster last month, where 14 people were killed and 21 injured. The disaster, in the opinion of the government, is the seventh out of eight cases of sabotage, committed between August 14 and October 21.

The strike of stevedores in this city has held up in port 111 ocean-going steamers, instead of the normal 50 usually here. The accumulation of cargoes amounts to thousands of tons, and the glut is accentuated by the importers' financial difficulties, due to fall in the exchange.

Dog Saves Life of Baby Hanging From Bridge

La Salle, Colo.—Teddy is only a common dog, boasting neither beauty nor blue blood, and the possessor of only three good legs, but he saved the life of his constant companion, a two-year-old boy. The dog's persistent barking attracted the mother's attention, and she went to investigate.

About 100 yards from the house runs the Milton canal. The baby had undertaken to cross a little foot-bridge and lost his balance. But in falling, his dress had caught on the bridge in such manner that it held and strangled him. First aid methods were applied, and in a few hours he was able to rejoin his faithful friend.

PHILADELPHIA HAS 'BIG YEAR'

Foreign Trade in 1920 Beats All of
Port's Former Records, Say
Commissioners.

Philadelphia.—All foreign trade records here were surpassed in 1920, according to commissioners of the port. Combined values of imports and exports totaled \$742,224,997, an increase over the previous record year of 1919 of \$63,960,391.

A gain of \$126,303,656 was shown in the value of imports over the previous year. Exports fell off \$60,343,265.

A feature of the export trade was the large quantity of coal shipped to foreign countries during 1920, when 2,490,867 tons of bituminous and 120,746 tons of anthracite coal was shipped, compared with 1,007,800 tons of bituminous and 45,189 tons of anthracite in 1919.

Button Causes Girl's Death.

Denville, Ill.—Jane Holmes, thirteen years old, is dead, following the accidental entrance of a cloak button into her throat. She placed the button in her mouth and it slipped into her throat. Surgeons pushed it into her stomach, and it was ejected by vomiting. There was an injury to the throat passages, which developed blood poisoning, and she died.

PLANS THRIFT WEEK TO PUT ALL IDLE MONEY TO WORK

Several National Organizations Are
Co-operating To Encourage Habits
Of Systematic Saving And
Wise Investment.

Concerted efforts to teach the American people the importance of putting every dollar in the nation at work in 1921 are to be made during the week beginning January 17, 1921. This will be nationally observed as "Thrift Week." Under the general direction of the Young Men's Christian Association, organizations interested in bank savings, insurance, home building and sound investment securities will carry to each part of the nation the gospel of "Work and Save." A program of unusual interest also will be observed by the Young Women's Christian Association, which already has done such excellent work along the lines of the proposed campaign.

The Savings Division of the United States Treasury Department is much interested in "Thrift Week," and through the Government Savings Organization in this Federal Reserve District is preparing to give valuable co-operation. It is issuing a pamphlet entitled "Boss Your Dollars," for the use of boys and young men in industries. The key-note of this pamphlet is found in the statement—"The time to begin to save is the day you begin to work."

One of the great needs of America today, bankers and students of economy agree, is the working dollar. Countless millions are sleeping lazily between mattresses and in bureau drawers and in the old broken tea-pot on the mantle. It is the purpose of "Thrift Week" to wake up these drowsy dollars and put them to work to increase active capital for the benefit of every individual and every industry in the country and for the nation at large.

As a means of stimulating the savings movement the United States Treasury Department will offer during 1921 two new savings securities in addition to the 25-cent Thrift Stamp, the \$5 War Savings Stamp and the \$100 and \$1,000 Treasury Savings Certificates. The new offerings are a \$1 non-interest bearing Treasury Savings Stamp and a \$25 Treasury Savings Certificate which will bear interest at the rate of 4 per cent, compounded quarterly if held until maturity, that is, five years.

These new issues, it is believed, will not only help the savings movement in the public schools where it is already in such high favor, but they will serve to stimulate the work along other lines, and it is to give the movement a strong impetus that the United States Treasury Department plans to co-operate so fully in the national "Thrift Week" program.

Wounded By Accidental Discharge of His Duty

General Stonewall Jackson was a kindly man but devotion to duty was his watchword. He was a soldier first and a considerate gentleman afterwards. For instance, a captain on his staff had roused his ire more than once by sins of omission along the line of duty. Just before the battle of Gaines' Mill, the captain's services were required to carry an important dispatch, but he could not be found at headquarters. An orderly, sent to search for him, reported he had been wounded.

"Wounded!" exclaimed Major Elwood, another member of the staff. "Why there has been no fighting since I saw him late last night."

Stonewall's beard began to bristle. "Captain Blank was undoubtedly wounded by the accidental discharge of his duty," he snorted.

Thousands of Americans today are fooling with the "unloaded" gun of duty. It is the duty of every man to provide for his future and for the safety and happiness of those dependent upon him, to lay aside regularly a certain portion of the yield of his hands and brain. Properly discharged, that duty is a weapon of safety and protection. Improperly discharged—like the "unloaded" gun—it may cripple you for life and ruin the future of those dear to you.

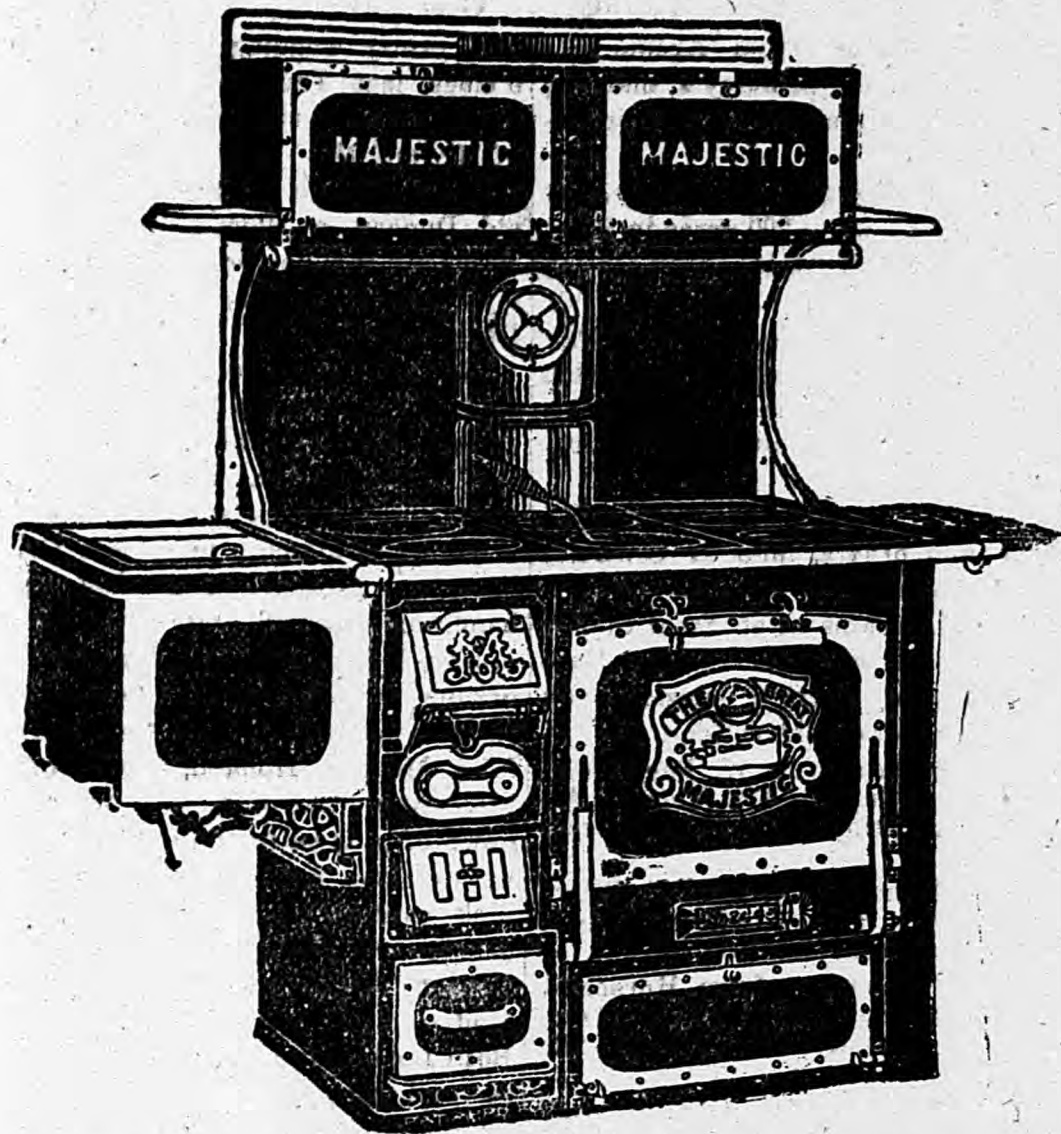
The only safe way to discharge that duty is through sound, profitable, regular investment. Such investments are now ready at hand. The United States Government will continue to issue the Government Savings Securities which have been the safeguard of the savings of so many workers of the country since 1917. Through these investments the money you save can be made to yield a safe and profitable return.

Stonewall "seen his duty and he done it." If you see your duty, you can discharge it through regular saving and investment in government securities. Discharge your duty, but don't do it accidentally, like Stonewall Jackson's young captain.

There are no habits that so surely lead to real success as those of saving; no power is so great as the power of thrift.

Learn to SAVE money. A part of what you make regularly put into War Savings Stamps will in a short time start you on the road to success.

25 percent Saved BY BUYING YOUR STOVES NOW



I have just received a carload of the Wilson
Down Draft Airtight Heaters and a large
assortment of

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These stoves were bought last January, since
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we are giving our customers the advantage of
this increase in price.

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GERMAN MIND IS UNCHANGED

War Fails to Jar Conceit of
Teuton, Says Observer of
Long Experience.

MENTAL ISOLATION ABSOLUTE

Unable to Understand How They Are
Detested—The German of Today
Is to All Intents and Purposes
the Same as in 1913.

London. — Although Berlin has changed since 1914, the German mind remains unchanged. Neither the holocaust of dead nor the crash of thrones has shaken Germany out of her self-conceit, according to what G. Valen-rine Williams, formerly correspondent of Reuter's Agency in Berlin, tells the London Daily Mail.

"The German mind," he says, "does not seem to have altered."

"Albeit sadly puzzled to account for the utter break-down of the entire German system, in his outlook on life the German of 1920 is to most intents and purposes the German of 1913. In a world which to British eyes is strangely changed by five years of World war the mental isolation of the German is absolute. To talk to him makes you feel that the German of today is the loneliest creature on God's earth."

"Yet with heavy deliberation he is communing with himself to ascertain the causes of his defeat. But he is not examining his conscience."

"Any Berlin bookshop will show you the chaos prevailing in the German mind."

Nothing of the Present.

"Professor Steinach's rejuvenation experiments, Einstein's theory of light, Maynard Keynes and Norman Angell on the Versailles Peace—both books in German translations and prominently displayed—treatises on spiritualism, athelism, free love, and the like—works of this description stand side by side with a mass of frankly pornographic literature. Here will you find reasoned explanations for the past, complicated schemes for the future, but nothing practical to deal with the problems of the present. And above all, no contrition for Germany's crime against mankind."

"The German surveyed the world from his castle of militarism. Now that it has collapsed he is left floundering in a sea of doubts and fears. The Germans with whom I have spoken expect us to hold them guiltless of the past because," they say, they have rid Germany of her military caste."

"They have, it is true, expelled the bloody-minded blunderers surrounding that eminent nonentity, William the Second-rater, because they failed to keep their promise to establish German world-domination. But the German people is governed by the herd instinct, and the expulsion of the Old Gang in the circumstances of military defeat and home panic in which the Hohenzollerns were sent away requires weightier evidence of a change of heart that is forthcoming in Germany today, if it is to be accepted as a proof of the death of German militarism."

Blank Indifference.

"Talk to a Frenchman of any class, and you will, sooner or later, come upon a well-banked but fiercely smouldering Republican ardor. Talk to a German about his government and you will find, at the best, lukewarm interest; at the worst, resentful ridicule towards the German Republic."

"The average attitude is one of blank indifference. The German man in the street never thought for himself. He does not do so today. The question of the future is, what party will emerge from the present chaos to do his thinking for him?"

"The Germans are perfectly willing to forgive us for the war. They talk glibly about 'this unhappy war' with the air of a man making perfunctory excuses for some social lapse. In some may be detected in addition a little air of condescension in speaking of the late unpleasantness as though to draw attention to their magnanimity in accepting the war as an inevitable catastrophe, 'an act of God,' as the insurance policies say. And even today I find that the great majority of Germans have no idea of the abhorrence in which the very name German is held in the Anglo-Saxon countries and in France and Belgium."

SEEK FRUIT FLY PARASITE

Indian Bug to Be Introduced in Ter-
ritory to Save the Hawaiian
Products.

Honolulu, T. H.—David T. Full-away, entomologist with the territorial board of agriculture, will leave soon for India to search for certain fruit fly parasites discovered by George Compere at Bangalore, India.

If the parasite can be located, it will be introduced in the territory to combat fruit flies here.

Bought Cap He Had Thrown Away.

Perth Amboy, N. J.—A cap purchased by Howard Tapper, an overseas veteran of the World war, in a renovated army goods store here, proved to be one he had discarded in France after the armistice. It contained his name written on the under side of the band.



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MARYLANDER AND HERLAD

"LIVE UP TO" THE CHILDREN

Writer Condemns Old-Fashioned Idea of Repression and Stern Punishment for Trivial Offenses.

It seems to me a great mistake to "live down to" children. They are capable of understanding and responding to deep and fine thoughts and feelings. Never from the first did we criticize or humiliate our boys in any way. We gave them credit always for the high and right motive, and suspended judgment till they had told their side. But if they were wrong they were not punished. The fact that they had fallen below what had been expected of them was punishment enough. A certain standard of conduct was thus established that they longed always to realize. They were able, even then, to see the beauty of certain qualities and the ugliness of others. It was lovely to see them trying to conform to the habit in the household, of unflinching courtesy and unselfishness and restraint. They often failed. They often showed their temper. But they grew to be more and more ashamed of their failures.

Character cannot be built from the outside. Coercion does not make for strength—only for compliance. That, it seems to me, is the great mistake some parents make. They exact obedience when they should instill principle. Inspire! That is the better word. The child will have an inner light to guide him, a compass to steer him to a certain goal.

When the guiding hand is lifted, so many are left with no deep convictions—principles to shape their destiny—but impulses. They may be good, they may be bad, as life plays upon their emotions and desires. To trust to them for guidance is like going out upon a stormy sea in a tiny craft at the mercy of tossing waves and wind. —Katron Trousdale, in Christian Herald.

SHAFT IS WELL PROTECTED

Washington Monument Made Immune From Lightning by Scheme That Has Proved Its Worth.

The apex of the Washington monument is surrounded with parallel bands. The bands are studded with golden points. The bands are made of gold-plated iron a foot wide, and the points are spaced a foot from one another.

According to the original plan of the monument it was protected from lightning by an aluminum tip that was connected with the metal framework of the elevator. During the very first summer after the monument was completed, however, it was struck twice, and a piece of stone was chipped from the top.

Experts from all the scientific departments of the government were called on to contrive a plan for the better protection of the shaft. They agreed on a number of iron bands, heavily galvanized and gold plated, to prevent rusting.

The bands are connected with the aluminum point of the monument, and the framework of the elevator, and at the base iron cables lead the electricity into a deep well, where it harmlessly expends its force. The protection has proved to be perfect.

Why "Actors Hate Cats."

Speaking at the International Women's Franchise club in London, Miss Horniman, the English theatrical manager, told some entertaining stories of theatrical experiences. Actors can stand a good deal, she said, but they hate a cat, for they know that as long as it is on the stage he audience can look at nothing else. Miss Horniman had some amusing stories of the Gayety cats. Trixie, who was killed on the scene of her public triumphs by the fall of the safety curtain, once spoiled the last act of "Hindle Wakes" by getting under a table where the actors could not see her, but the audience could, and cheerily pretending to chase a mouse. Then strolling across to the stage, she turned from it with disdain and settled herself for warmth among the footlights. Another cat intruded into a quiet scene of tragic farewells and led the short-sighted lover on a futile chase among the overturning furniture.

Radio-Active Lead.

At least two kinds of lead exist, writes Prof. Theodore V. Richards in Science. One, the ordinary metal disseminated throughout the world; another, a form of lead apparently produced by the decomposition of uranium, radium being one of the intermediate products. If we leave out of consideration the probable inessential difference in radio activity, the two kinds are very closely if not exactly alike in every respect, excepting atomic weight, density and immediately related properties involving weight, such as solubility. Thorium lead appears to be a third variety, with similar relations. Shall we call these substances different elements, or the same?

European Jiu-Jitsu.

Jiu-Jitsu is supposed to come from Japan, but an art of self-defense virtually identical with it was taught in Europe during the seventeenth century. Its principles are expounded in a book by one Nicholas Peters, published at Amsterdam in 1674, which bears the long explanatory title: "The art of wrestling, and how one can protect oneself in all kinds of quarrels that may occur; how one can with agility and rapidity repel all unfair attacks, and meet one's adversary with science."

"Made Me Well and Strong"

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"I have taken several bottles of Pe-ru-na and find it a great benefit. I had pains in my stomach and bowels, but by the use of Pe-ru-na and Man-sin, I am well and strong again. I always keep a few bottles in the house."
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Mrs. Gray's experience is just more evidence that Pe-ru-na is quite as good a remedy for catarrh of the stomach, bowels or other organs as it is for coughs, colds and nasal catarrh. Pe-ru-na is a wonderfully fine medicine to have in the house for everyday use.
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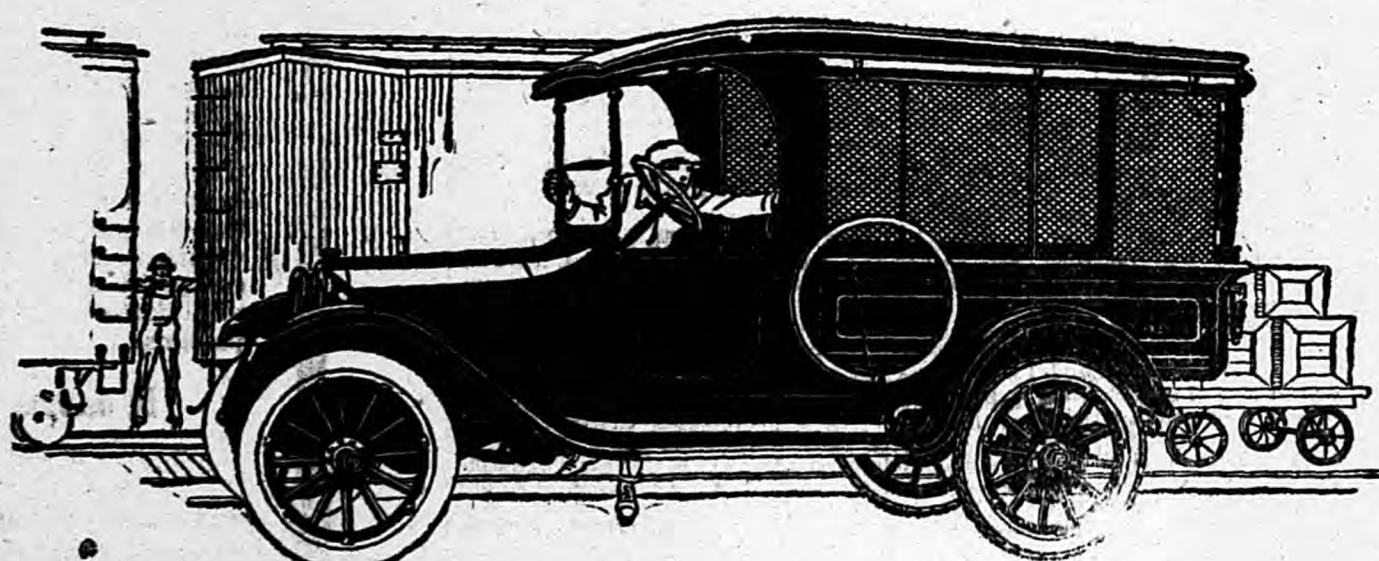
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The gasoline consumption is unusually low
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Let's Gather It In.

It is computed that the earth's atmosphere contains at least 4,000,000,000,000 of tons of nitrogen directly accessible. The quantity in the air over one square kilometer of land is sufficient to enrich the earth of the whole world for twenty years at the present rate of consumption.

Friday and "Bad Luck."

The bad luck supposed to attach to Fridays is traceable to the worship of the goddess Freya, who felt herself slighted if any one began a journey on this, her festival. In punishment she was wont to direct misfortune to assail the offender.

Meaning of Dream of Liberty.

To a person who dreams he has gained his liberty, loss of health. To dream of taking liberties with another warns you to be cautious or you will be led astray. To lose your liberty denotes shame.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Medicine.

Hall's Catarrh Medicine has been taken by catarrh sufferers for the past thirty-five years, and has become known as the most reliable remedy for Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Medicine acts thru the Blood on the Mucous surfaces, expelling the Poison from the Blood and healing the diseased portions.

After you have taken Hall's Catarrh Medicine for a short time you will see a great improvement in your general health. Start taking Hall's Catarrh Medicine at once and get rid of catarrh. Send for testimonials, free.
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[Advertisement.]

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.—This is to give notice that the subscribers have obtained from the Orphans' Court for Somerset County letters of administration on the estate of

EDGERTON G. WILSON

late of Somerset county, deceased. All persons having claims against said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscribers on or before the

Seventeenth Day of May, 1921 or they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of said estate. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment. Given under our hands this 13th day of November, 1920.

WINNIE H. WILSON
and HARRY A. WILSON,
Administrators of Edgerton G. Wilson, dec'd.
True Copy. Test: LAFAYETTE RUARK,
Register of Wills Som Co

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.—This is to give notice that the subscribers have obtained from the Orphans' Court for Somerset County letters of administration on the estate of

JAMES H. LARRAMORE
late of Somerset county, deceased. All persons having claims against said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscriber on or before the

Twenty-second Day of June, 1921 or they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of said estate. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment. Given under my hand this 30th day of November, 1920.
The Citizens National Bank of Pocomoke City,
Administrator. t. a. Jas. H. Larramore, dec'd
True Copy. Test: LAFAYETTE RUARK,
Register of Wills

WORLD STAMP EXPERTS MEET

More Than \$250,000 Worth of Rare Specimens on Exhibition at Berlin Sale.

Berlin.—Philatelic experts from all parts of the world came to Berlin to attend the great stamp sale just held here, which it is claimed has a wider range than any ever before held in Europe.

The total number of lots was 5,387 and the value at upset prices exceeded \$250,000 nominally.

During the first day's sale there was a rush for rare Argentine, Brazilian and Bolivian issues.

United States issues included the only known canceled copy of the "Franklin Carriers," brown orange error of 1851, the Livingstone (Alabama) 5-cent blue of 1861, and three blocks of the new U. S. A. 90-cent and 30-cent issues of 1869, with flags inserted.

The gem of the American collection was a postal envelope of the Confederate States of America bearing on the right hand a 5-cent stamp in black and on the left a Confederate seaman nailing the "Stars and Bars" to the mast.

BUFFALO MILK ON HOOF



As milk wagons are unknown in India the milkman delivers the daily supply on the hoof, going from door to door with his buffalo.

ITALY HAS BREAD PROBLEM

Working Classes of the Country Refuse to Shoulder the Burden of Increased Cost.

Rome.—The Italian government is facing an almost unsolvable problem in the question of the cost of the nation's bread.

During and since the war the price of bread was kept down artificially, the government paying \$1,000,000,000, and even lately \$1,250,000,000 yearly, as the difference between the actual cost of the flour and the price paid by the consumer.

The price of 21-5 pounds of ordinary bread used to be equivalent to nine cents, or of a finer quality 11 or 12 cents; now the price for the same quantity of inferior bread is 21 cents, and the Italian working classes utterly refuse to pay the balance, which would increase the cost to them to 40 cents.

Sign Painting Pays Best; Lawyer Only "on Side"

New York.—When Harry J. Shields was called as a prospective juror before Judge Mitchell May of Brooklyn, he was asked if he had ever served in the case of a man charged with concealing his assets. Shields said he had been a trustee in bankruptcy.

"Why, such a person has to be a lawyer, and your card says you are a sign painter," remarked one of the attorneys.

"Oh, yes, I'm a lawyer, too," Shields replied, "but I can make more money painting signs, so I practice law on the side." Shields was excused from jury service.

BRICKS FROM STRAW, CLAIM

French Textile Expert's Invention Will Relieve the Housing Crisis, He Says.

Paris.—A French textile expert claims that he has invented a process for making bricks from compressed straw.

He is searching for funds to prove that he is no idle dreamer and can relieve the present housing crisis by building houses.

He says, owing to the slight weight of the material, there is no need for deep foundations, and the whole building can be completed in a month. It is affirmed that the straw preparation is not inflammable. The first house has already been built in Montargis.

Owl Showed Wisdom.

Hickman, Ky.—A scream stopped the saw in the Mangel mills here. Investigation revealed a large owl in the hollow of the log. Its feathers had been clipped, but otherwise it was unhurt. The sawyer recalled that a ten-pound catfish was ripped with another log that had been pulled in from the river.

The Wardrobe

By AGNES G. BROGAN

(© 1920, Western Newspaper Union.)

It was a fine old wardrobe of shining mahogany. The little lady who sat retrospectively before it touched its sides caressingly, as she peeped the upper room of the big, shabby house with memories. And now and again to the old lady's eyes came a whimsical light, and to her faded lips a smile. For back in the years in this same old house, which was her home, she saw a vision of children, romping up the wide stair in a game of hide-and-seek, and one little breathless maid entering this old room to elude her pursuer, had slipped into the wardrobe as a hiding place. But one gold-brown curl had caught in the wardrobe door and so, laughing and triumphant, the boy in chase found her—and kissed her as he drew her forth. Worthy Lane, rocking to and fro, laughed softly at the memory. He was such a darling boy, that David of long ago, and yet, withal, gentle and kind. What a small tyrant she had been, and how he had suffered through her caprices. There was the year that she was going away to school, and the big house was lighted from basement to attic, while she, fine and important in her crimson merino gown, had taken her old playfellow up to the guestroom during the evening to show him her new party frock. Here it hung, in the old polished wardrobe, fresh from Miss Paisley's needle; and David sighed as he praised it, saying:

"Some lucky fellow will fall in love with you in that frock, Worthy," and some lucky fellow had.

Rocking now, meditatively, Worthy wondered if Henry Lane had been, after all, triumphant in his choice. She had faithfully tried to be a good wife to Henry, and succeeded at least in keeping from him the knowledge of her own mistake. For, short as their life had been together, in the depths of the girl's miserable heart was always a haunting realization of love for another. She had never dreamed that her true love was David's—David surely was but playfellow, companion and friend.

It was only after her betrothal that the amazing consciousness dawned upon her—as she was showing David her wedding gown. The wardrobe had never borne a lovelier burden—the silvery brocade gleamed in the lamplight, and David, white and silent, had turned away. It was not like him, she thought, disappointedly, to be unsympathetic. Then Worthy knew. She could almost see, now, the wedding brocade still hanging there in the twilight; but it was but a shadow vision, after all. The woman came abruptly to the matter-of-fact present. How much might she hope to get for the wardrobe at the antique shop? Worthy had gone to the nearby town to view an Old Ladies' home. She had saved a thousand dollars and residence in the home would be apparently the best solution of her old age. One may not live forever without friendly care. There were no younger descendants that she might turn to; so, in cheerful resignation, Worthy laid her plans.

Then she arose briskly to light the massive old-fashioned chandelier—the gentleman of the antique shop had offered to stop on his homeward drive to inspect the wardrobe. He had listened kindly, this courteous old man, to Worthy's request, and his keen, dark eyes noted the mended places in her gray gloves, while the wistfulness of her voice strangely stirred him. He was surprised at his own suggestion of stopping at the house. He was an odd, gentle creature, this collector of antiques; it was known that the shop was not continued because of its sales value—the owner was independently rich, and as charitable as retiring.

When he stood before Worthy Lane's wardrobe his sharp eyes roved about the old room, coming back again wonderingly to rest on her face. In her excitement two young pink spots glowed in Worthy's cheeks and she put up a slim hand to brush back a vagrant white curl—the very ghost of the curl that had fastened itself long ago in the wardrobe door.

"I do believe," said the old man, slowly, "and surely I cannot be mistaken, that this is Worthy Lane. I remember your home," he went on, as she stood making no reply.

"I remember the old wardrobe, and—" he laughed softly—"I remember you, I am David!"

Still Worthy could find no words.

"I supposed that you remained away. I did not know that you ever came back." Your husband—is dead?"

Then, seated in the room of memories, Worthy answered all his gentle questioning—told him all that had been. And all at once it was not an old man who sat there in the room, nor a little white-haired lady, but just David, understanding and true, and Worthy, still sweet and fair.

"The Old Ladies' home will never know what it has missed, Worthy, dear," David said, "while you are making home at last—for me."

His Industry.

"There is my friend's dog busy riding himself of fleas. How would you classify him as an industrial worker?"

"I should call him a hop picker."

Difference of Opinion.

Father.—What I like in a young man is his get-up-and-go.
Daughter.—What I like, is his staying power.

Notice of Marriages and Deaths will be published at two cents per line. For a full page of (10) five cents per line.

BUSINESS POINTERS

Ten (10) cents a line for the first insertion and (5) cents thereafter

Will trade young turkey gobblers. C. V. FUNK, Oriole, Md.
FRESH ROCK OYSTERS every day. In any quantity. OLEY PILCHARD.
FOR SALE—Seed Oats, Red Clover Seed, Timothy Seed, etc. W. P. TODD.

The highest market price paid for Muskrat furs. FREDERICK J. FLURER.
MAPLE WOOD FOR SALE—Apply to CHARLES ROUNDS, Princess Anne, Md.
TRUCK FOR HIRE—Call at office of Auto Sales Co., Princess Anne, for service.

MAKE YOUR HENS lay by feeding Tull-o-Pep Laying Mash. For sale by WESTOVER MILLS.

FERTILIZERS—I will keep several brands of Fertilizer this year. Prices are lower. See me. W. P. TODD.

FOR SALE—Tankage, Beef Scrap, Grit and all kinds of Chicken Feed, Roofing, etc. W. P. TODD.

Having decided to discontinue the delivery business I offer my Ford Truck, with commercial body, for sale. OSCAR F. JONES.

WANTED—To rent a farm with option to purchase. Full description and terms requested. E. O. CONKLING, 17 Montgomery avenue, Narberth, Pa.

HOUSEKEEPER WANTED—A white woman without children, to keep house and care for 3 children. Good home. Apply to JOHN B. WILLIAMS, Marion, Md.

WANTED—Man to work farm in place of good man who expects to leave Christmas. Good home, good wages, good neighborhood for right man. A. E. TULL, Marion Station, Md.

GET INTO BUSINESS—Watkins 187 products sell to every farmer. If you own auto or team and can give bond, write today for information where you can get territory for selling products of largest institution of kind in the world. Twenty million users. J. R. WATKINS, Dept. 111, Winona, Minn.

FOR SALE—Up-to-date canning factory, situated at Deal's Island, Md. Built new three years ago and equipped with all new modern machinery. Two 60 H. P. boilers; 1500 to 1800 cases daily. Situated on the water's edge. Terms to responsible party. DEAL'S ISLAND PACKING CO., 2204 Boston st., Baltimore.

GRAVEL WANTED—The Board of County Commissioners desire information regarding gravel beds that are exposed to or near the surface, which will vary in size from sand to one inch gravel. State thickness of gravel bed, location and number of acres covered by such gravel bed. BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS, FOR SOMERSET COUNTY.

NOTICE—We have opened a sale and exchange stable in the building formerly occupied by The Overland Sales Co. as a garage, and have just arrived with the nicest bunch of horses ever offered for sale on the Shore, ranging in age from 3 to 9 years and will weigh from 900 to 1500 pounds. Call and look them over at your earliest convenience. JNO. M. MUIR, WALTER G. PRICE, Owners.

NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC INTERESTED.—My sale of January 12th, which was postponed owing to stormy weather, will be held January 26th. If the weather should be rainy or unfavorable it will be held the following day. Come and take advantage of an opportunity to supply your needs of farm equipment. I have 20 head of young stock—horses and cattle—to choose from. Also quite a selection of farming implements and feeds. Don't forget the date and place—Edgar A. Jones Farm, "Millwood," Mt. Vernon. Steamed oysters will be served free to all purchasers on day of sale. CLYDE M. COSTEN.

Mr. and Mrs. Walter J. Brewington, of Salisbury, spent last Saturday in Princess Anne as the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Samuel H. Sudler.

Mr. C. M. Dashiell, secretary of the Tri-State Packers' Association, spent part of last week at Atlantic City, N. J., where he attended the convention of the National Canners' Association in that city.

St. Andrew's Guild will hold an auction sale at the Rectory at 8 o'clock on January 26th. The public is cordially invited. There will be fancy articles, eatables and live stock to bid on. Be sure to come.

Mr. S. M. North, State high school supervisor, visited the Deal's Island school on Thursday last. It will be recommended as a third group high school and the one at Marion will be recommended as a second group high school.

The Civic Club will hold its regular monthly meeting to-morrow (Wednesday) afternoon, January 26th, at 3 o'clock, at the home of Mrs. E. Herrman Cohn. This will be the last meeting of the club until March, therefore a full attendance is desired.

A soldier's memorial cemetery has been given to the Stanley Cochrane Post of the American Legion by Mr. I. C. Sterling, a well-known merchant of Crisfield. The plot adjoins the Crisfield cemetery and will be used exclusively for former service men. The Legion expects to erect a large granite tablet which will bear the names of all soldiers interred, and, in addition, each grave will have an individual stone bearing the soldier's name.

Miss E. Willie Lucas and Mr. Samuel M. Crockett, editor of the Worcester Democrat, both of Pocomoke City, were married on Saturday, the 15th instant, at 1.30 o'clock p. m. The ceremony took place at the home of the bride's mother, Mrs. Emma W. Lucas, on Market street, and was performed by the Rev. E. L. Bunce, pastor of Bethany M. P. Church. There were no attendants and only members of the two families witnessed the ceremony.

Mr. Charles W. Byrn, of Baltimore, spent last Friday in Princess Anne.

The spring meeting of the Presbytery of New Castle will be held in Manokin Church, Princess Anne. A feature of the session will be the administration of the Scottish rite communion in old Rehoboth Church.

The trustees and stewards of West-over Methodist Episcopal Church will hold a festival and supper in the hall at that place on Thursday, January 27th. If that day is not fair it will be held the next night.

The American Stores Company have rented one of the stores in the Cohn building and last week had the front painted and attractive signs placed on the windows. We understand they will be open for business the latter part of this week.

The women of Somerset county are urged to attend the Farmers' Institute meeting at the Court House on January 31st, at 2.30 p. m. Mrs. Bedell, of the University of Maryland, will lecture to the ladies, and recitations will also be given.

Sleeping Car To New York

The New York, Philadelphia and Norfolk Railroad announces that they are providing a through sleeping car for New York, designated as N-3, and it is operated daily on train No. 470, Cape Charles to Delmar, at which point it is transferred to express train No. 450 and continued through to New York. This provides through sleeping car accommodations from Cape Charles and other points on the N. Y., P. & N. daily. Reservations can be made through agents of all stations. This service will be greatly appreciated by all travelers.

Important Meeting For Farmers

A meeting of the farmers of Somerset county will be held in the Court House, Princess Anne, on Saturday, Jan. 29th, at 2 o'clock p. m. The co-operation of purchase of fertilizer and other farm supplies will be considered at this time.

The meeting will be of the greatest importance to farmers and there should be a large attendance. The meeting will be held to discuss this proposition prior to the meeting of the County Agricultural Association on Monday, Jan. 31st, at which time final action will be taken on the co-operative purchase of farm supplies for spring use.

Colored Church And Parsonage Burn

Fire last Thursday afternoon destroyed the colored church building and parsonage owned by the trustees of Handy Memorial Church, at Marion Station.

The fire originated in the roof of the dwelling occupied as a parsonage and when discovered had gained considerable headway and could not be got under control. A strong west wind swept the flames to the roof of the church building, about 50 feet away, and for a time it was feared nearby dwellings, which were on fire several times from flying embers, also would be destroyed.

A few church pews and musical instruments were saved, but the church building was destroyed. Very few of the household effects owned by the pastor were saved. The property loss is estimated to be about \$15,000, which is almost covered by insurance.

Death Of B. Fred Benson

Mr. B. Fred Benson died at his home near King's Creek last Saturday morning, after a brief illness of five days, aged 60 years. Death was due to asthma and heart trouble.

Mr. Benson was born in Sweden and came to the United States 41 years ago and located in Minnesota, where he resided until five years ago, when he came to Somerset county. He was a highly respected citizen and a member of the M. E. Church.

He is survived by his wife and the following children: Mrs. F. A. DeWolfe, of Northfield, Minn.; Mrs. C. A. Bickel, Mrs. J. A. Wutschke and Carl Benson, of Dennison, Minn.; Mrs. Paul V. Twining, of Princess Anne; Arthur, Stanley, Oscar, Arvid, Fred, George, Emma and Frances, at home, and ten grand children; also four brothers and one sister, of Minnesota.

Funeral services will be held at his late home tomorrow (Wednesday) afternoon.

PUBLIC SALE
NINETEEN HEAD OF
Horses and Mules

Saturday, Jan. 29th, 1921

BEGINNING AT THE HOUR OF 1.30 P. M.

These Horses and Mules range in age from 3 to 15 years and were selected with the view of meeting the requirements of farmers and for general use. All sizes and kinds. If you get a horse or mule from me and it is not as represented, and you are not pleased, we will give you your money back. There are several nice pairs of young Mules and Horses in the lot. I will trade or sell any of this stock on Friday before offering it at Public Sale on Saturday, when everything will be sold regardless of price. If you have a horse or mule you are not pleased with come in and look over my stock. I can suit you.

TERMS OF SALE to suit purchaser.
HARRY T. PHOEBUS

Marriage Licenses

The following is a list of marriage licenses issued by the Clerk of the Circuit Court for Somerset county:

White—Donald W. Duncan, 30, of Pocomoke City, and Daisy M. Holland, 30, of Mt. Vernon.

Colored—Stephen Holbrook, 34, and Eleanor Holbrook, 21, both of Venton. Willis G. Fontaine, 20, and Elenora Gordy, 18, both of Somerset county. John W. Jenkins, 33, and Harriet Marshall, 27, both of New Church, Va. Charles Handy, 30, and Hattie Harmon, 29, both of Salisbury.

IN MEMORIAM

In loving memory of my dear husband and father, Ota F. Bouds, who departed this life one year ago, January 26th, 1920.

Dearest father thou hast left us,
And our loss we deeply feel;
But 'tis God that has bereft us,
He can all our sorrows heal.
Yet again we hope to meet thee,
When the day of life is fled;
When in Heaven in joy to greet thee,
Where no farewell tear is shed.

By His Wife and Children.

When You Are Bilious

To promote a healthy action of the liver and correct the disorders caused by biliousness Chamberlain's Tablets are excellent. Try them and see how quickly they give you a relish for your food and banish that dull stupid feeling.

PHILIP M. SMITH

Undertaker and Embalmer
PRINCESS ANNE, MARYLAND
Phone 42

FRANK BRANFORD

Contractor and Builder
PRINCESS ANNE, MARYLAND
Estimates Furnished

DR. H. C. ROBERTSON

DENTIST

NITROUS OXIDE GAS WITH
OXYGEN ADMINISTERED
Office—Prince William Street,
opposite Court House

Princess Anne, Maryland

NEW CRATE FOR
Strawberry Growers

I am making a new and improved Crate—better ventilation, easier to pack in, reinforced bottom, lighter in weight—which is stronger made than those now in use and will cost you no more than the inferior crate made by others.

We Lead, Others Follow

S. S. BREWER

PRINCESS ANNE, MD. ROUTE 1

Dr. R. O. HIGGINS

DENTIST

Successor to
Dr. E. W. SMITH

OFFICES 228 WEST MAIN STREET
SALISBURY MARYLAND

Gas Administered. Teeth Straightened
X-Rays Telephone 744

FIRE INSURANCE

POLICIES

We beg to announce to our patrons and the public that we have taken over the Fire Insurance Business formerly conducted by Miss Ellen McMaster, and represent The Home Insurance Company and the Continental Insurance Company, of New York, and The Insurance Company of the State of Pennsylvania.

We will be pleased to take up the matter of insurance with you on your Property or Automobile if you are not protected.
Call at our office at the Peoples Bank.

COSTEN & WHITE, Agents

ATTRACTIONS
FOR THIS WEEK AT
THE AUDITORIUM

Motion Pictures

TUESDAY NIGHT
Elsie Ferguson in "His House in Order" and a Rollin Comedy

THURSDAY NIGHT
J. Warren Kerrigan in "The Green Flame" and a Universal Comedy

SATURDAY NIGHT
9th Episode of "Bride 13," Sunshine Comedy, "Mary's Little Lobster," and a 2-Real Western

Admission, 22 cents
Children, 17 cents
Gallery, 17 cents
Doors open 7.15; Pictures Start Promptly at 7.30; Second Picture at 9.00.

SAFETY SEALED
IT CANNOT LEAK

No matter how it is carried in the pocket—upside down or sideways—ink cannot get out to stain hands or clothing. Each pen is sold you with a written guarantee which covers a one-year accident policy. Repairs FREE

Prices \$2.50 to \$5.00

Come in and let us fit your hand

JONES & COLBORN

DRUGGISTS

PRINCESS ANNE MARYLAND

B. C. DRYDEN

AUCTIONEER

PRINCESS ANNE, MD., ROUT 4.

When you need my services give me a call
Prices Reasonable. Somerset people know I always give satisfaction.

For A Persistent Cough

Some years ago H. P. Burbage, a student at law in Greenville, S. C., had been troubled for a long while with a persistent cough which he says, "greatly alarmed me, causing me to fear that I was in the first stage of consumption." Having seen Chamberlain's Cough Remedy advertised he concluded to try it. "I soon felt a remarkable change and after using two bottles of the small size was permanently cured."

(Advertisement)

NOTICE

I am back in the old shop again and am prepared to do all kinds of repair work besides tire and tube vulcanizing, such as soldering, bicycle repairing and fine machine work.

Motorcycles repaired, bought and sold. Used machines always on hand and for sale.

J. HENRY EXSTROM
Princess Anne, Maryland

DELCO-LIGHT

The complete Electric Light and Power Plant

Endorsed by more than 70,000 satisfied users throughout the world



ERNEST M. HAYMAN

Hardware—Stoves—Ranges
Paints, Oils and Varnishes
Farm Implements, Building Material
Heating and Plumbing

Princess Anne, Maryland

What Is Thrift Week?

Thrift Week, nationally observed during the week beginning January 27th is a time for making plans for your financial progress during 1921.

It emphasizes the following important rules: Make a budget for the year's expenses; start a savings account, pay your bills; own your home and make a will.

It is the duty of every person to think and act upon these important matters. Further information regarding Thrift Week will be gladly furnished upon request.

BANK OF SOMERSET
PRINCESS ANNE, MARYLAND

Capital and Surplus \$ 240,000.00
Resources 1,500,000.00

FOR STYLISH AND QUALITY PRINTING Bring your orders to the Marylander and Herald Office.

Slashing Prices
in the biggest Clearance Sale
ever held in Princess Anne

Out goes our entire stock of merchandise at the lowest prices
ever heard of in years. Every article reduced from

15% to 50%

We are overstocked and we are going to sell goods at some price. This is a straight-forward business proposition in which we are heavy losers while the public reaps the benefit of an opportunity that comes once in a lifetime.

30c. Mavis Talc. Powder at 17c.	50c. Table Oilcloth at 29c.	Coats, Suits, Skirts and Dresses At a Sacrifice At an average of 1/2 off less than . . . 1/2 off	50c. Pro-phy-lactic Tooth Brushes at 25c.	75c. Perfect Window Shades at 48c.
SHOES Real Savings on Fine Quality Merchandise. Values you have been Waiting for.		MILLINERY FOR ALMOST NOTHING 98c for Hats that sold up to \$4.00 \$1.98 for Hats that sold up to \$7.50 \$2.98 for Hats that sold up to \$12.00	Three Lots of GEORGETTE WAISTS \$2.98, \$3.98, \$4.98 Including Blouses that sold up to \$10.00 Ask to See Them	
Hill's Muslin at 13c.	Two cakes Palmolive Soap 13c.	Men's Clothing, Suits, Overcoats at throw-out prices. Our entire stock will be offered at prices that will MAKE YOU BUY	AMOSKEAG GINGHAM at 12c.	50c. box of Writing Paper at 29c.
FURNITURE and RUGS BLANKETS and COMFORTABLES Are also included in this sale		Men's Work Pants as low as (per pair) \$1.48 Corduroy Pants for \$2.48 Men at BOYS' SUITS, PANTS and OVERCOATS AT BIG SAVINGS	W. B. and Bon Ton CORSETS Onyx Silk Hose and all Underwear Are Included in this Sale	
Get one of our 35c. Feather Dusters for 10c.	\$10.00 QUILTS at \$5.95	Get one of our \$1.00 Brooms at 59c.	BEDROOM SLIPPERS at 1/3 off	

Read over this advertisement and if you think we mean business come and ask for these bargains. You will find hundreds of others if you visit our store.

TERMS OF SALE:—C A S H

NO CHARGES—NO MAIL ORDERS

Goodman's
BUSY CORNER

Chickens, Eggs, Etc., Exchanged for Goods

WARNS AGAINST FOREIGN HUBBY

Mme. Tartoue Hopes American Girls Will Profit by Her Unfortunate Experience.

WIFE OF PORTRAIT PAINTER

Says European Men Are Not Brought Up With the Ideals of Marriage and Womanhood That American Men Are.

New York.—If American girls who are contemplating marriage with foreigners will only listen to me and take warning from my unfortunate experience with a distinguished foreigner, to whom I gave my love and devotion, I will feel repaid in a measure for the ordeal through which I have passed and the humiliation I must now endure.

"Most men from the continental European countries are not brought up with ideals of marriage and womanhood which American girls are taught to believe American men have. They make bad husbands for an American girl, and my advice to girls is to pick out an American for a husband."

That is what Mme. Pierre Tartoue, wife of the noted portrait painter, said in discussing her marriage and her suit for separation just started.

Mr. Tartoue is said to be in the Adirondacks. His studio is said to have been sublet to Rene Van Lennep, a friend.

Since Mme. Tartoue departed from her home over a month ago in the middle of the night, following a series of alleged sensational incidents in and near the studio, she has been living in seclusion with her mother, Mrs. R. Bengue Barnett.

Tells of Persecution.

Light on the nature of her disagreement with her husband was shed by Mme. Tartoue during her interview. She said:

"The persecution to which I was subjected by two elderly women will be made public during the trial.

"I lent myself to Pierre for publicity purposes much against my own inclination. He told me it would help him.

"I lent him money as well, as most American girls who marry foreigners find they are obliged to do for the sake of preserving their homes and saving their husbands from financial difficulties. My family and friends have reason to know intimate details concerning these financial transactions.

"I sacrificed myself on the altar of Pierre's art and I soon discovered he did not appreciate it. This is my attitude toward my husband. I have no animosity in my heart, only pity.

"After I was Pierre's wife he constantly told me I was no longer an American woman. He said I was under the French law, because I had married a French citizen. He told me I would have to bear half the expense of our establishment and that French women had no rights.

Helped in His Work.

"Pierre told me he was madly in love with me. I was madly in love with him. He told me and told my friends I was the most beautiful American girl. He told me I was an inspiration to him in his art. Believing implicitly in him and in his genius, I helped him every way I could. I even posed for him for portraits of myself, and I posed for the hands and gowns of some of his best portraits. Among those were the portraits he painted last year of Mrs. Frederick Brooks of New York, Mrs. Harold Brooks and Miss Ruth Shoelkopf of Buffalo.

"After he had painted a portrait of me with my wedding veil over my head, some critics told him it was one of the best pieces of work he had ever done. When he painted the 'God of Happiness,' which now hangs in the Alfred I. du Pont home on Long Island, I helped him with my suggestions.

"I found, however, that Pierre did not appreciate me. With my own hands I used to cook him little studio dinners so that at the end of the day, when he was tired out from painting, he would not have to go out for dinner. Those were halcyon days when Pierre and I were by ourselves night after night in our studio. I could hardly believe the thing was real, it was so ideal.

"We were married October 14, 1919, and I will never forget the promises he made that day, for he did not keep a single one of them."

Infant Sent to Dentist.

Kennebec, S. D.—The daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Leo Coyours of this place has gained a unique distinction. The baby is only three weeks old but she was born with one tooth. Nor is that all. Within a week after her birth it was found necessary to extract the tooth. So Miss Coyours may boast of not only having been born with a tooth but of having had dental attention before she was a week old.

Will Take "Bug" Census in School.

Cleveland.—A "bug" census will be taken by the students of a Cleveland high school. Members of the biology class will scrape the walls of the building and collect all the bacteria under the microscope and study the species that they are learning.

INVITED TO JOIN DOLLAR A WEEK SAVINGS CLUB

Everyone is Asked To Become Member Of Thrifty Organization By Investing For Future Prosperity—Motto Is "Work And Save."

Every person in this state, and in the nation for that matter, is invited to join "The Dollar a Week Club." The motto of this organization is "Work and Save," and its purpose is to put idle dollars to work where they can accomplish a real good. It is the hope of the United States Treasury Department, which is behind the movement for the organization of the nation-wide campaign, that it soon will have hundreds of thousands of members.

It is the idea of the Treasury Department that these clubs can be organized in mills, factories and other industrial plants; in colleges, normal schools and high schools and in community centers generally. The government, during 1921, will issue a special \$1 Treasury Savings Stamp. It is the plan that all members of "The Dollar a Week Club" pledge themselves to buy at least one of these new \$1 stamps each week.

While the \$1 stamp, like the 25-cent Thrift Stamp, does not bear interest, the government offers a \$25 full interest-bearing Treasury Savings Certificate for twenty \$1 stamps, plus a small additional amount of cash. This offer, it is hoped, will add great stimulus to the government savings movement and will be the means of inducing many people to acquire the valuable habits of thrift and saving.

War Savings Stamps (worth \$5 when they mature), will be issued throughout the year, as also will the \$100 and \$1,000 Treasury Savings Certificates. During January of the new year the \$5 stamp may be had for \$4.12. It will increase in value 1 cent each month. The January price of the new \$25 Treasury Savings Certificate will be \$20.50, its value increasing 5 cents a month. The \$100 Treasury Savings Certificate may be bought during January for \$82.40. Its monthly increase in value is 20 cents. All these government savings securities may be had from postoffices or through banks.

CENTIMES and CENTS

France, say returned travelers, is barren soil for Bolshevism. Its people are concerning themselves with rehabilitating the nation. American economists ascribe the incredible progress of the French toward restoration to the universality of property ownership, the determination to work, to live on something less than they produce and devotion of the surplus to making France its glorious self of pre-war days.

Whatever America may have, it should possess these French virtues more abundantly. The nation should perpetuate itself. Since poverty, growing out of waste, industrial, individual and financial inefficiency, creates dissatisfaction, the soil in which anarchy and communism thrive like the noxious weeds they are, it is a wise, patriotic and foresighted statesmanship that plans to prevent their recurrence in the next generation.

Such is the basis of the government's "EARN, SAVE AND INVEST" campaign. It seeks to make each boy and girl in school this year a convert to the doctrine that all must work, live within their income and invest their savings to aid the nation and themselves. French millions who saved a few centimes a day, rather than French millionaires, are responsible for France's strength in peace as in war.

They have, for generations, invested in government securities, and when American millions have that habit, the future of the United States will be assured more incontestably than through any other means. And the United States has made easy the formation of such habits, as it offers securities of its own in denominations within the reach of all.

While the amount of money that you SAVE is important in itself, the biggest thing after all is that you have learned how to save.

Money SAVED each month will help you buy a home. If you start SAVING now you will be on the road to independence in a short time.

How can you possibly be content unless your future is secure. By putting your money regularly in War Savings Stamps you can banish worry.

Work for your money; then make your money work for you. Your SAVINGS wisely invested will yield good returns.

Systematic SAVING builds fortunes. If you would be successful SAVE regularly and spend wisely. Be sure to get your money's worth.

Success comes to those who deserve it; to all who plan their work and expenditures and SAVE money regularly. The prosperity of your town depends upon the prosperity of the individuals. Do your part.

How John Dory Got His Spots.
The dory is one of the mackerel family with a highly notable ancestry. He has many peculiarities of form and color, but none more marked than the two vivid red spots on his sides. Tradition says that it was from a dory that St. Peter took the coin with which to pay the tribute, and that the two spots mark the place where he held the fish between his thumb and finger.

Tearless for the Spartans.
The "tearless battle" was fought 868 B. C., when a force of Arcadians and Argives endeavored to cut off a Spartan army, under Archidamus III, in a narrow defile in Laconia. They were repulsed with heavy loss, and not a single Spartan was killed, whence the engagement came to be called the "tearless battle."—Literary Digest.

Long Range Fire.
A gossip is never willing to repeat unkind remarks to your face. We recently heard one when accused of this try to justify herself by saying: "Gossip, madam, is a social attack conducted on the approved principles of modern warfare—you are not supposed to see the person at whom you are shooting."—Boston Transcript.

Famous Old Pohick Church.
Pohick church, Fairfax county, Virginia, seven miles from Mount Vernon, was built in 1773 from plans drawn by General Washington, who was a vestryman for 20 years. The church was used as a stable during the Civil war, but has lately been restored and is now practically in its original condition.

Remarkable Family.
A woman with six young "hopefuls" in assorted sizes entered the day coach. She selected a double seat and occupied one-half herself. The oldest child lay down on the opposite seat and the other five sat on his prostrate body. By and by the conductor appeared, and upon being handed one full-fare ticket he sized up the little group and said: "You'll have to pay for some of these children. What is the age of the oldest?" To which the lady answered tartly: "Go on with ye; the oldest one is under five."

Man Cannot Sense Coming Rain.
It is somewhat extraordinary, but man is the only animal that cannot naturally perceive approaching rain. All other animals show uneasiness when rain is coming. At such times dogs get restless, cats sneeze and wash their ears, frogs croak with a loud, harsh noise, owls screech, peacocks scream and ducks and geese are unusually noisy. This is said to be due to the relaxation of their nerves by the damp air, which makes them uneasy.

Polish Melodies.
The Poles have remained singularly free from eastern influence. Their melodic invention is sometimes rather limited, but their tunes are always wonderfully embellished, and they often make use of difficult intervals which would seem to be more suitable for an instrument than for the voice. The effect of these songs is sad but full of interest and in hearing them it is easy to realize that Chopin was a thoroughly "national" composer.

Kill That Cold With

HILL'S CASCARA QUININE
FOR Colds, Coughs AND La Grippe

Neglected Colds are Dangerous

Take no chances. Keep this standard remedy handy for the first sneeze. Breaks up a cold in 24 hours—Relieves Grippe in 3 days—Excellent for Headache

*Quinine in this form does not affect the head—Cascara is best Tonic Laxative—No Opium in Hill's.

ALL DRUGGISTS SELL IT

FOR STYLISH AND QUALITY PRINTING Bring your orders to the Marylander and Herald Office.



Let Your Voice Be Heard

Farmers sometimes have been hampered by ill-advised action in Washington. Congress and department heads have seemed out of touch with rural thought and deeds. Other interests have absorbed too much of the attention of national officials.

This has happened because the single farmer can seldom make his voice heard. It is time that Congress gave more heed to the great agricultural population. And when farmers' wants are expressed through a common spokesman, backed by an increasing number of farmers, Washington must listen and act.

The Grange has such a spokesman at Washington. Through him it has forestalled many moves hurtful to agriculture. Government officials know its arguments are sound and free from radicalism.

Many issues vital to the success of farming will come before the new Administration and Congress. The Grange offers you the chance to make your voice heard.

THE COUNTRY GENTLEMAN, too, maintains a Washington representative to watch after the farmers' interests.

His articles will keep you in close touch with governmental activities of vital importance to farmers. And that is only one of the ways by which its national farm-news service will aid you. Every week it brings a dozen keen articles, interesting fiction, helpful editorials and enjoyable humor.

ONE DOLLAR for a year's subscription (52 issues) will buy big value in benefit and entertainment. Let our secretary forward your order—today!

Somerset County Pomona Grange, No 5,

Mrs. E. F. WILSON, Secretary,
T. S. LAWSON, Master.

Pocomoke City, Maryland
Princess Anne, Maryland

Dear Secretary: I'm glad to see the Grange being pushed with good advertising. And here's my dollar for THE COUNTRY GENTLEMAN for a year—52 weekly issues. Please forward my order to the Publishers at Independence Square, Philadelphia, Pa.

(My Name) _____

(My Address) _____

(Town) _____

(State) _____

Tired

"I was weak and run-down," relates Mrs. Eula Burnett, of Dalton, Ga. "I was thin and just felt tired, all the time. I didn't rest well. I wasn't ever hungry. I knew, by this, I needed a tonic, and as there is none better than—

CARDUI
The Woman's Tonic

"... I began using Cardui," continues Mrs. Burnett. "After my first bottle, I slept better and ate better. I took four bottles. Now I'm well, feel just fine, eat and sleep, my skin is clear and I have gained and sure feel that Cardui is the best tonic ever made."

Thousands of other women have found Cardui just as Mrs. Burnett did. It should help you.

At all druggists.

E. 57

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.—This is to give notice that the subscriber has obtained from the Orphans' Court for Somerset county letters of administration on the estate of

GEORGE R. DENNIS late of Somerset county, deceased. All persons having claims against said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with vouchers therefor to the subscriber on or before the

Twenty-second Day of June, 1921, or they may otherwise be lawfully excluded from all benefit of said estate. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment. Given under my hand this 18th day of December, 1920.

JAMES U. DENNIS, Administrator of George R. Dennis, deceased. True Copy. Test: LAFAYETTE RUARK, Register of Wills.

21-21

G. W. WILSON AUCTIONEER

Princess Anne, Maryland

When you need my services call at 319 Church street PRICES VERY REASONABLE

HAS EYE ONLY FOR DEFECTS

Chronic "Knocker" Blind to Any Good Qualities Prominent in Either Friend or Enemy.

The knocker is a common wild animal you have all met. He is known by the loud noise which he makes all the time, which sounds like the strokes of a hammer on an anvil. I never knew of a place which did not have at least one confirmed knocker. One is enough to go around.

The knocker seems to be afraid of dying from shame if he should ever be caught saying something good about a person. He knocks the folks he works with. If you mention a good thing about a man, he is always ready with his "Yes, but—" and then he starts in with a long string of defects to offset the good qualities.

This animal has very keen eyes when he is looking for defects, but for good qualities he is stone blind. In nine cases out of ten he is envious or jealous, and when one has a feeling of inferiority, it is much easier to "run down" other people than to lift one's self up.

Many men do it who do not mean to do the harm they cause, but it is a habit they easily get into, and it not only does harm to other people, but it robs a man himself of the pleasure he might get out of the good things in other men.

An astronomer had been looking through a telescope at the sun for several hours one day, when someone said to him, "What a fine day we have had."

"I really hadn't noticed it," he answered, "I've been looking for the spots in the sun."

A man misses all the good things when he is on the outlook for spots.—H. E. Luccock in "Five Minute Shop Talks."

AMERICAN OF CLEAR VISION

John Willis Griffiths Revolutionized the Science of Merchant Shipbuilding and Naval Architecture.

John Willis Griffiths was the man who revolutionized the science of merchant shipbuilding and naval architecture. In 1841 he appeared before the American institute in New York and proposed a model for a new ship. He succeeded in interesting William Aspinwall, one of New York's China trade princes, who in 1842 signed a contract to build a ship of 750 tons according to Griffiths' design.

The ship was completed in January, 1845, and named the Rainbow. The Rainbow sailed for China in February, and was back home again in September to reward her owners with 200 per cent over what she had cost.

John Willis Griffiths was born in New York in 1809, and died there in 1882. He was the inventor of the trap style of hull construction; the builder of the United States steamship Princeton, the first twin screw ocean-going vessel, and was the inventor of the process of bending ship timber in a vacuum. In 1861 he published privately a treatise on naval architecture which attracted comparatively little attention in this country, but its merits were recognized in England, and he became a lecturer in Edinburgh university on naval architecture.

Sheep-Raising Old Industry.

Sheep raising is perhaps the oldest of all industries, for it was practiced even before agriculture. Wool is a product of cultivation or domestication, for there are no wild animals which closely resemble the wool-bearing sheep. Floyd W. Parsons, in the Saturday Evening Post, says that with the discovery that cloth could be made from wool came an effort to improve the fleece by selection and breeding. The early Romans were most successful in this pursuit, and their endeavors along this line resulted in developing a fleece of great fineness. After the conquest of the Iberian peninsula, Roman sheep were introduced into Spain, where they so greatly improved the native flocks that even during Roman supremacy Spanish wool led the world's markets, a prestige held for many centuries.

Dinner for Dyspeptics.

Sir Henry Holland, the late Lord Knutsford's father, gave what is not too common—a really pleasant piece of medical advice. He recommended his dyspeptic patients to go out to dinner and eat made dishes.

Herbert Spencer, one of the recipients of this advice, found it to a considerable extent justified.

"The effects of agreeable emotions are often surprising," says the valetudinarian philosopher. "I have had many experiences of the fact that dyspepsia, so far from being necessarily exacerbated by dining out, may even be cured, notwithstanding many dietetic imprudences, if the social surroundings are such as to yield great pleasure."—London Chronicle.

Bird Eats 1,000 Bugs.

A cliff swallow will eat a thousand flies, mosquitoes, wheat-midges or beetles that injure fruit trees in a day and therefore is to be encouraged, says the American Forestry association of Washington.

This bird is also known as the cave swallow because it plasters its nest on the outside of a barn or other building up under the eaves. Colonies of several thousand will build their nests together on the side of a cliff.

These nests shaped like a flattened gourd or water bottle are made of bits of clay rolled into pellets and lined with straw or feathers. This bird winters in the tropics.

SUPERSTITIONS OF THE PAST

Peculiar Beliefs That Not So Very Many Years Ago Had Almost Universal Credence.

A reader furnishes us with a list of old superstitions which were part of our folk lore in this part of the country before we had to have folk lore societies to preserve this sort of thing:

A rooster crowing at the front door meant a visitor coming.

A twig catching a young lady's dress meant a beau.

An itching ear meant that some one was talking about you.

To turn back after starting meant bad luck.

Opening an umbrella in the house meant bad luck to the house.

A measuring worm on a woman's frock meant a new dress.

An itching left hand meant that you would marry soon.

An itching right hand meant that you would shake hands with a stranger.

Seeing the new moon over the left shoulder meant one would soon get money.

Probably most of us are superstitious about the number 13, just as people were a long time ago. Our own superstitions will amuse a subsequent generation, as those recalled by our reader amuse us. Only a subsequent generation can safely laugh at superstitions. Socrates was put to death for laughing at some of the superstitions of the Greeks. Let us, then, laugh at these and take the superstitions of our own time as seriously as we please.—St. Louis Post Dispatch.

PEAK WHERE NOAH LANDED

Mount Ararat, in Northwestern Persia, is Now Part of a Recently Created "Buffer" State.

Youthful students of sacred history, if they will look up the map of the near East, will find in the extreme northwestern part of Persia a mountain peak marked Mount Ararat. That should give them a fine starting point, for they will remember that it was on Mount Ararat that Noah, in the Biblical account landed. Mount Ararat is the loftiest peak in Azerbaijan, 17,000 feet above sea level, but if they have neglected news from Europe they may not know that Azerbaijan is a new republic established by the political strife in eastern Europe in the expectation that it will act as a political and military buffer for some of the great nations.

The inhabitants of Azerbaijan are Persians, Armenians, Kurds, Tartars and Arabs, whose valleys are veritable garden spots. It ranks in statistics as one of the most productive spots in all Persia, but young readers will find their chief interest in the fact that it contains Mount Ararat, which gave Noah his first shelter, according to the accepted narrative. The erection of Azerbaijan as a buffer state brings the remote past and the immediate present together in a way which may also awaken the interest of those who have moved past the years of youthful curiosity.—Pittsburgh Dispatch.

Merely a Good Story.

Wars produce many stories of fiction, some of which the oftener they are told the more they are believed to be true. The Civil war was no exception to this rule, and the story of the apple tree is one of these fictions based on a slight foundation of fact. There was, indeed, an apple orchard on one side of the hill occupied by the Confederate forces. Running diagonally up the hill was a wagon road, which, at one point, ran very near one of the trees, so that the wheels of the vehicles had on that side cut off the roots of the tree, leaving a little embankment. General Babcock, of my staff, reported to me that when he first met General Lee he was sitting on this embankment, with his feet in the road below, and his back resting against the tree. The story had no other foundation than that. Like many other good stories, it would be very good if it was only true.—Memoirs of Ulysses S. Grant.

Mast-Furnishing Tree.

In Canada and eastern United States the larch, a sturdy tree, which belongs to the pine family, often grows 50 or 60 feet high and is generally known as hackmatack, while in the Central states it is called tamarack. The European variety is even taller and has longer leaves which don beautiful autumn tints before falling. On account of its long, tapering form, the tree is extremely useful for masts in sailing vessels, telegraph poles, and a variety of purposes, and as it is common from the Arctic circle to the United States, it is easily found for the especial use for which it is adapted.

Monarchs' Pleasure Ground.

A buried garden has been discovered at Poona, India. In excavating the site of an eighteenth-century palace, where a public park is to be laid out, an elaborate ancient garden was discovered. One side consists of three terraces at different levels, with foundations and reservoirs, after the fashion of the celebrated Shahjahan gardens of Kashmir and Lahore. The entire system of fountains and reservoirs is connected by well-made pipes and ducts of pure copper. On the top of the plinth an enormous fountain, circular in shape, fashioned after a lotus flower, and having over 200 jets, was discovered.

YOU CAN'T

DODGE IT

Once in Awhile Your Blood Clogs And Your Vitality Runs Down

THEN TAKE PEPTO-MANGAN

You'll Pick Up Again Quickly With Plenty of Red Blood Corpuscles

Physicians nowadays take a blood test when you are run down. They count the red corpuscles in your blood. If those are too few they give you a tonic for your blood. It happens right along. They are always on the lookout for indications of weak blood.

Why? Because they know when your blood is weak your resistance to disease is low. Your vitality and energy quickly run down.

You can tell when your blood is weak. You look pale, feel tired. You are not ill, but you don't feel right. You don't want to do things. That is the time to take the well-known tonic, Pepto-Mangan.

Pepto-Mangan builds red blood corpuscles. Physicians have prescribed it for thirty years.

Pepto-Mangan is sold in liquid and tablet form. The medicinal value is exactly the same. Take either kind you prefer. But be sure you get the genuine Pepto-Mangan—"Gude's." The full name, Gude's Pepto-Mangan, should be on the package.—Advertisement.

B. C. DRYDEN

AUCTIONEER

PRINCESS ANNE, MD., ROUT 4.

When you need my services give me a call. Prices Reasonable. Somewhat people know I always give satisfaction.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.—This is to give notice that the subscribers have obtained from the Orphans' Court of Somerset County letters of administration on the estate of

ADDA G. QUIGLEY.

late of Somerset county, deceased. All persons having claims against said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscribers on or before the

Twenty-seventh Day of April, 1921, or they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefits of said estate. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

Given under my hand this 22nd day of October, 1920.

WINFIELD S. QUIGLEY and HENRY J. WATERS, Administrators of Adda G. Quigley, deceased.

True Copy. In Test: LAFAYETTE RUARK, Register of Wills.

Buy Your School and Office Supplies at

The Big Stationery Store MEYER & THALHEIMER

10-12 N. Howard Street, Baltimore, Md.

DEPARTMENTS:

PRINTING AND ENGRAVING, OFFICE FURNITURE, FILING DEVICES—Wood and Steel, SCHOOL FURNITURE AND SUPPLIES, COMMERCIAL and SOCIAL STATIONERY, BLANK BOOKS

The Chinese Year.

Like our own leap year, every third year in China is longer than its predecessors, but the Chinese add a whole month, instead of an extra day, to make up for the time lost, according to their calculation of the calendar.

Dry Land Below Sea Level.

All the continents except South America have areas of dry land below sea level, the lowest being in Palestine, where there is a point in the Dead sea basin 1,200 feet lower than the Mediterranean.

For Those Who Believe in Dreams.

To dream of chickens, you will be the victim of a cowardly act. To eat one, you will expose a treacherous friend. To kill them, honor and glory. To cook them, you will injure a friend unintentionally.

Denmark Leads in Pigs.

Ireland, supposed to be the great country for pigs, has, in fact, only one pig for every three persons, while Denmark has one pig for each two human beings.

Truth and Love Forever Young.

Truth and love are in their essence forever young, and it is the hard condition of nature that they cannot always appear so.—George William Curtis.

Truth Breaks In at Last.

Marriage teaches us that it is a darn sight easier to follow a woman than it is to lead her.—Arkansas Thomas Cat.

VICTIMS RESCUED

Kidney, liver, bladder and uric acid troubles are most dangerous because of their insidious attacks. Heed the first warning they give that they need attention by taking

GOLD MEDAL HARLEM OIL CAPSULES

The world's standard remedy for these disorders, will often ward off these diseases and strengthen the body against further attacks. Three sizes, all druggists. Look for the name Gold Medal on every box and accept no imitation.

TAKE IT EASY IN THEATER

Japanese Customs That Seem Odd to Those Accustomed to the Formalities of the West.

Japan must be a happy land for theatergoers, because in that land seats are not paid for—in fact there are no seats. The Japanese much prefer to squat, feeling, no doubt, much more at home in this comfortable attitude. Seats, however, are usually brought for the use of any foreigners who may be present. There are no hard and fast laws of convention. The Japanese playgoer may do as he pleases; he may eat, drink, smoke and criticize to his heart's content. Conversations are carried on, and, if they merit it, the actors are met by a storm of criticism and chaff. When a man enters the auditorium he removes his boots, and if the weather is hot, any clothing that appears to him to be superfluous. The naive frankness of the actors' prompter is rather delightful, for if an actor forgets his lines the prompter comes on the stage and, quite openly, points out to the actor where he is wrong. A boy is kept for the express purpose of walking on the stage and wiping the perspiration off the actors' faces; this duty he carries out without disturbing the even tenor of the play.

Beetle Cultivator.

Ants are not the only insects that practice the cultivation of mushrooms, although for a long time it was thought that they were the only creatures of a lower order than man that possessed the intelligence to follow such an agricultural pursuit. Bouvier, the entomologist, had found that a certain wood-boring beetle, known as the bostrychide, is as familiar with mushroom cultivation as is the species of ant of which so much has been written. Professor Bouvier discovered that the beetles in question bore holes in wood and half fill them with a prepared fungus which makes an ideal mushroom bed. The garden is carefully spawned and in course of time the mushrooms appear. In this way the beetle provides itself with a food sufficiently tender for its feeble jaws.

Nature Study in Arkansas.

Nature offers some odd problems. A dog isn't married and hasn't anything to worry about. And yet a man lives four times as long as a dog.—Arkansas Thomas Cat.

Jud Tunkins.

Jud Tunkins says many a man thinks he is giving advice when he is merely being encouraged to loosen up his conversation and get his measure taken.

Cleaning Jet.

Brush it well. Put one drop of sweet oil on the palm of the hand, rub the brush over the hand and then again brush the jet. Rub lightly with a chamois leather.

Nothing to Do but Talk.

The lord mayor of London is called upon to make an average of nearly a thousand public speeches during his year in office.

Life Isn't All Fun.

Entertaining an idea won't get you very far; you must work it.—Boston Transcript.

DOLL DATES BACK TO 200 B. C.



It seems rather an odd hobby for anyone to devote a goodly portion of his days to the collection of dolls, old, unique and rare, and gathered from all corners of the earth. A Boston man, who refuses to be further identified, has been following his hobby for many years and probably has the greatest collection in the world. The one shown in the picture is an Egyptian doll from Achmin, made from papier mache and wax, and dating back to the year 200 B. C.

HAPSBURG COACH IN MOVIES

Earning 100,000 Crowns a Performance for the Government of the Austrian Republic.

Vienna.—The imperial glass coach of the Hapsburgs is now earning its keep in the movies at 100,000 crowns a performance.

The royal stables have become a burden on the republic and the eight magnificent white horses and some 400 carriages of every description are made to partly earn their keep. They are used to drive members of the assembly to and from their homes, they transport provisions from the American relief and certain of the actresses and singers of the state theater and opera still hold their contracts, providing for gratuitous use of the state carriages.

Many horses and carriages were sold soon after the downfall of the monarchy, but many of the gorgeous vehicles and showy horses remain unsalable. This is particularly true of the great glass and gold state coach, in the style of Louis IV., used only on great ceremonial occasions, and said to be the finest piece of coach work extant.

POLISH CONSTITUTION UNIQUE

Provides That State Shall Care for Children if Neglected by Their Parents.

London.—Poland's new constitution probably will contain a provision for care of children by the state which will make it unique, in the opinion of officials here who have seen the draft. The article reads:

"Each child deprived of parental care or who is neglected morally or materially, has the right to secure care and aid from the state. The sphere of the state's duties in this capacity will be defined separately by laws, which will foresee as well the protection of mothers who may require aid, before the birth of the child, and the protection of the child in infancy."

As far as known here no constitution in the world includes such a provision.

SEEK DIVISION IN ARGENTINA

Provinces Are Trying to Form Combination to Lessen Power of Capital.

Buenos Aires.—The Argentine provinces are trying to form a combination against Buenos Aires, the capital city.

Overtures are being conducted between political leaders of some of the provinces for the formation of a "league of governors" for the purpose of uniting the northern agricultural districts of the country against Buenos Aires and other coastal districts.

Some political observers see in this an attempt to return to the former political division of the country into opposing sections, while others maintain that it merely is an economic measure having as its purpose the protection of the productive areas.

Wild West Movies in Germany.

Karlsruhe, Germany.—Wild west films are prime favorites in the German provincial moving picture theaters. An Arizona picture with an army of cow-punchers, cowgirls and Indians is one of the films advertised all along the Rhine and in the cities of Bavaria and Baden.

"CENTER" OF BRITISH EMPIRE

Unpretentious Dwelling in London Houses the Real Rulers of Great Commonwealth of Nations.

For 200 years a severely plain and unpretentious three-story brick dwelling has become widely known throughout the world as Britain's central office of the diplomatic service. "No. 10 Downing street" refers to one of London's historic houses on the so-called "street of power," which nestles close to the confines of Whitehall. There have dwelt therein celebrities, such as Walpole, Pitt, Chatham, Canning, Disraeli and Gladstone. In all, no fewer than fifty ministers have lived there.

Sir George Downing, after whom the thoroughfare is named, was the son of a London barrister, a nephew of Governor Winthrop of Massachusetts colony, and a graduate of Harvard, who obtained the house as a gift from Charles II as a reward for unusual service performed by him while he was representing his country in Holland. He had emigrated to America at the age of fourteen and when he left Harvard, in 1645, a youth of twenty-one, he became an itinerant preacher in the West Indies. Shortly afterward he returned to England and became a chaplain in Colonel Okey's regiment. As a faithful Puritan, who later in life assured Charles II that he saw the error of his ways due to the principles imbibed during his stay in New England, he shortly afterward enrolled under Cromwell as a scout master.

After Downing's death, when the lease on the building lapsed to the crown, the property was given to the Hanoverian minister, Count Bothma, by George II, and when the count died, was tendered to Walpole, who accepted it on condition that the house should forever remain the residence of Britain's ministers.

MANAGED DRAGON BY WIRE

Opera House Manager Had Unique Idea for the Direction of Important Stage "Property."

Our Chinese friends would be interested to learn of the way "foreign devils" control dragons.

In one of the operas produced at the Metropolitan Opera house in New York the inside of the dragon, which is made of canvas and papier-mache, consists of two small boys, who are supposed to guide the beast's movements in accordance with the music. They are rarely equal to doing that correctly, even after rehearsal. A recent performance is stated to have been given without a single stage rehearsal, since no time could be found for the preparation of the opera. It was, therefore, more than ever necessary to have the occupants of the dragon's inside kept up to their business. The stage manager decided to install a telephone in the beast. It connected with the opera house switchboard. On one end was the stage manager, and at the other were two receivers strapped to the heads of the two boys, who received from moment to moment directions as to what they should do. The dragon under the circumstances covered himself with glory.

Incredible Names.

Speaking of "burdensome" names, Stray Stories tells of one Arthur Pepper of Liverpool, England, who bestowed upon his infant daughter a name that comprised every letter in the alphabet, running from Anna to Yetty Zeno.

It seems surprising that the names of Dickens' characters, odd though they were, should be found in real life; for it was from life that many of them were taken. Some, as is known, were copied from the names of signs over business places; but that was not the novelist's only source of selection. John Forster, his biographer, found among his papers a carefully drawn list of names, with the sources from which he obtained them. Some of the names are too extravagant for anything but reality: Jolly Stick, Bill Marigold, George Muzzle, William Why, Robert Gospel, Robbin Scrubban, Sarah Goldsacks, Catherine Two, Sophia Doodmash, Rosetta Dust and Sally Gimblett.—Youth's Companion.

Do You Educate Your Children?

Most parents provide for their children; some take personal care of their children; but few, indeed, are they who can be forced to take any part in the education of their children, education having become the business of schools, a factory process, turned over entirely to the public. Here and there is a sublime parent who plods doggedly over the alphabet and the algebra, getting an education for himself at this late day; but such are rare, the run of parents putting their babies into the kindergarten or some other educational incubator, while they themselves slip off the educational nest like cuckoos and cowbirds.—Dallas Lore Sharp, in Atlantic Monthly.

Family Shy of Joints.

Dr. C. E. Oddie reports to the Archives of Radiology and Electrotherapy (London) the case of a boy of fourteen whose fingers have only one joint. His mother had similar hands, as have four of her nine children, the fingers of the other five being normal.

Its Sort.

"Did that bragging Bill say anything when he was threatened with a thrashing?" "I think he made some sort of running comment."

Why man—
we made this
cigarette for you!

Camel

CIGARETTES



CAMELS fit your cigarette desires so completely you'll agree they were made to meet your taste!

Unique flavor, fragrance and mellow-mild-body due to Camels quality and expert blend of choice Turkish and choice Domestic tobaccos are a revelation! You will prefer the Camel blend to either kind of tobacco smoked straight!

With Camels you can go the limit without tiring your taste. They leave no unpleasant cigaretty aftertaste; no unpleasant cigaretty odor!

To get a line on why Camels win you so completely compare them puff-for-puff with any cigarette in the world at any price. You'll prefer quality to coupons or premiums!

R. J. REYNOLDS TOBACCO CO., Winston-Salem, N. C.

Camels are sold everywhere in scientifically sealed packages of 20 cigarettes; or ten packages (200 cigarettes) in a glassine-paper-covered carton. We strongly recommend this carton for the home or office supply or when you travel.

SOMERSET COUNTY HAPPENINGS

News Items Gathered By Our Correspondents During The Week

Mr. Vernon

Jan. 22—Mr. George Lloyd, who has been ill for some weeks, is slowly recovering.

Mr. Harry Dashiell has accepted a position in Baltimore.

Mr. Emerson Sims is spending some time with his parents.

Mr. and Mrs. Archie Renshaw, of Salisbury, are visiting Mrs. F. L. Webster.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Bounds entertained their father at supper Monday evening.

Mr. James Kirwin has gone to Baltimore, where he is being treated by a specialist.

Mr. George B. Mason, of Baltimore, has returned home after spending some time here.

Mrs. Elmer Horner has been visiting her sister, Mrs. Vernia Jones, of Princess Anne.

Mr. "Reddie" McIntyre, who has been employed at Chester, Pa., is home for the winter.

Mr. Jake McIntyre, who is employed at Cape Charles, Va., spent the week end with his family.

Messrs. Harry and Carl McIntyre, who have been employed in Chester, Pa., have returned home.

Mrs. Lena Bounds and family, of Pocomoke City, are visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. T. Holland, Sr.

Mrs. Maggie Hopkins, Misses Ruby Bounds and Louise Hopkins were recent guests at the home of their uncle, Mr. Edward Bounds.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Harrington gave a 6 o'clock dinner Sunday in honor of their guests, Mr. and Mrs. Straughn Pritchett, Mr. and Mrs. Edward Bounds, Mr. and Mrs. Walter McGrath and children, and Mr. and Mrs. Robert Bounds.

Miss Ethel W. Simpkins entertained a few friends at her home on Wednesday evening last. Those present were: Misses Tillie Simpkins, Pauline Dashiell, Mildred Moore, Gladys Mason, Irma Murray; Messrs. Sten Horner, Sheldon Hopkins, Otis Thomas, of Mt. Vernon; Ronald Watson, Granville Hayman, and Otis Long, of Princess Anne.

The Fourth Quarterly Conference was held at Asbury M. E. Church on January 17th. The following trustees were elected for the ensuing year: Messrs. G. W. Simpkins, James E. Dashiell, J. S. Scott, D. W. Horner, A. G. Price, James A. Bailey, Jacob Newton, John H. Whitlock and J. W. Austin. The trustees for John Wesley Church are: Messrs. Wm. T. Holland, Sr., L. W. Ross, W. O. Furniss, I. J. Holland, W. D. Dashiell, W. T. Barbon and G. B. McIntyre.

Uneasy lies the tooth that wears a crown.

JUDGE FOR YOURSELF

Which Is Better—Try an Experiment or Profit by a Princess Anne Citizen's Experience

Something new is an experiment. Must be proved to be as represented. The statement of a manufacturer is not convincing proof of merit. But the endorsement of friends is. Now suppose you had a bad back. A lame, weak or aching one. Would you experiment on it? You will read of many so-called cures. Endorsed by strangers from far-away places.

It's different when the endorsement comes from home.

Easy to prove local testimony. Read this Princess Anne case: Ernest M. Hayman, 402 Main street, says: "Some years ago I was in a bad way from disordered kidneys. Backache caused me considerable annoyance. When I passed the kidney secretions they burned and scalded and were highly colored. I was obliged to pass the kidney secretions several times during the night and I was very miserable. Doan's Kidney Pills were recommended by Mr. Smith, the druggist. After using one box I was cured of the trouble. Since then I have said a good word for Doan's Kidney Pills whenever I have had a chance."

Price 60c. at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—get Doan's Kidney Pills, the same that Mr. Hayman had. Foster-Milburn Co., Mfgs., Buffalo, N. Y.

[Advertisement]

PROGRESSION

The minute a man sits down contentedly, folds his hands and smiles snugly at his condition, that minute he starts going backward.

Continual progression is vital to success.

This institution keeps this always in mind. Our service, we know, is efficient and acceptable. But our ideal is to continually improve it—to grow, to expand, to progress.

We invite you to carry your account here and progress with us.

PEOPLES BANK
of SOMERSET COUNTY
PRINCESS ANNE, MD.

Venton

Jan. 22—Miss Minnie Cullen spent the first of the week with Miss Matilda Melson.

Miss Reta Bloodworth, of Baltimore, has been visiting her sister, Mrs. Earl Smith.

Miss Helen Windsor spent a few days last week with her grandmother, Mrs. Frank Laird, at Montic.

Mr. and Mrs. Herman F. Pusey have moved back in our neighborhood again, to the great pleasure of everyone.

Misses Helen Fitzgerald and Dorothy Bantz, of Princess Anne, spent last Sunday evening with Miss Juanita Reese.

Mrs. A. E. Gathmann and Mrs. W. A. Sonstank, of Washington, D. C., are guests of Mr. and Mrs. Karl J. Austin.

Mr. and Mrs. Karl J. Austin entertained a few ladies of the neighborhood at cards last Tuesday night. They report a very pleasant evening.

Messrs. Ralph Cullen, Roy W. Smith, Joseph B. Reese, Herman F. Pusey and William Caton have returned home after a business trip to Baltimore.

The many friends of Rev. I. S. Hankins are glad to welcome him back after a lengthy visit with friends in New Jersey and Havre de Grace, Md. Regular Sunday services were held last Sunday evening.

The Ladies' Aid met in the J. O. U. A. M. Hall last Wednesday evening. Twenty-seven members were enrolled, and the following officers were elected: Mrs. T. J. Windsor, president; Mrs. Edely, vice-president; Mrs. Leonard McIntyre, secretary; Miss Matilda Melson, treasurer. The next meeting will be held in the J. O. U. A. M. Hall Monday, February 7th.

The sale of Mr. Page Toadvine, held last Wednesday, was said to have been one of the largest that the county has ever known. Mr. and Mrs. Toadvine will temporarily make their home with Mr. Upshur Anderson until they can arrange for a trip south. The neighborhood regrets to lose these two highly esteemed citizens and wish them success in whatever they may undertake.

LUCKY STRIKE
cigarette

It's toasted



range sherbet

The kind you have wanted to make—velvety smooth and creamy when made with

Borden's EAGLE BRAND Condensed Milk

Deal's Island

Jan. 22—Mr. W. J. Tankersley has returned from a trip to Baltimore.

Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Workman have returned to their home in Delaware.

Mr. Ernest Brown has returned to Philadelphia, where he will spend the winter.

Mrs. Adolphus Walter was taken to Baltimore where she will undergo an operation.

Miss Edith Kidd has returned to Baltimore after spending a few days with her relatives.

Mr. John Somers was called to the bedside of his daughter, Miss Emma Somers, who is seriously ill at the Church Home, Baltimore.

School Teacher Pays Fine

The trial of Reese Betts, a teacher in the Crisfield High School accused of mistreating a pupil, set for last Thursday afternoon, was called off when Betts appeared before Justice Holland and paid a fine and costs amounting to about \$20, which was agreed to by State's Attorney L. Creston Beauchamp. It was alleged that Betts roughly handled Miss Kathleen Evans, 15-year-old pupil, when she apparently rebelled against a minor punishment.

The Maryland and Herald \$1.50 a year.

Wise men are taking advantage of our Clothing Sale at 1/2 the usual price
JOHN W. MORRIS & SONS
Princess Anne Maryland



Second Week of Sale Now in Progress
WITH MANY ADDITIONAL BARGAINS
FOR YOUR INSPECTION

COME IN AS EARLY AS POSSIBLE

Special lot of Window Shades **45c**
SALE PRICE

60c. Cambric—Sale Price	25c
\$1.00 Sheetting, 9-4—Sale Price	55c
50c. Nainsook—Sale Price	25c
\$2.50 Georgette Crepe—Sale Price	\$1.70
\$2.50 Crepe de Chene—Sale Price	\$1.70

Bundles
of Dress and Apron Gingham

Short Lengths
of Woolen Dress Goods

Floor Coverings

40c. to 55c. Straw Matting Remnants, while they last
Your Choice at 25c. yard

Linoleum (Burlap Back) Short Lengths
at 50c. square yard

Same grades as that sold at \$1.25

Wool and Fibre Rugs
Full 9x12 feet, at \$12.50

SHOES

Ladies', Misses', Boys' Children's and Infants' Shoes

have been given a prominent place on board our shipload of Bargains.

35c. Dress Gingham—Sale Price	20c
58-inch Table Damask—Sale Price	70c
20x20-inch Table Napkins—Sale Price, \$2.40 Doz.	
50c. Outing Flannel—Sale Price	25c

and so on through our Entire Stock

GROCERY DEPARTMENT

SUGAR—6c. a Pound.

Will sell each customer one pound at this price with every Dollar spent during Sale.

LOT OF CANNED GOODS
Special at 10c.

Three pounds Chase and Sanborn Coffee for \$1.00

NOTHING CHARGED AT SALE PRICE

We wish you all a prosperous 1921 with happiness

W. O. LANKFORD & SON

EVERYTHING FOR THE HOME

PRINCESS ANNE

(Main Street)

MARYLAND